

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 30.234, 215.101)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 30.234, 215.101)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 30.406, 214.794)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85E9FA
RGB	133, 233, 250
RGB Percent	52%, 91%, 98%
CMY	0.4793, 0.0871, 0.0205
CMYK	0.47, 0.07, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	189°, 92%, 75%
HSV	189°, 47%, 98%
XYZ	55.9316, 70.0064, 100.8210
YIQ	205.0380, -65.0570, -15.9130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

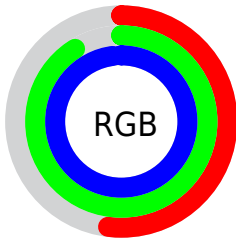
Format	Color
RYB	133, 187, 250
Decimal	8776186
CIELab	87.00, -24.97, -17.35
CIELCh	87, 30.406, 214.794
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2467, 0.3087
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286966266 (0xFF85E9FA)
YUV	205.0380, 22.1663, -63.1773
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -27.0984, -12.8748

Details

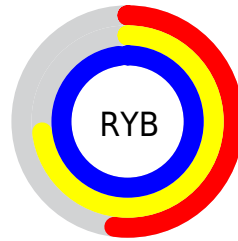
The CIELCh color **87, 30.406, 214.794** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **72, 43.685, 35.055**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 20.509, 198.155**, and **67, 30.449, 215.399** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 34.814, 215.708**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 25.119, 214.151**.

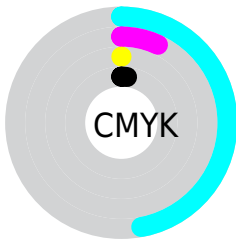
Distribution



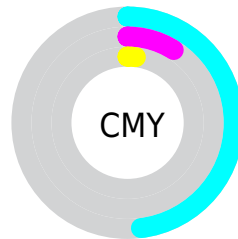
- Red (52%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 30.406, 214.794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 30.406, 214.794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 30.406,
214.794

■ 87, 30.406,
214.794

■ 100, 30.406,
214.794

■ 77, 30.406,
214.794

■ 67, 30.406,
214.794

■ 57, 30.406,
214.794

■ 47, 30.406,
214.794

■ 37, 30.406,
214.794

■ 27, 30.406,
214.794

■ 17, 30.406,

214.794

■ 7, 30.406, 214.794

■ 0, 30.406, 214.794

■ 87, 30.406,
214.794

■ 87, 30.406,
214.794

■ 85, 34.814,
215.708

■ 89, 25.119,
214.151

■ 83, 38.259,
216.958

■ 91, 19.068,
213.735

■ 82, 40.701,
218.608

■ 94, 12.377,
213.505

■ 80, 42.175,
220.720

■ 96, 5.171, 213.469

■ 79, 42.810,

■ 99, 1.539, 41.255

223.335

100, 2.414,
106.198

■ 79, 42.924,
224.225

100, 2.639,
109.952

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 30.406, 214.794



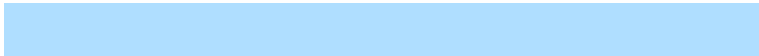
72, 43.685, 35.055

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 30.406, 214.794



87, 30.406, 264.794



87, 30.406, 34.794



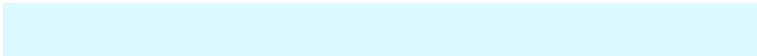
87, 30.406, 84.794

Sweetspot

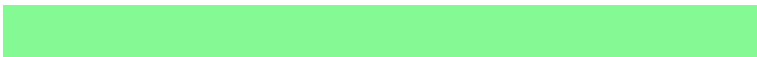
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 30.406, 214.792



96, 10.552, 213.472



90, 66.149, 144.298



51, 7.238, 213.496



0, 0.000, 0.000



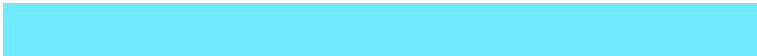
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 30.406, 214.792



87, 35.049, 215.625



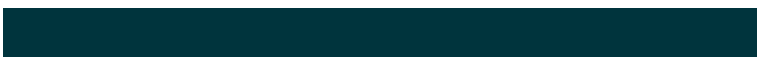
71, 41.578, 276.982



51, 4.268, 213.452



61, 34.789, 223.686



19, 15.839, 219.786

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 65.377, 331.598



69, 77.641, 332.185



85, 42.763, 82.052



49, 8.059, 329.233



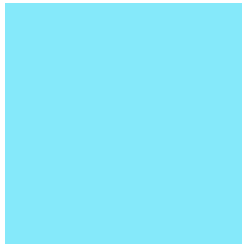
43, 82.244, 335.016



11, 37.742, 334.040

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 30.406, 214.794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

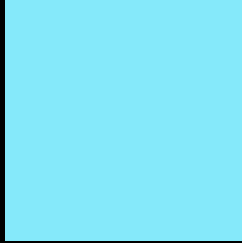
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 30.406, 214.794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

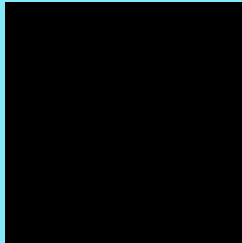
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 30.406, 214.794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 30.406, 214.794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 30.406, 214.794.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



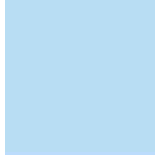


Tritanopia
87, 30.471, 215.810

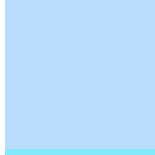
Trichromacy



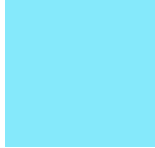
Original Color
87, 30.406, 214.794



Protanomaly
86, 16.455, 243.585



Deuteranomaly
86, 19.398, 259.294

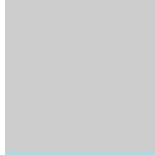


Tritanomaly
87, 30.471, 215.810

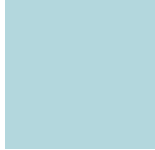
Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 30.406, 214.794



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 12.587, 213.256

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 30.406, 214.794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 233, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 233, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 233, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 233, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 30.406, 214.794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 233, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 233, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 233, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 233, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 233, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 233,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 30.406, 214.794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 233, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
233, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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