

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 16.480, 17.025)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 16.480, 17.025) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 16.480, 17.025)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBCFD1
RGB	251, 207, 209
RGB Percent	98%, 81%, 82%
CMY	0.0142, 0.1868, 0.1789
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.17, 0.01
HSL	357°, 86%, 90%
HSV	357°, 18%, 99%
XYZ	73.8785, 70.0064, 70.1791
YIQ	220.3840, 25.5820, 9.9500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

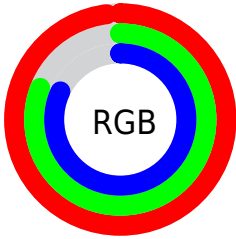
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 207, 209
Decimal	16502737
CIE Lab	87.00, 15.76, 4.83
CIE LCh	87, 16.480, 17.025
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3451, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294692817 (0xFFFBCFD1)
YUV	220.3840, -5.6123, 26.8502
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 11.1891, 8.8387

# Details

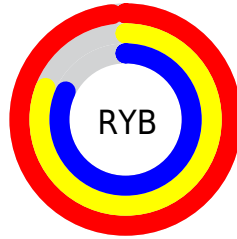
The CIELCh color **87, 16.480, 17.025** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 14.832, 194.527**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **67, 16.309, 17.107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 26.827, 18.162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 6.811, 16.094**.

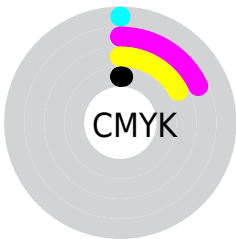
# Distribution



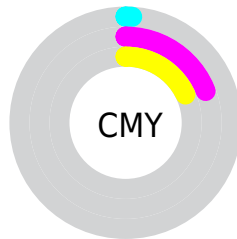
- Red (98%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 16.480, 17.025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 16.480, 17.025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 16.480, 17.025

 87, 16.480, 17.025

 100, 16.480,  
17.025

 77, 16.480, 17.025

 67, 16.480, 17.025

 57, 16.480, 17.025

 47, 16.480, 17.025

 37, 16.480, 17.025

 27, 16.480, 17.025

 17, 16.480, 17.025

 7, 16.480, 17.025

 0, 16.480, 17.025

87, 16.480, 17.025

87, 16.480, 17.025

81, 26.827, 18.162

94, 6.811, 16.094

74, 37.797, 19.594

100, 1.256,  
199.853

69, 49.239, 21.437

64, 60.890, 23.813

59, 72.388, 26.834

56, 83.299, 30.516

54, 93.041, 34.585

53, 100.399,  
38.165

53, 101.714,  
38.752

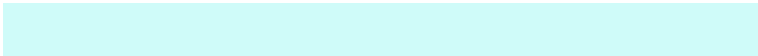
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 16.480, 17.025



96, 14.832, 194.527

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



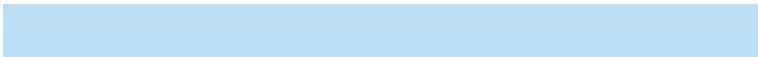
87, 16.480, 17.025



87, 16.480, 67.025



87, 16.480, 197.025



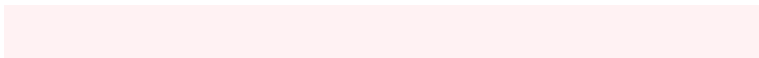
87, 16.480, 247.025

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 16.478, 17.033



97, 4.547, 15.853



88, 27.257, 323.998



51, 3.110, 15.924



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

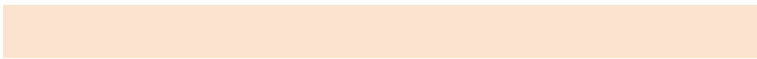
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 16.478, 17.033



86, 20.250, 17.401



92, 13.693, 67.765



49, 5.170, 16.274



39, 81.452, 38.246



9, 31.870, 24.323





# Inverse Universe

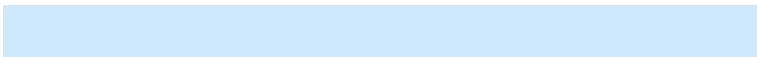
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 16.478, 17.033



86, 20.250, 17.401



91, 12.888, 252.197



49, 5.170, 16.274



39, 81.452, 38.246

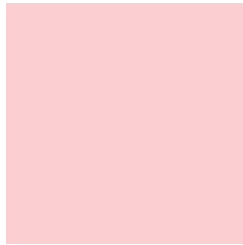


9, 31.870, 24.323



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 16.480, 17.025 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

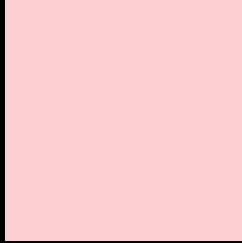
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 16.480, 17.025 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

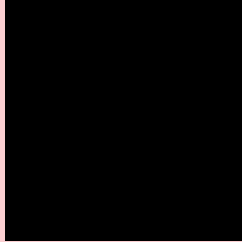
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 16.480, 17.025

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 16.480, 17.025.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 16.480, 17.025.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 16.480, 17.025

### Protanopia

87, 2.403, 45.022

### Deuteranopia

87, 11.963, 25.205



**Tritanopia**  
87, 19.440, 355.591



# Trichromacy



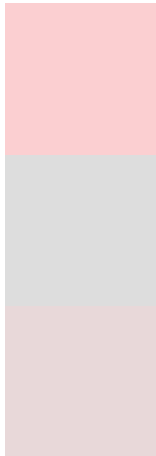
**Original Color**  
87, 16.480, 17.025

**Protanomaly**  
87, 7.344, 19.866

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 13.441, 22.568

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 17.887, 2.161

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 16.480, 17.025

**Achromatopsia**  
88, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
88, 5.858, 14.640

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 16.480, 17.025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 207, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 207, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 207, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 207, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 16.480, 17.025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 207, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 207, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 207, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 207, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 207, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 207,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 16.480, 17.025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 207, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
207, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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