

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 27.718, 168.514)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 27.718, 168.514)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(87, 27.528, 169.129)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2E8CF
RGB	162, 232, 207
RGB Percent	64%, 91%, 81%
CMY	0.3641, 0.0896, 0.1877
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.11, 0.09
HSL	159°, 61%, 77%
HSV	159°, 30%, 91%
XYZ	55.1090, 70.0064, 69.7333
YIQ	208.2200, -33.6950, -22.6150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

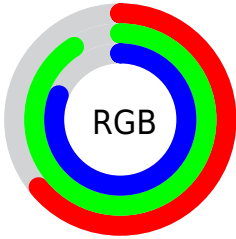
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">162, 205, 232</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10676431</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.00, -27.03, 5.19</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">87, 27.528, 169.129</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">70.0064, 0.2828, 0.3593</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288866511 (0xFFA2E8CF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">208.2200, -0.6015, -40.5349</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6698, -28.8534, 9.1546</a>

# Details

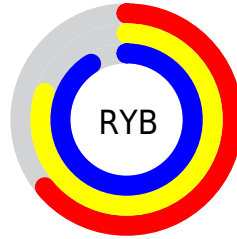
The CIELCh color **87, 27.528, 169.129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **74, 29.578, 355.372**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 12.449, 198.674**, and **67, 27.380, 169.444** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 36.018, 167.925**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 18.623, 170.222**.

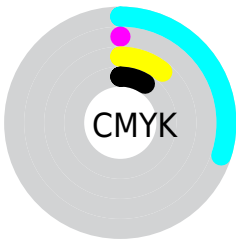
# Distribution



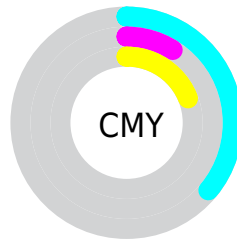
- Red (64%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 27.528, 169.129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 27.528, 169.129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 87, 27.528,  
169.129


 87, 27.528,  
169.129


 100, 27.528,  
169.129


 77, 27.528,  
169.129

 67, 27.528,  
169.129

 57, 27.528,  
169.129

 47, 27.528,  
169.129

 37, 27.528,  
169.129


 27, 27.528,  
169.129

 17, 27.528,


169.129

 7, 27.528, 169.129


 0, 27.528, 169.129

 87, 27.528,  
169.129


 87, 27.528,  
169.129

 86, 36.018,  
167.925


 88, 18.623,  
170.222

 85, 43.932,  
166.591

 90, 9.449, 171.242


 84, 51.118,  
165.099

 92, 0.139, 175.786

 83, 57.454,  
163.423

 94, 9.195, 352.893

 82, 62.867,

 94, 11.731,  
334.048

161.543

94, 14.267,  
324.915

82, 67.364,  
159.452

82, 71.069,  
157.245

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 27.528, 169.129



74, 29.578, 355.372

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 27.528, 169.129



87, 27.528, 219.129



87, 27.528, 349.129



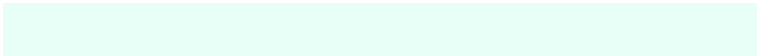
87, 27.528, 39.129

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 27.529, 169.127



98, 9.040, 171.354



88, 39.817, 132.190



52, 6.278, 171.207



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



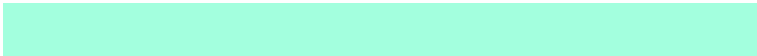


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 27.529, 169.127



94, 35.114, 168.417



85, 20.109, 212.377



48, 5.332, 171.311



65, 58.590, 157.641



19, 23.524, 161.496



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 29.578, 355.372



77, 38.285, 356.229



76, 24.957, 32.834



46, 5.454, 352.952



38, 66.254, 15.702

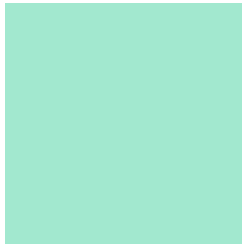


7, 27.844, 5.817



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 27.528, 169.129 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

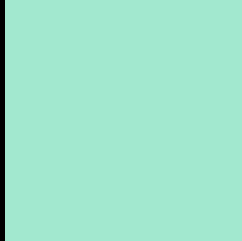
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 27.528, 169.129 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

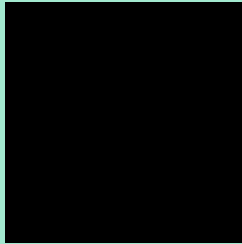
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

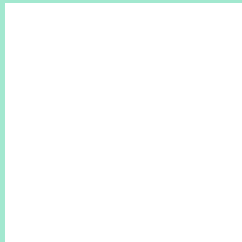
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 87, 27.528, 169.129**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 27.528, 169.129.

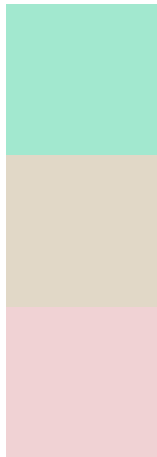


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 27.528, 169.129.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 27.528, 169.129

**Protanopia**  
87, 9.473, 88.608

**Deuteranopia**  
87, 11.138, 14.837



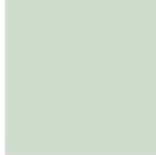


**Tritanopia**  
87, 20.197, 226.346

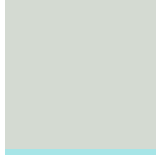
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 27.528, 169.129



**Protanomaly**  
87, 12.801, 143.934



**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 4.731, 137.182

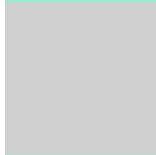


**Tritanomaly**  
87, 20.337, 201.043

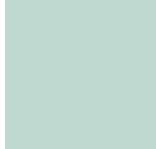
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 27.528, 169.129



**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
85, 10.469, 171.782

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 27.528, 169.129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 232, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 232, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 232, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 232, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 27.528, 169.129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 232, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 232, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 232, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 232, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 232, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 232,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 27.528, 169.129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 232, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
232, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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