

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 19.191, 14.656)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 19.191, 14.656) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 18.827, 14.522)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCED2
RGB	255, 206, 210
RGB Percent	100%, 81%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1935, 0.1778
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	355°, 100%, 90%
HSV	355°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	75.0746, 70.0064, 70.3062
YIQ	221.1070, 27.9200, 11.6320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

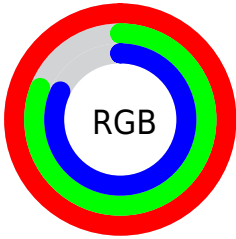
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 206, 210
Decimal	16764626
CIE Lab	87.00, 18.23, 4.72
CIE LCh	87, 18.827, 14.522
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3486, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954706 (0xFFFFCED2)
YUV	221.1070, -5.4758, 29.7242
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 13.7408, 8.7486

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 18.827, 14.522** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 16.655, 191.302**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **67, 18.370, 14.358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 29.083, 15.657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 8.666, 13.389**.

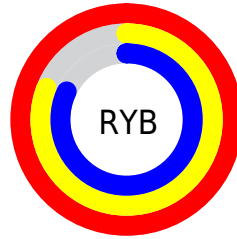
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (81%)

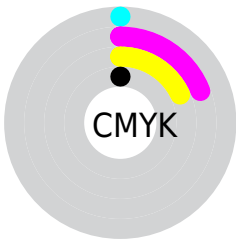
Blue (82%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (82%)

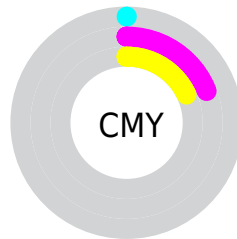


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 18.827, 14.522 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 18.827, 14.522 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 18.827, 14.522

 87, 18.827, 14.522

 100, 18.827,  
14.522

 77, 18.827, 14.522

 67, 18.827, 14.522

 57, 18.827, 14.522

 47, 18.827, 14.522

 37, 18.827, 14.522

 27, 18.827, 14.522

 17, 18.827, 14.522

 7, 18.827, 14.522

 0, 18.827, 14.522

87, 18.827, 14.522

87, 18.827, 14.522

80, 29.083, 15.657

94, 8.666, 13.389

74, 40.138, 17.215

100, 0.012,  
296.813

69, 51.539, 19.201

64, 62.983, 21.747

59, 74.087, 24.973

56, 84.451, 28.911

54, 93.634, 33.318

53, 100.839,  
37.342

53, 101.230,  
37.542

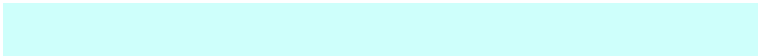
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 18.827, 14.522



97, 16.655, 191.302

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



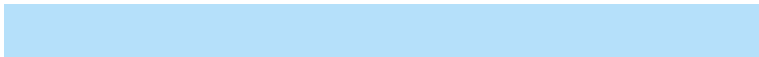
87, 18.827, 14.522



87, 18.827, 64.522



87, 18.827, 194.522



87, 18.827, 244.522

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 18.561, 14.416



96, 5.499, 13.058



88, 30.201, 323.139



51, 3.656, 13.125



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

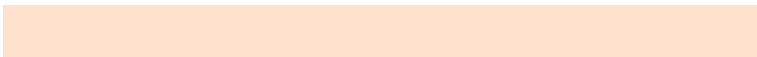
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 18.561, 14.416



85, 22.336, 14.839



92, 15.217, 63.796



50, 5.274, 13.404



40, 80.853, 36.864



10, 32.735, 23.902





# Inverse Universe

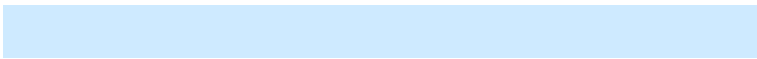
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 18.561, 14.416



85, 22.336, 14.839



91, 14.065, 248.431



50, 5.274, 13.404



40, 80.853, 36.864

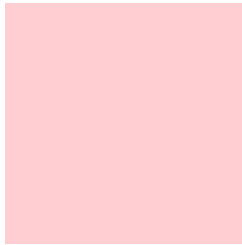


10, 32.735, 23.902



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 18.827, 14.522 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

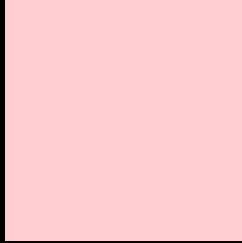
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 18.827, 14.522 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

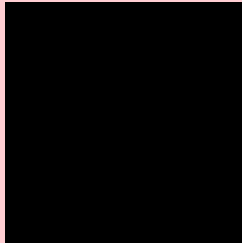
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 18.827, 14.522

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 18.827, 14.522.

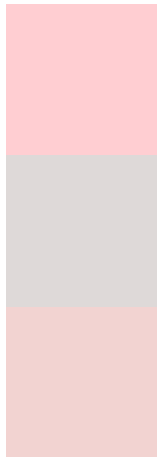


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 18.827, 14.522.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 18.428, 14.350

### Protanopia

87, 1.877, 35.354

### Deuteranopia

87, 11.584, 25.340



**Tritanopia**  
87, 19.932, 357.961



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 18.428, 14.350

**Protanomaly**  
87, 7.724, 16.039

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 14.181, 20.427

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 19.335, 3.742

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 18.428, 14.350

**Achromatopsia**  
88, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 6.654, 10.812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 18.827, 14.522 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 206, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 206, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 206, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 206, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 18.827, 14.522 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 206, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 206, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 206, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 206, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 206, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 206,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 18.827, 14.522 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 206, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
206, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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