

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(87, 28.297, 67.199)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 28.297, 67.199) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 28.072, 67.523)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD1A9
RGB	255, 209, 169
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 66%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1789, 0.3358
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	28°, 100%, 83%
HSV	28°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	71.4820, 70.0064, 47.4646
YIQ	218.1940, 40.2560, -2.6880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

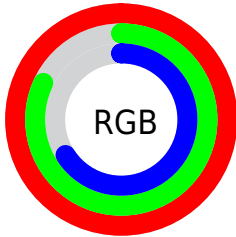
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 244, 169
Decimal	16765353
CIE Lab	87.00, 10.73, 25.94
CIE LCh	87, 28.072, 67.523
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3783, 0.3705
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955433 (0xFFFFD1A9)
YUV	218.1940, -24.2526, 32.2789
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 6.0766, 24.9346

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 28.072, 67.523** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **84, 24.919, 257.198**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 15.682, 108.992**, and **67, 27.961, 67.808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 37.272, 66.587**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 19.109, 68.970**.

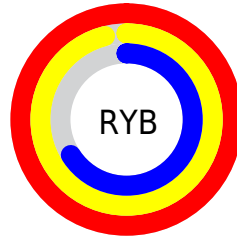
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

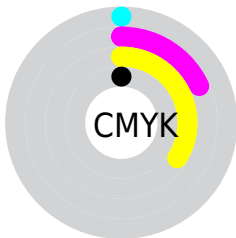
Blue (66%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (66%)

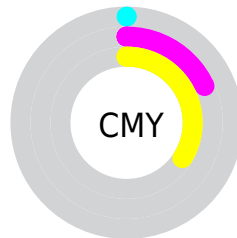


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 28.072, 67.523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 28.072, 67.523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 28.072, 67.523

 87, 28.072, 67.523

 100, 28.072,  
67.523

 77, 28.072, 67.523

 67, 28.072, 67.523

 57, 28.072, 67.523

 47, 28.072, 67.523

 37, 28.072, 67.523

 27, 28.072, 67.523

 17, 28.072, 67.523

 7, 28.072, 67.523

 0, 28.072, 67.523

87, 28.072, 67.523

87, 28.072, 67.523

83, 37.272, 66.587

91, 19.109, 68.970

80, 47.007, 65.394

95, 10.715, 70.150

76, 57.024, 64.173

99, 2.747, 71.210

73, 66.990, 62.846

100, 0.012,  
296.813

70, 76.209, 61.232

67, 83.493, 58.986

65, 86.913, 57.174

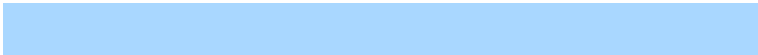
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 28.072, 67.523



84, 24.919, 257.198

# Rectangle

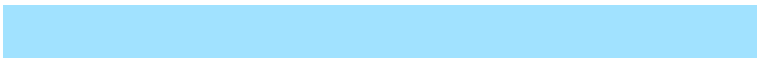
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 28.072, 67.523



87, 28.072, 117.523



87, 28.072, 247.523



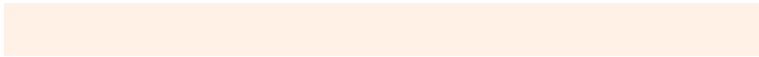
87, 28.072, 297.523

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 27.959, 67.778



96, 7.816, 70.560



79, 39.143, 345.006



51, 5.353, 70.400



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 27.959, 67.778



85, 33.887, 67.013



98, 41.540, 105.440



51, 4.438, 70.616



50, 69.694, 57.884



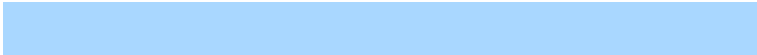
15, 27.073, 58.595



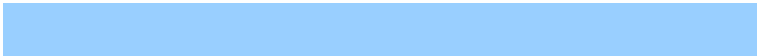


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 24.919, 257.198



81, 29.455, 258.654



73, 44.949, 293.235



51, 4.318, 253.075



43, 54.577, 280.796



13, 22.377, 273.993



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 28.072, 67.523 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

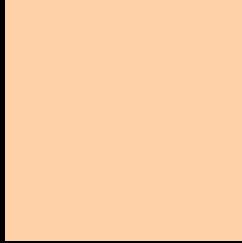
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 28.072, 67.523 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

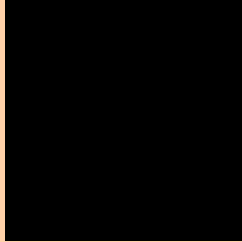
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 28.072, 67.523

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 28.072, 67.523.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 28.072, 67.523.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 28.072, 67.523

### Protanopia

87, 24.016, 95.003

### Deuteranopia

87, 27.661, 66.900



**Tritanopia**  
87, 19.607, 0.806



# Trichromacy



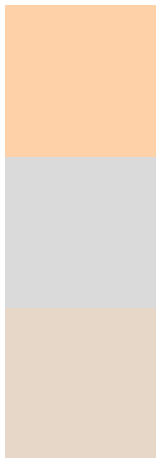
**Original Color**  
87, 28.072, 67.523

**Protanomaly**  
87, 24.521, 84.571

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 27.661, 66.900

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 18.676, 31.873

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 28.072, 67.523

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 9.855, 71.992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 28.072, 67.523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 209, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 209, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 209, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 209, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 28.072, 67.523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 209, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 209, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 209, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 209, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 209, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 209,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 28.072, 67.523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 209, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
209, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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