

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 16.892, 55.643)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 16.892, 55.643) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 16.775, 56.110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6D3C0
RGB	246, 211, 192
RGB Percent	96%, 83%, 75%
CMY	0.0352, 0.1724, 0.2470
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.22, 0.04
HSL	21°, 75%, 86%
HSV	21°, 22%, 96%
XYZ	70.8339, 70.0064, 59.6632
YIQ	219.2990, 26.9590, 1.5110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

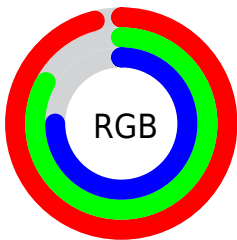
Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 221, 192
Decimal	16176064
CIE Lab	87.00, 9.35, 13.93
CIE LCh	87, 16.775, 56.110
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3533, 0.3492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294366144 (0xFFFF6D3C0)
YUV	219.2990, -13.4584, 23.4168
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 4.6938, 16.2904

Details

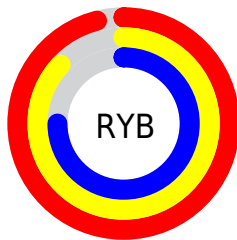
The CIELCh color $87, 16.775, 56.110$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $88, 14.979, 240.488$, and the grayscale version is $88, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 3.539, 109.892$, and $67, 16.575, 54.452$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83, 25.318, 55.360$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91, 8.814, 56.914$.

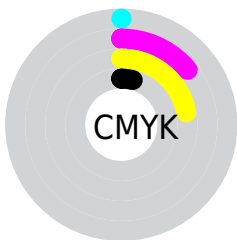
Distribution



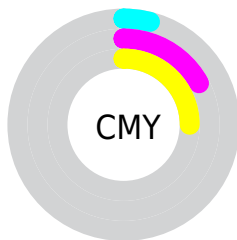
- Red (96%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 16.775, 56.110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 16.775, 56.110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 87, 16.775, 56.110

 87, 16.775, 56.110

 100, 16.775,
56.110

 77, 16.775, 56.110

 67, 16.775, 56.110

 57, 16.775, 56.110

 47, 16.775, 56.110

 37, 16.775, 56.110

 27, 16.775, 56.110

 17, 16.775, 56.110

 7, 16.775, 56.110

 0, 16.775, 56.110

87, 16.775, 56.110

87, 16.775, 56.110

83, 25.318, 55.360

91, 8.814, 56.914

78, 34.477, 54.665

96, 1.385, 57.436

74, 44.250, 54.046

99, 3.104, 199.422

70, 54.561, 53.495

67, 65.177, 52.956

63, 75.544, 52.263

60, 84.521, 51.040

58, 90.016, 49.512

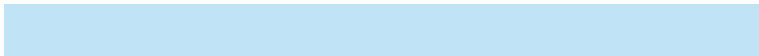
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 16.775, 56.110



88, 14.979, 240.488

Rectangle

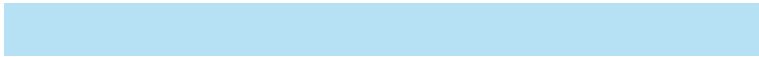
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 16.775, 56.110



87, 16.775, 106.110



87, 16.775, 236.110



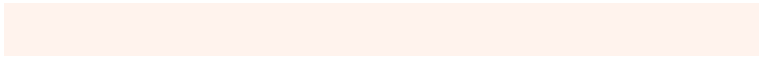
87, 16.775, 286.110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 16.775, 56.120



97, 5.224, 57.289



83, 26.776, 338.027



51, 3.401, 57.246



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 16.775, 56.120



88, 20.760, 55.802



94, 23.666, 100.799



49, 4.139, 57.107



45, 72.559, 50.146



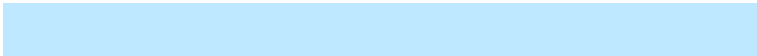
12, 25.475, 47.087

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 14.979, 240.488



90, 18.101, 241.082



81, 24.458, 286.077



49, 3.958, 239.005



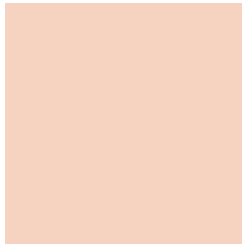
48, 42.343, 265.188



14, 17.341, 257.151

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 16.775, 56.110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 16.775, 56.110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 16.775, 56.110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 16.775, 56.110.

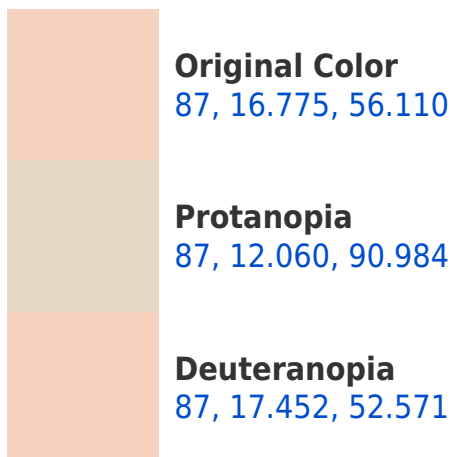



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 16.775, 56.110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

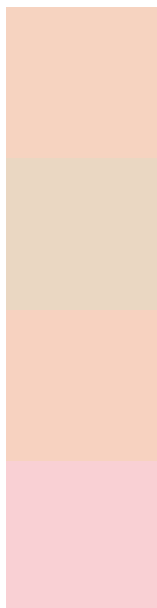
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 17.755, 352.820

Trichromacy



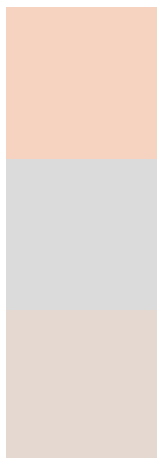
Original Color
87, 16.775, 56.110

Protanomaly
87, 13.123, 75.897

Deuteranomaly
87, 17.120, 53.261

Tritanomaly
87, 15.369, 12.791

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 16.775, 56.110

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 6.008, 56.932

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 16.775, 56.110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 211, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 211, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 211, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 211, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 16.775, 56.110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 211, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 211, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 211, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 211, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 211, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 211,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 16.775, 56.110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 211, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
211, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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