

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 26.528, 87.247)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 26.528, 87.247) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 26.298, 86.889)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFD7A8
RGB	239, 215, 168
RGB Percent	94%, 84%, 66%
CMY	0.0615, 0.1556, 0.3400
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.30, 0.06
HSL	40°, 69%, 80%
HSV	40°, 30%, 94%
XYZ	67.1827, 70.0064, 47.1649
YIQ	216.8180, 29.3910, -9.5290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

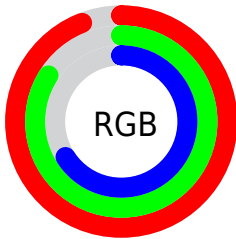
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">204, 239, 168</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15718312</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.00, 1.43, 26.26</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">87, 26.298, 86.889</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">70.0064, 0.3644, 0.3797</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293908392 (0xFFEFD7A8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">216.8180, -24.0673, 19.4536</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6698, -3.0955, 25.1469</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color  $87, 26.298, 86.889$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $78, 26.080, 275.376$ , and the grayscale version is  $87, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99, 16.187, 108.954$ , and  $67, 25.970, 86.465$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $85, 35.485, 85.520$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $89, 17.253, 88.228$ .

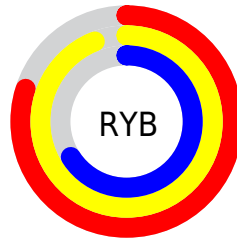
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (84%)

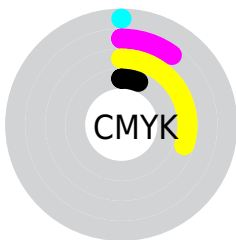
Blue (66%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (66%)

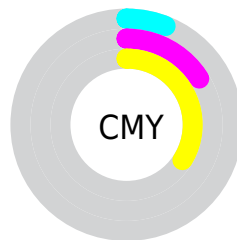


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 26.298, 86.889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 26.298, 86.889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 26.298, 86.889

 87, 26.298, 86.889

 100, 26.298,  
86.889

 77, 26.298, 86.889

 67, 26.298, 86.889

 57, 26.298, 86.889

 47, 26.298, 86.889

 37, 26.298, 86.889

 27, 26.298, 86.889

 17, 26.298, 86.889

 7, 26.298, 86.889

 0, 26.298, 86.889

87, 26.298, 86.889

87, 26.298, 86.889

85, 35.485, 85.520

89, 17.253, 88.228

82, 44.721, 84.101

92, 8.387, 89.507

80, 53.821, 82.627

95, 0.288, 271.761

78, 62.436, 81.062

97, 4.681, 252.642

76, 69.961, 79.326

99, 5.391, 199.187

74, 75.513, 77.273

72, 78.546, 74.763

72, 78.633, 74.681

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 26.298, 86.889



78, 26.080, 275.376

# Rectangle

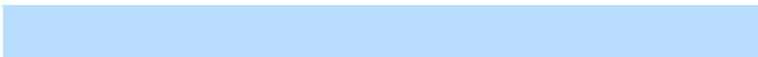
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 26.298, 86.889



87, 26.298, 136.889



87, 26.298, 266.889



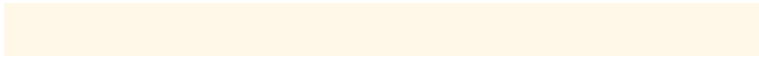
87, 26.298, 316.889

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 26.299, 86.895



98, 8.206, 89.586



76, 29.725, 355.800



52, 5.712, 89.405



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 26.299, 86.895



90, 33.794, 86.013



92, 36.343, 113.825



49, 4.930, 89.531



56, 64.474, 75.217



16, 24.510, 78.005





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 26.080, 275.376



78, 33.478, 276.696



72, 38.953, 298.801



47, 4.926, 272.033



32, 75.825, 296.321

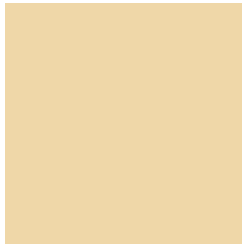


7, 27.998, 289.710



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 26.298, 86.889 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

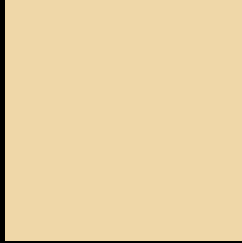
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 26.298, 86.889 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

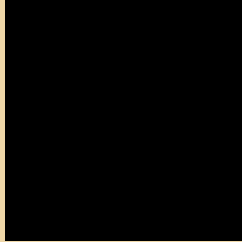
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 26.298, 86.889

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 26.298, 86.889.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 26.298, 86.889.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 26.298, 86.889

### Protanopia

87, 26.033, 95.794

### Deuteranopia

87, 27.661, 66.900



**Tritanopia**  
87, 16.143, 349.550



# Trichromacy



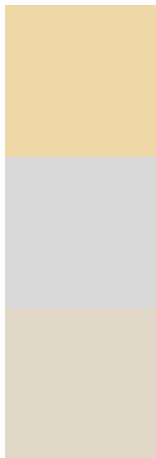
**Original Color**  
87, 26.298, 86.889

**Protanomaly**  
87, 25.952, 92.175

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 26.806, 73.941

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 12.945, 36.514

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 26.298, 86.889

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 9.473, 88.608

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 26.298, 86.889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 215, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 215, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 215, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 215, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 26.298, 86.889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 215, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 215, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 215, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 215, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 215, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 215,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 26.298, 86.889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 215, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
215, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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