

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 17.943, 74.825)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 17.943, 74.825) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 18.213, 75.381)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0D6B9
RGB	240, 214, 185
RGB Percent	94%, 84%, 73%
CMY	0.0595, 0.1614, 0.2751
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.23, 0.06
HSL	32°, 64%, 83%
HSV	32°, 23%, 94%
XYZ	68.6273, 70.0064, 55.7093
YIQ	218.4680, 24.8050, -3.5070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

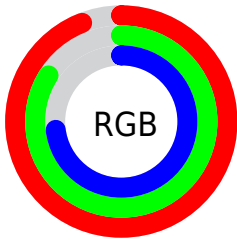
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">234, 240, 185</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15783609</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.00, 4.60, 17.62</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">87, 18.213, 75.381</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">70.0064, 0.3531, 0.3602</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293973689</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF0D6B9</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">218.4680, -16.4997, 18.8836</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6698, -0.0138, 19.0923</a>

# Details

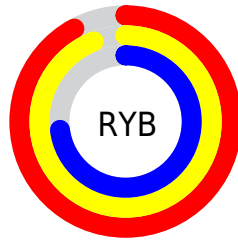
The CIELCh color  $87, 18.213, 75.381$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $83, 17.302, 261.783$ , and the grayscale version is  $87, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 7.086, 109.637$ , and  $67, 17.964, 75.015$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $84, 26.726, 74.084$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90, 10.051, 76.663$ .

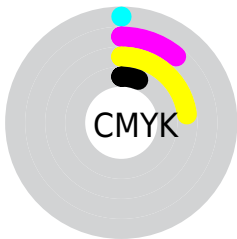
# Distribution



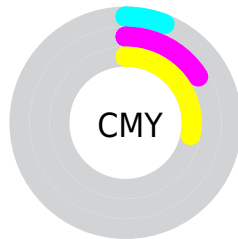
- Red (94%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 18.213, 75.381 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 18.213, 75.381 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 18.213, 75.381

 87, 18.213, 75.381

 100, 18.213,  
75.381

 77, 18.213, 75.381

 67, 18.213, 75.381

 57, 18.213, 75.381

 47, 18.213, 75.381

 37, 18.213, 75.381

 27, 18.213, 75.381

 17, 18.213, 75.381

 7, 18.213, 75.381

 0, 18.213, 75.381

87, 18.213, 75.381

87, 18.213, 75.381

84, 26.726, 74.084

90, 10.051, 76.663

81, 35.579, 72.755

94, 2.224, 77.785

77, 44.719, 71.399

97, 4.542, 253.086

74, 53.992, 69.989

99, 5.218, 199.202

72, 63.066, 68.458

69, 71.291, 66.651

66, 77.626, 64.284

65, 80.758, 62.230

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 18.213, 75.381



83, 17.302, 261.783

# Rectangle

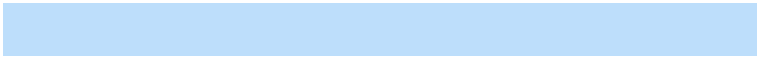
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 18.213, 75.381



87, 18.213, 125.381



87, 18.213, 255.381



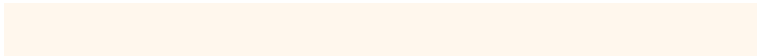
87, 18.213, 305.381

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 18.214, 75.390



97, 5.646, 77.377



81, 24.568, 346.650



52, 3.674, 77.307



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 18.214, 75.390



90, 23.637, 74.719



93, 28.040, 108.663



48, 4.383, 77.087



50, 65.907, 62.913



14, 23.447, 64.104



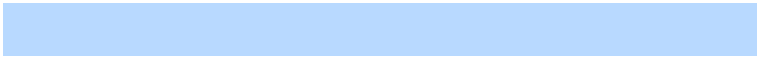


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 17.302, 261.783



86, 22.162, 262.754



77, 29.599, 293.430



48, 4.304, 259.643



38, 59.548, 286.622

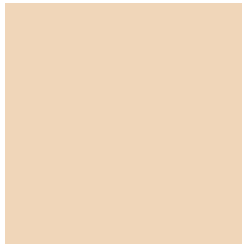


9, 22.435, 279.162



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 18.213, 75.381 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

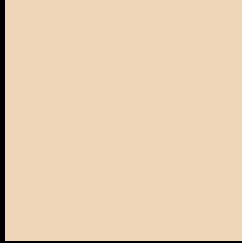
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 18.213, 75.381 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

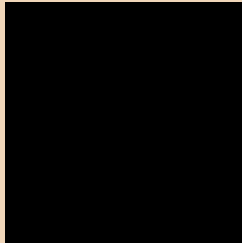
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 18.213, 75.381

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 18.213, 75.381.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 18.213, 75.381.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


87, 18.213, 75.381

### Protanopia

87, 16.283, 92.475

### Deuteranopia

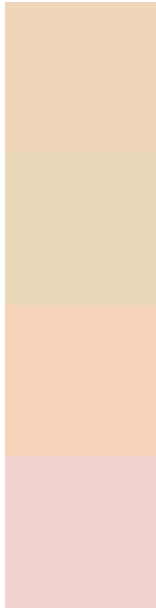
87, 20.403, 57.771



**Tritanopia**  
87, 15.830, 348.824



# Trichromacy



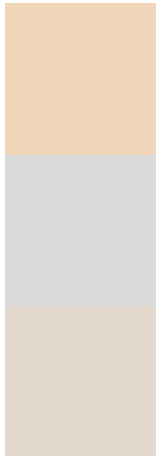
**Original Color**  
87, 18.213, 75.381

**Protanomaly**  
87, 16.953, 86.182

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 19.217, 62.475

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 12.265, 20.273

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 18.213, 75.381

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 6.376, 74.278

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 18.213, 75.381 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 214, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 214, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 214, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 214, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 18.213, 75.381 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 214, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 214, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 214, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 214, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 214, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 214,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 18.213, 75.381 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 214, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
214, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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