

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 3.114, 199.530)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 3.114, 199.530) contains.

CIELCh(87, 3.198, 199.364)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(87, 3.198, 199.364)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3DCDC
RGB	211, 220, 220
RGB Percent	83%, 86%, 86%
CMY	0.1736, 0.1383, 0.1383
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	180°, 11%, 84%
HSV	180°, 4%, 86%
XYZ	65.1916, 70.0064, 77.5986
YIQ	217.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

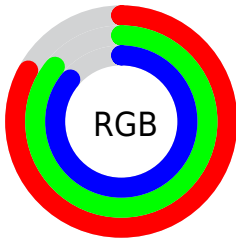
Format	Color
R_{YB}	211, 216, 220
Decimal	13884636
CIE _{Lab}	87.00, -3.02, -1.06
CIE _{LCh}	87, 3.198, 199.364
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3064, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292074716 (0xFFD3DCDC)
YUV	217.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -7.3433, 3.5810

Details

The CIELCh color $87, 3.198, 199.364$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $85, 3.283, 19.441$, and the grayscale version is $87, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $67, 3.365, 199.252$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $85, 10.735, 198.670$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89, 4.709, 19.585$.

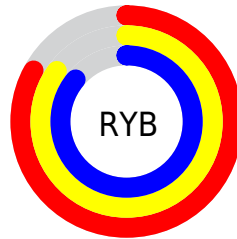
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (86%)

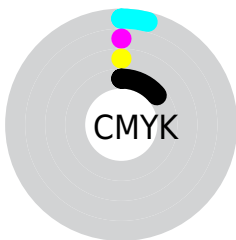
Blue (86%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (86%)

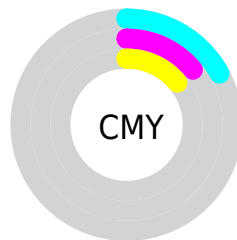


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 3.198, 199.364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 3.198, 199.364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 3.198, 199.364

■ 87, 3.198, 199.364

■ 100, 3.198,
199.364

■ 77, 3.198, 199.364

■ 67, 3.198, 199.364

■ 57, 3.198, 199.364

■ 47, 3.198, 199.364

■ 37, 3.198, 199.364

■ 27, 3.198, 199.364

■ 17, 3.198, 199.364

■ 7, 3.198, 199.364

■ 0, 3.198, 199.364

87, 3.198, 199.364

87, 3.198, 199.364

85, 10.735,
198.670

89, 4.709, 19.585

84, 17.780,
198.159

91, 12.882, 20.257

83, 24.206,
197.711

91, 13.002, 20.247

82, 29.887,
197.324

91, 13.002, 20.228

81, 34.712,
197.000

91, 13.002, 20.209

81, 38.595,
196.742

91, 13.001, 20.189

80, 41.495,
196.551

91, 13.001, 20.170

80, 43.426,
196.422

91, 13.001, 20.151

91, 13.001, 20.132

■ 80, 44.468,
196.351

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 3.198, 199.364



85, 3.283, 19.441

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 3.198, 199.364



87, 3.198, 249.364



87, 3.198, 19.364



87, 3.198, 69.364

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 3.199, 199.331



100, 0.886, 200.065



87, 5.715, 143.821



53, 0.504, 200.106



0, 0.000, 0.000



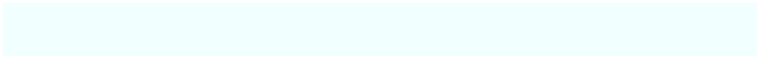
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

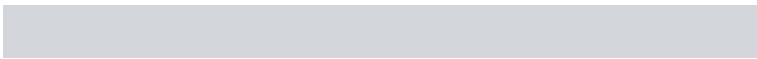
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 3.199, 199.331



99, 4.397, 199.244



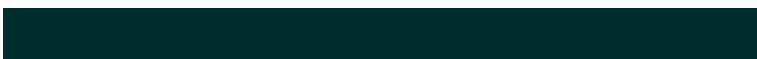
86, 2.801, 254.238



46, 2.647, 199.195



64, 37.542, 196.327



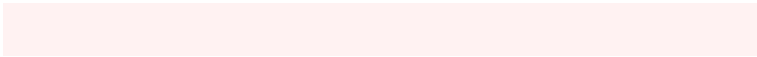
16, 15.077, 196.338

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 3.283, 19.441



97, 4.539, 19.535



86, 2.818, 72.961



44, 2.742, 19.591



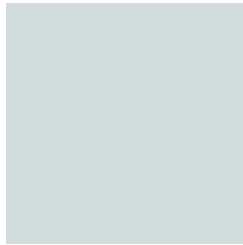
36, 78.218, 39.913



5, 23.839, 20.252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 3.198, 199.364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

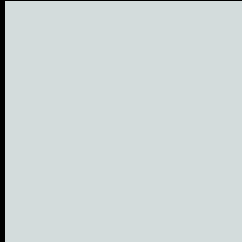
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 3.198, 199.364 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

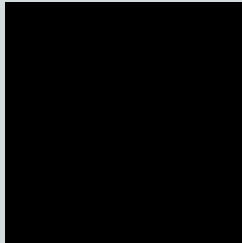
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

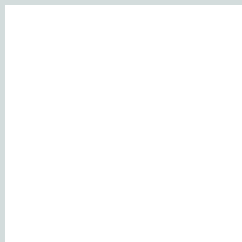
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 3.198, 199.364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 3.198, 199.364.



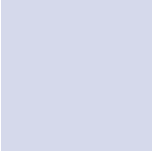
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 3.198, 199.364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 9.505, 282.600

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 3.198, 199.364

Protanomaly
87, 0.637, 256.145

Deuteranomaly
87, 5.980, 342.019

Tritanomaly
87, 6.096, 270.538

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 3.198, 199.364

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 1.074, 199.877

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 3.198, 199.364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 220, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 220, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 220, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 220, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 3.198, 199.364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 220, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 220, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 220, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 220, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 220, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 220,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 3.198, 199.364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 220, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
220, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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