

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 3.515, 309.264)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 3.515, 309.264) contains.

CIELCh(87, 3.339, 309.147)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(87, 3.339, 309.147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCD9DF
RGB	220, 217, 223
RGB Percent	86%, 85%, 87%
CMY	0.1381, 0.1499, 0.1264
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	270°, 9%, 86%
HSV	270°, 3%, 87%
XYZ	67.4913, 70.0064, 79.6084
YIQ	218.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

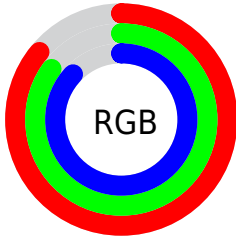
Format	Color
R _Y B	220, 217, 223
Decimal	14473695
CIE Lab	87.00, 2.11, -2.59
CIE LCh	87, 3.339, 309.147
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3109, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292663775 (0xFFD9CD9DF)
YUV	218.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -2.4373, 2.1569

Details

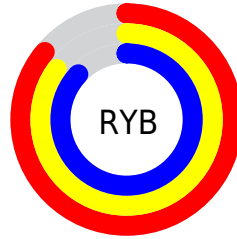
The CIELCh color $87, 3.339, 309.147$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $88, 3.305, 128.980$, and the grayscale version is $87, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $67, 3.522, 309.192$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81, 15.935, 309.628$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $93, 8.884, 128.773$.

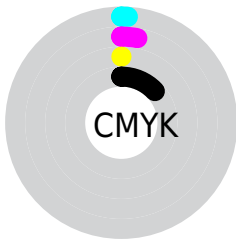
Distribution



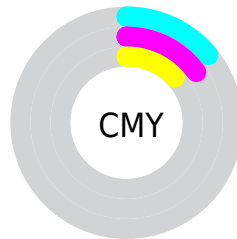
- Red (86%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 3.339, 309.147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 3.339, 309.147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 3.339, 309.147

■ 87, 3.339, 309.147

100, 3.339,
309.147

■ 77, 3.339, 309.147

■ 67, 3.339, 309.147

■ 57, 3.339, 309.147

■ 47, 3.339, 309.147

■ 37, 3.339, 309.147

■ 27, 3.339, 309.147

■ 17, 3.339, 309.147

■ 7, 3.339, 309.147

■ 0, 3.339, 309.147

87, 3.339, 309.147

87, 3.339, 309.147

81, 15.935,
309.628

93, 8.884, 128.773

74, 28.882,
310.134

98, 17.026,
124.925

68, 42.113,
310.669

99, 16.319,
111.239

61, 55.493,
311.216

99, 16.300,
108.945

55, 68.781,
311.743

50, 81.568,
312.196

45, 93.218,
312.497

40, 102.874,
312.540

■ 37,109.636,
312.207

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 3.339, 309.147



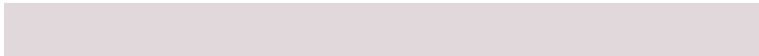
88, 3.305, 128.980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 3.339, 309.147



87, 3.339, 359.147



87, 3.339, 129.147



87, 3.339, 179.147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 3.337, 309.136



99, 1.387, 308.999



88, 1.865, 254.137



53, 0.789, 308.992



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 3.337, 309.136



98, 4.151, 309.155



87, 3.809, 324.071



46, 2.835, 309.195



27, 94.438, 311.930



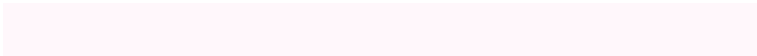
4, 33.477, 310.298

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 2.688, 343.690



98, 3.344, 343.735



88, 3.790, 143.925



46, 2.284, 343.827



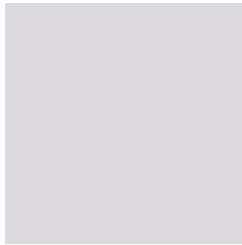
38, 64.180, 1.803



6, 26.434, 354.710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 3.339, 309.147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

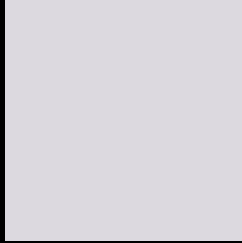
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 3.339, 309.147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

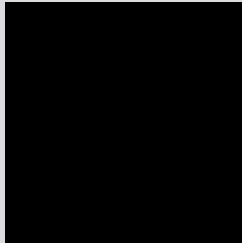
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

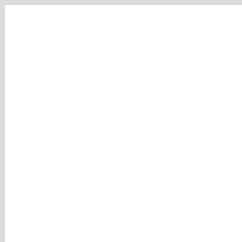
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 3.339, 309.147

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 3.339, 309.147.



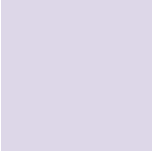
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 3.339, 309.147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

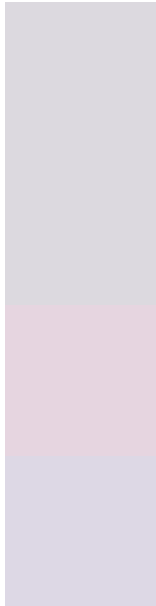
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 9.190, 304.162

Trichromacy



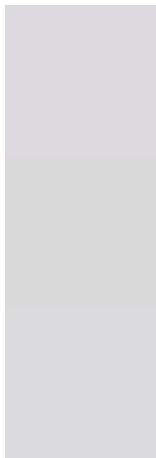
Original Color
87, 3.339, 309.147

Protanomaly
87, 3.339, 309.147

Deuteranomaly
87, 8.436, 336.993

Tritanomaly
87, 7.063, 305.216

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 3.339, 309.147

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 1.120, 308.995

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 3.339, 309.147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 217, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 217, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 217, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 217, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 3.339, 309.147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

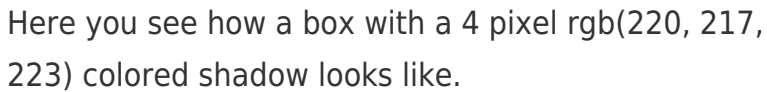
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 217, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 217, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 217, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 217, 223); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 217, 223); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 217, 223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 3.339, 309.147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 217, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
217, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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