

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 29.208, 191.687)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 29.208, 191.687)
contains.

CIELCh(87, 29.338, 191.270)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(87, 29.338, 191.270)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EEAE4
RGB	142, 234, 228
RGB Percent	56%, 92%, 89%
CMY	0.4442, 0.0834, 0.1069
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.03, 0.08
HSL	176°, 68%, 74%
HSV	176°, 39%, 92%
XYZ	54.4226, 70.0064, 83.8491
YIQ	205.8080, -52.9060, -21.3700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

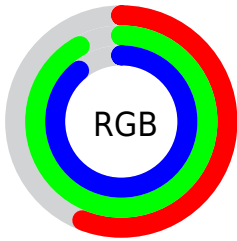
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 190, 234
Decimal	9366244
CIE _{Lab}	87.00, -28.77, -5.73
CIE _{LCh}	87, 29.338, 191.270
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2613, 0.3361
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287556324 (0xFF8EEAE4)
YUV	205.8080, 10.9407, -55.9596
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -30.3178, -0.8481

Details

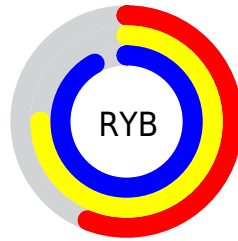
The CIELCh color **87, 29.338, 191.270** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **69, 37.468, 18.377**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 18.406, 198.288**, and **67, 29.335, 191.583** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 35.139, 190.575**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 22.734, 191.964**.

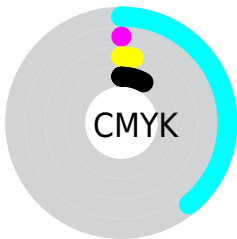
Distribution



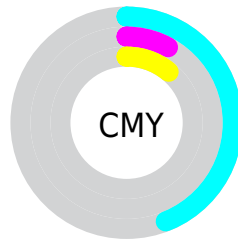
- Red (56%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (8%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 29.338, 191.270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 29.338, 191.270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87, 29.338,
191.270

 87, 29.338,
191.270


 100, 29.338,
191.270


 77, 29.338,
191.270

 67, 29.338,
191.270

 57, 29.338,
191.270

 47, 29.338,
191.270

 37, 29.338,
191.270

 27, 29.338,
191.270

 17, 29.338,

191.270

■ 7, 29.338, 191.270

■ 0, 29.338, 191.270

■ 87, 29.338,
191.270

■ 87, 29.338,
191.270

■ 86, 35.139,
190.575

■ 88, 22.734,
191.964

■ 85, 40.020,
189.878

■ 89, 15.462,
192.671

■ 85, 43.899,
189.166

■ 91, 7.660, 193.413

■ 84, 46.747,
188.426

■ 93, 0.537, 12.904

■ 94, 7.700, 13.669

■ 84, 48.605,

187.640

94, 7.811, 7.967

84, 49.647,
186.804

94, 7.997, 2.480

84, 49.703,
186.750

94, 8.255, 357.292

94, 8.578, 352.459

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 29.338, 191.270



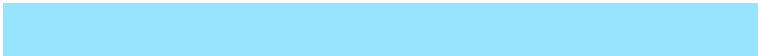
69, 37.468, 18.377

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 29.338, 191.270



87, 29.338, 241.270



87, 29.338, 11.270



87, 29.338, 61.270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 29.338, 191.268



98, 10.477, 193.206



85, 57.028, 139.950



52, 6.928, 193.108



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 29.338, 191.268



93, 36.287, 190.723



76, 26.165, 254.286



48, 4.662, 193.404



66, 41.006, 186.898



19, 17.395, 188.217

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 37.468, 18.377



70, 48.997, 19.866



78, 30.770, 63.529



46, 4.915, 14.664



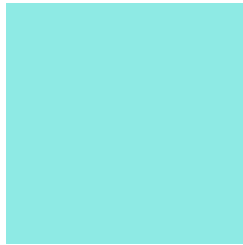
38, 78.127, 37.388



7, 28.271, 20.060

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 29.338, 191.270 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

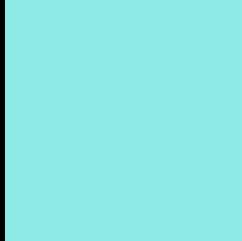
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 29.338, 191.270 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 29.338, 191.270

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 29.338, 191.270.

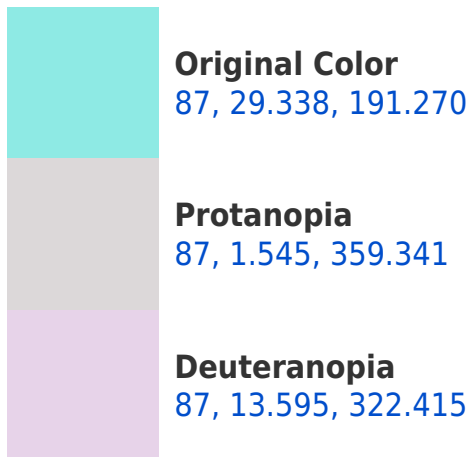


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 29.338, 191.270.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



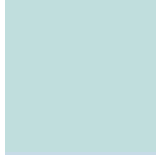


Tritanopia
87, 26.718, 219.953

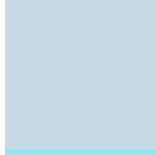
Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 29.338, 191.270



Protanomaly
86, 10.441, 195.839



Deuteranomaly
86, 9.193, 242.417

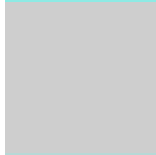


Tritanomaly
87, 26.834, 209.088

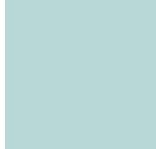
Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 29.338, 191.270



Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 11.557, 193.368

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 29.338, 191.270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 234, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 234, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 234, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 234, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 29.338, 191.270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 234, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 234, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 234, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 234, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 234, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 234,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 29.338, 191.270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 234, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
234, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor