

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 20.485, 280.712)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 20.485, 280.712)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 20.188, 280.552)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDD9FF
RGB	205, 217, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.1951, 0.1480, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	226°, 100%, 90%
HSV	226°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	68.2151, 70.0064, 104.7437
YIQ	217.7440, -19.3500, 9.2740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

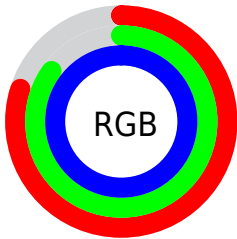
Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 215, 255
Decimal	13490687
CIE Lab	87.00, 3.70, -19.85
CIE LCh	87, 20.188, 280.552
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2808, 0.2881
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291680767 (0xFFCDD9FF)
YUV	217.7440, 18.3672, -11.1765
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -0.8931, -15.6545

Details

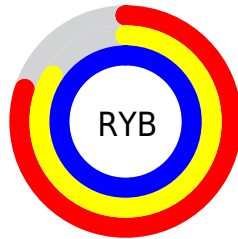
The CIELCh color `87, 20.188, 280.552` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `96, 19.759, 95.455`, and the grayscale version is `87, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `67, 20.198, 280.606` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `80, 30.740, 282.150`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `94, 9.653, 279.018`.

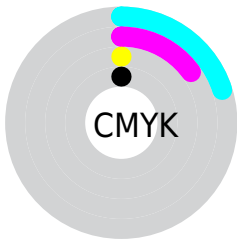
Distribution



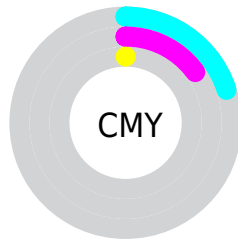
- Red (80%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 20.188, 280.552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 20.188, 280.552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 20.188,
280.552

■ 87, 20.188,
280.552

■ 100, 20.188,
280.552

■ 77, 20.188,
280.552

■ 67, 20.188,
280.552

■ 57, 20.188,
280.552

■ 47, 20.188,
280.552

■ 37, 20.188,
280.552

■ 27, 20.188,
280.552

■ 17, 20.188,

280.552

■ 7, 20.188, 280.552

■ 0, 20.188, 280.552

■ 87, 20.188,
280.552

■ 87, 20.188,
280.552

■ 80, 30.740,
282.150

■ 94, 9.653, 279.018

■ 74, 41.740,
284.134

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 67, 53.089,
286.443

■ 61, 64.821,
289.094

■ 54, 76.936,

292.061

■ 49, 89.323,
295.246

■ 43, 101.616,
298.459

■ 39, 113.071,
301.401

■ 39, 113.598,
301.528

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 20.188, 280.552



96, 19.759, 95.455

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 20.188, 280.552



87, 20.188, 330.552



87, 20.188, 100.552



87, 20.188, 150.552

Sweetspot

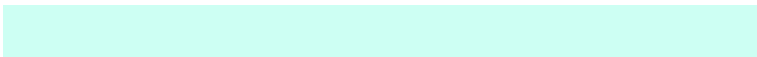
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 20.053, 280.456



96, 6.068, 278.573



96, 18.157, 177.693



51, 4.028, 278.653



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 20.053, 280.456



85, 23.751, 281.017



85, 26.636, 301.287



50, 5.772, 279.017



29, 90.036, 301.027



7, 36.024, 296.226

Inverse Universe

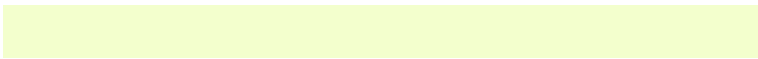
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 19.370, 2.158



85, 23.008, 2.599



98, 25.584, 118.676



50, 5.516, 1.008



40, 73.006, 26.348



10, 31.747, 16.504

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 20.188, 280.552 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

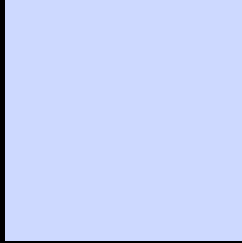
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 20.188, 280.552 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

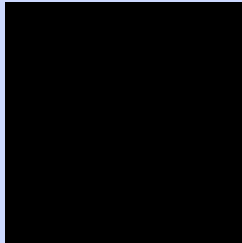
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 20.188, 280.552

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 20.188, 280.552.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 20.188, 280.552.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87, 20.188, 280.552

Protanopia

87, 19.961, 286.105

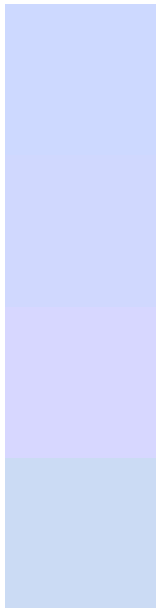
Deuteranopia

87, 22.197, 298.040



Tritanopia
87, 11.099, 257.538

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 20.188, 280.552

Protanomaly
87, 20.023, 284.235

Deuteranomaly
87, 20.962, 291.905

Tritanomaly
87, 14.016, 268.723

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 20.188, 280.552

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 6.997, 276.324

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 20.188, 280.552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 217, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 20.188, 280.552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

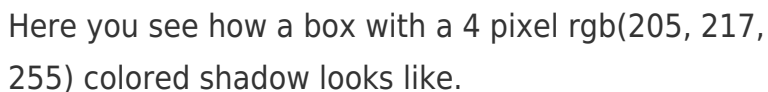
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 217, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 217, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 217,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 20.188, 280.552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
217, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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