

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 19.065, 98.974)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 19.065, 98.974) contains.

CIELCh(87, 19.040, 98.105)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(87, 19.040, 98.105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3DAB6
RGB	227, 218, 182
RGB Percent	89%, 85%, 71%
CMY	0.1089, 0.1442, 0.2855
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.20, 0.11
HSL	48°, 45%, 80%
HSV	48°, 20%, 89%
XYZ	65.3393, 70.0064, 54.4377
YIQ	216.5870, 16.9200, -9.2880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

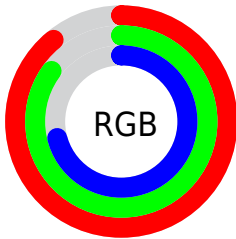
Format	Color
R _Y B	193, 227, 182
Decimal	14932662
CIE Lab	87.00, -2.68, 18.85
CIE LCh	87, 19.040, 98.105
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3443, 0.3689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293122742 (0xFFE3DAB6)
YUV	216.5870, -17.0514, 9.1322
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -7.0283, 19.9933

Details

The CIELCh color **87, 19.040, 98.105** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **78, 19.464, 283.000**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 8.605, 109.524**, and **67, 18.934, 98.185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 28.718, 96.911**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 9.390, 99.275**.

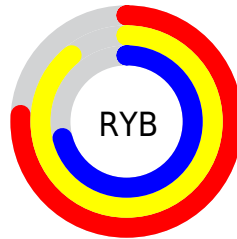
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (85%)

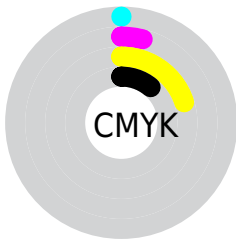
Blue (71%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (71%)

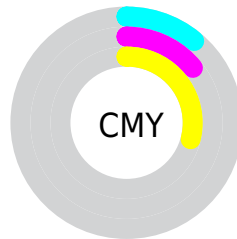


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 19.040, 98.105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 19.040, 98.105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 87, 19.040, 98.105

 87, 19.040, 98.105

 100, 19.040,
98.105

 77, 19.040, 98.105

 67, 19.040, 98.105

 57, 19.040, 98.105

 47, 19.040, 98.105

 37, 19.040, 98.105

 27, 19.040, 98.105

 17, 19.040, 98.105

 7, 19.040, 98.105

 0, 19.040, 98.105

87, 19.040, 98.105

87, 19.040, 98.105

85, 28.718, 96.911

89, 9.390, 99.275

84, 38.341, 95.686

90, 0.193, 281.325

82, 47.770, 94.442

92, 9.687, 281.541

81, 56.761, 93.185

93, 10.028,
272.859

80, 64.911, 91.911

95, 8.517, 257.611

78, 71.613, 90.600

96, 7.808, 237.986

77, 76.123, 89.206

97, 8.101, 217.404

76, 78.193, 87.677

98, 9.290, 200.279

76, 78.226, 87.647

98, 9.442, 198.879

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 19.040, 98.105



78, 19.464, 283.000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 19.040, 98.105



87, 19.040, 148.105



87, 19.040, 278.105



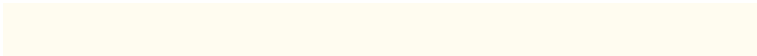
87, 19.040, 328.105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 19.042, 98.112



99, 6.293, 99.697



78, 17.685, 5.249



53, 4.176, 99.624



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 19.042, 98.112



96, 25.364, 97.594



88, 23.837, 120.655



47, 5.481, 99.315



61, 65.402, 87.923



17, 24.433, 90.616

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 19.464, 283.000



83, 26.064, 283.680



77, 24.771, 303.068



45, 5.544, 281.561



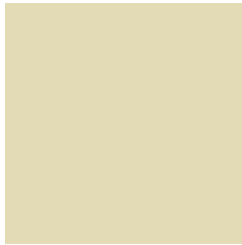
25, 89.369, 302.377



4, 29.057, 292.431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 19.040, 98.105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

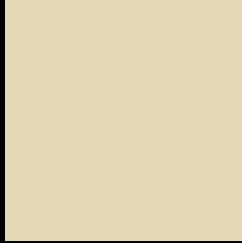
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 19.040, 98.105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

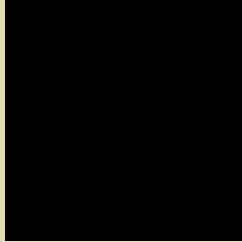
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

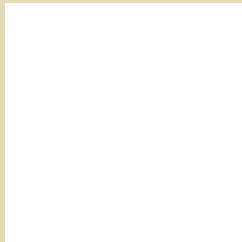
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 19.040, 98.105

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 19.040, 98.105.

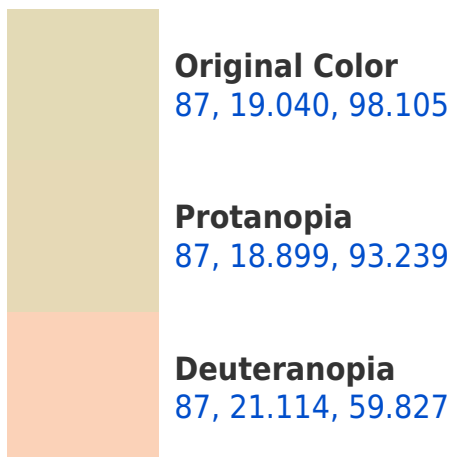


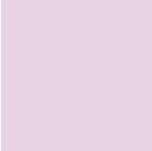
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 19.040, 98.105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

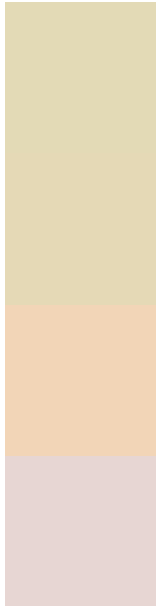
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 11.300, 332.446

Trichromacy



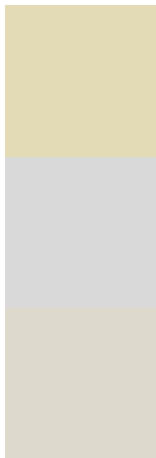
Original Color
87, 19.040, 98.105

Protanomaly
87, 18.799, 94.380

Deuteranomaly
87, 19.357, 73.256

Tritanomaly
87, 6.441, 33.790

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 19.040, 98.105

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 6.929, 97.279

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 19.040, 98.105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 218, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 218, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 218, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 218, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 19.040, 98.105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 218, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 218, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 218, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 218, 182); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 218, 182); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 218, 182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 19.040, 98.105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 218, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
218, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor