

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 18.410, 161.234)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 18.410, 161.234)
contains.

CIELCh(87, 18.371, 161.454)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(87, 18.371, 161.454)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAE3CE
RGB	186, 227, 206
RGB Percent	73%, 89%, 81%
CMY	0.2697, 0.1088, 0.1912
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.09, 0.11
HSL	149°, 42%, 81%
HSV	149°, 18%, 89%
XYZ	59.0111, 70.0064, 68.9457
YIQ	212.3470, -17.6950, -15.2230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

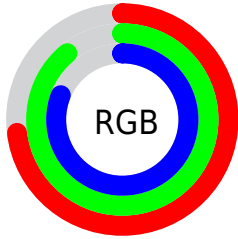
Format	Color
RYB	186, 214, 227
Decimal	12248014
CIELab	87.00, -17.42, 5.84
CIElCh	87, 18.371, 161.454
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2981, 0.3536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290438094 (0xFFBAE3CE)
YUV	212.3470, -3.1291, -23.1063
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -20.5287, 9.7126

Details

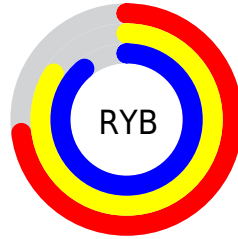
The CIELCh color **87, 18.371, 161.454** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **80, 18.771, 344.536**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 4.482, 199.269**, and **67, 18.671, 161.615** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 28.423, 160.432**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 8.192, 162.387**.

Distribution



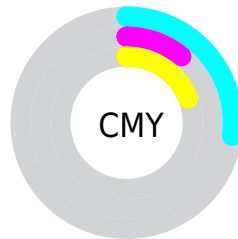
- Red (73%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 18.371, 161.454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 18.371, 161.454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 87, 18.371,
161.454

 87, 18.371,
161.454


 100, 18.371,
161.454

 77, 18.371,
161.454


 67, 18.371,
161.454

 57, 18.371,
161.454

 47, 18.371,
161.454

 37, 18.371,
161.454


 27, 18.371,
161.454

 17, 18.371,


161.454

 7, 18.371, 161.454

 0, 18.371, 161.454

 87, 18.371,
161.454


 87, 18.371,
161.454


 85, 28.423,
160.432


 89, 8.192, 162.387


 84, 38.191,
159.289

 91, 1.992, 342.927


 83, 47.505,
157.995

 93, 12.079,
343.854

 82, 56.189,
156.527

 93, 16.438,
327.257

 81, 64.085,

 93, 17.351,
325.026

154.860

■ 80, 71.075,
152.980

■ 80, 77.113,
150.889

■ 80, 82.268,
148.635

■ 80, 83.222,
148.205

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 18.371, 161.454



80, 18.771, 344.536

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



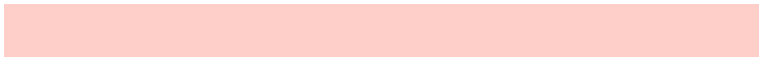
87, 18.371, 161.454



87, 18.371, 211.454



87, 18.371, 341.454



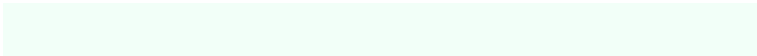
87, 18.371, 31.454

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 18.373, 161.452



99, 5.583, 162.674



88, 22.545, 127.657



53, 3.810, 162.604



0, 0.000, 0.000



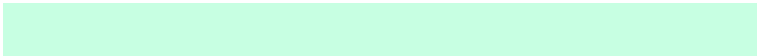
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 18.373, 161.452



96, 24.560, 161.048



88, 13.991, 197.016



47, 5.830, 162.256



64, 68.908, 148.599



18, 26.578, 152.818

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 18.771, 344.536



86, 25.210, 344.938



79, 15.688, 19.343



45, 5.902, 343.736



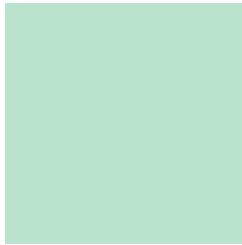
38, 65.004, 0.726



7, 27.737, 354.009

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 18.371, 161.454 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

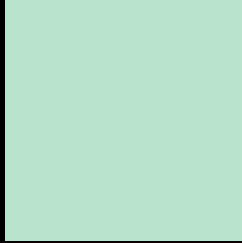
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 18.371, 161.454 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

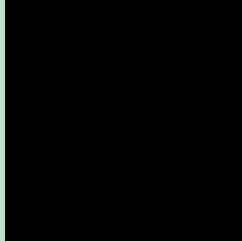
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

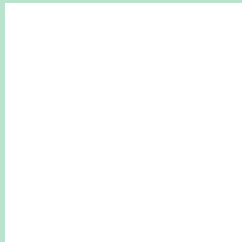
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 18.371, 161.454

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 18.371, 161.454.

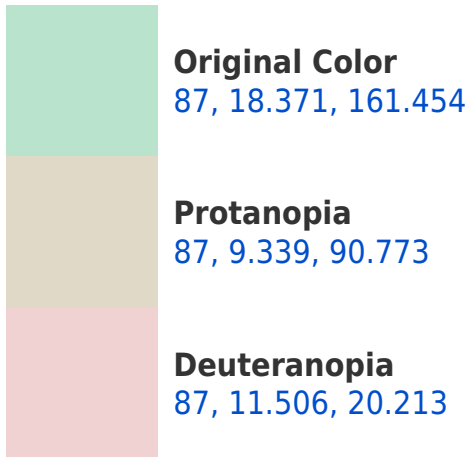


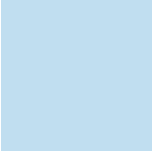
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 18.371, 161.454.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 13.543, 243.228

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 18.371, 161.454

Protanomaly
87, 10.594, 129.623

Deuteranomaly
87, 4.070, 83.109

Tritanomaly
87, 11.742, 208.993

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 18.371, 161.454

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 6.555, 164.970

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 18.371, 161.454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 227, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 227, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 227, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 227, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 18.371, 161.454 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 227, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 227, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 227, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 227, 206); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 227, 206); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 227, 206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 18.371, 161.454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 227, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
227, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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