

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 19.219, 82.172)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 19.219, 82.172) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 19.233, 82.384)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDD7B6
RGB	237, 215, 182
RGB Percent	93%, 84%, 71%
CMY	0.0705, 0.1567, 0.2861
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.23, 0.07
HSL	36°, 60%, 82%
HSV	36°, 23%, 93%
XYZ	67.6917, 70.0064, 54.2183
YIQ	217.8160, 23.7050, -5.5990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

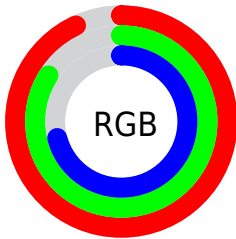
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 237, 182
Decimal	15587254
CIE Lab	87.00, 2.55, 19.06
CIE LCh	87, 19.233, 82.384
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3527, 0.3648
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293777334 (0xFFEDD7B6)
YUV	217.8160, -17.6573, 16.8244
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -2.0098, 20.1488

# Details

The CIELCh color  $87, 19.233, 82.384$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $81, 18.744, 268.938$ , and the grayscale version is  $87, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 8.605, 109.524$ , and  $67, 19.218, 81.352$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $84, 27.942, 81.032$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90, 10.775, 83.707$ .

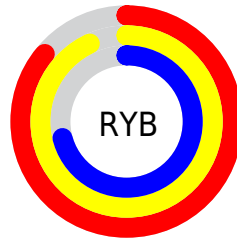
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (84%)

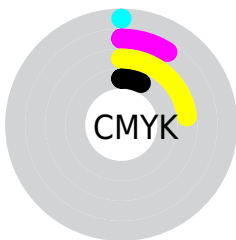
Blue (71%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (71%)

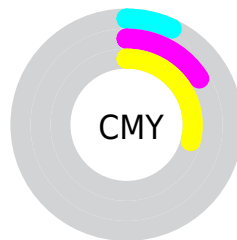


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 19.233, 82.384 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 19.233, 82.384 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 19.233, 82.384

 87, 19.233, 82.384

 100, 19.233,  
82.384

 77, 19.233, 82.384

 67, 19.233, 82.384

 57, 19.233, 82.384

 47, 19.233, 82.384

 37, 19.233, 82.384

 27, 19.233, 82.384

 17, 19.233, 82.384

 7, 19.233, 82.384

 0, 19.233, 82.384

87, 19.233, 82.384

87, 19.233, 82.384

84, 27.942, 81.032

90, 10.775, 83.707

81, 36.867, 79.634

93, 2.568, 84.896

79, 45.919, 78.190

96, 5.398, 266.327

76, 54.905, 76.677

98, 5.544, 210.041

74, 63.440, 75.035

99, 6.166, 199.122

71, 70.840, 73.134

69, 76.125, 70.745

68, 78.432, 68.818

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 19.233, 82.384



81, 18.744, 268.938

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 19.233, 82.384



87, 19.233, 132.384



87, 19.233, 262.384



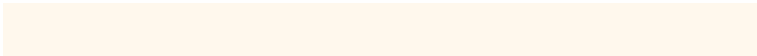
87, 19.233, 312.384

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 19.234, 82.392



98, 6.000, 84.479



80, 23.473, 351.708



52, 3.903, 84.406



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 19.234, 82.392



91, 24.812, 81.730



92, 28.195, 112.203



48, 4.570, 84.181



53, 64.025, 69.455



14, 22.610, 71.680





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 18.744, 268.938



84, 24.033, 269.857



76, 29.755, 296.354



46, 4.533, 266.741



34, 67.481, 292.362

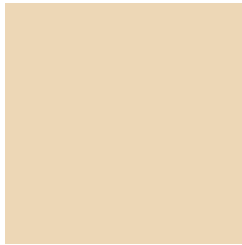


7, 24.425, 285.034



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 19.233, 82.384 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 19.233, 82.384 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

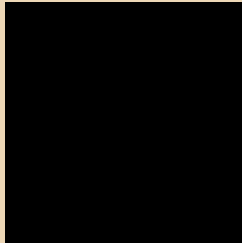
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

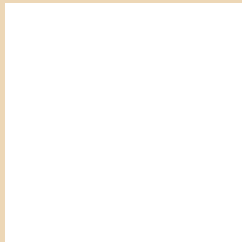
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 87, 19.233, 82.384**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 19.233, 82.384.

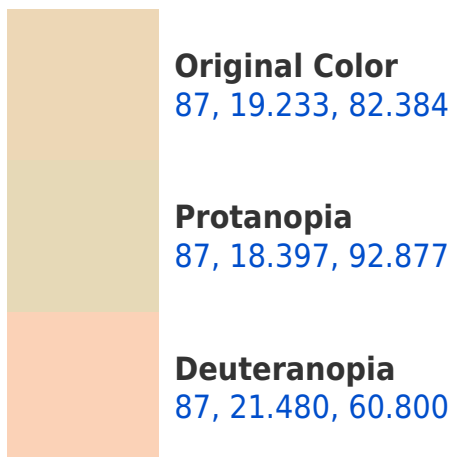



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 19.233, 82.384.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

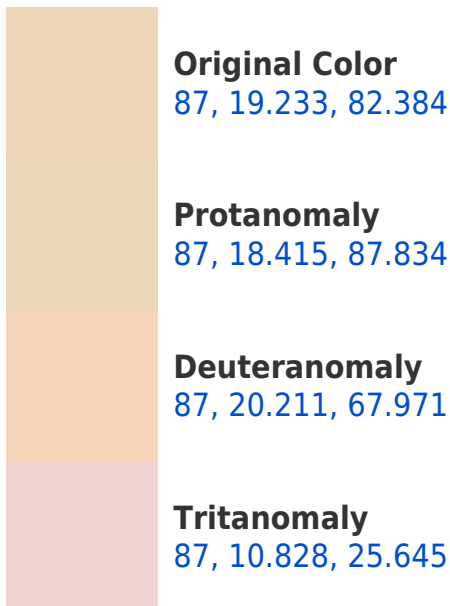




**Tritanopia**  
87, 14.598, 345.633



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 19.233, 82.384 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 215, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 215, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 215, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 215, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 19.233, 82.384 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 215, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 215, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 215, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 215, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 215, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 215,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 19.233, 82.384 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 215, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
215, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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