

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 32.078, 322.994)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 32.078, 322.994)
contains.

CIELCh(87, 32.361, 322.891)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(87, 32.361, 322.891)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FACAFF
RGB	250, 202, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.0184, 0.2066, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	295°, 100%, 90%
HSV	295°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	78.8302, 70.0064, 104.2319
YIQ	222.3940, 11.5950, 26.6590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

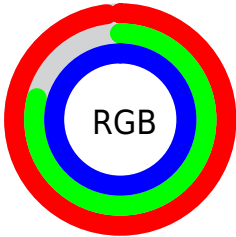
Format	Color
RYB	250, 202, 255
Decimal	16435967
CIELab	87.00, 25.81, -19.52
CIELCh	87, 32.361, 322.891
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3115, 0.2766
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294626047 (0xFFFAFF)
YUV	222.3940, 16.0748, 24.2105
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 21.7531, -15.2918

Details

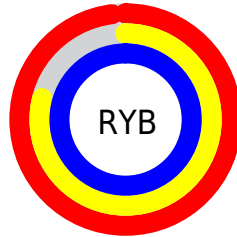
The CIELCh color $87, 32.361, 322.891$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $96, 32.082, 140.839$, and the grayscale version is $89, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $67, 31.999, 322.926$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81, 47.834, 323.533$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $93, 16.543, 322.538$.

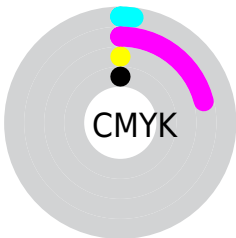
Distribution



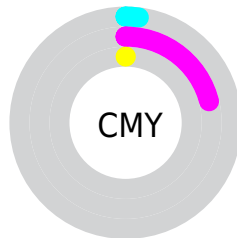
- Red (98%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 32.361, 322.891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 32.361, 322.891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87, 32.361,
322.891


 87, 32.361,
322.891


 100, 32.361,
322.891


 77, 32.361,
322.891

 67, 32.361,
322.891

 57, 32.361,
322.891

 47, 32.361,
322.891

 37, 32.361,
322.891

 27, 32.361,
322.891

 17, 32.361,

322.891

■ 7, 32.361, 322.891

■ 0, 32.361, 322.891

■ 87, 32.361,
322.891

■ 87, 32.361,
322.891

■ 81, 47.834,
323.533

■ 93, 16.543,
322.538

■ 75, 63.046,
323.989

100, 1.030,
321.783

■ 70, 77.391,
324.391

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 66, 90.277,
324.711

■ 62, 101.041,

324.921

■ 59, 109.082,
324.994

■ 57, 114.054,
324.913

■ 57, 116.244,
324.711

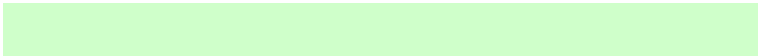
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 32.361, 322.891



96, 32.082, 140.839

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 32.361, 322.891



87, 32.361, 12.891



87, 32.361, 142.891



87, 32.361, 192.891

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 32.220, 323.044



96, 9.278, 322.293



84, 25.029, 288.349



51, 6.157, 322.328



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 32.220, 323.044



84, 39.016, 323.259



87, 25.064, 340.268



50, 8.814, 322.478



42, 93.614, 324.770



11, 43.027, 325.178

Inverse Universe

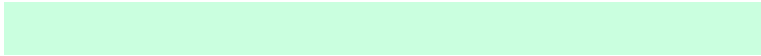
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 19.921, 13.945



83, 24.441, 14.470



96, 24.678, 156.933



50, 5.280, 12.771



40, 80.497, 36.500



10, 32.678, 23.577

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 32.361, 322.891 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

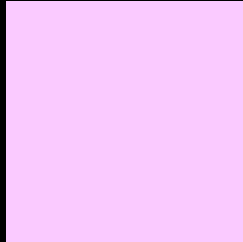
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 32.361, 322.891 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

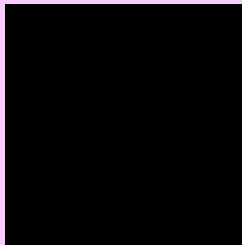
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 32.361, 322.891

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 32.361, 322.891.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 32.361, 322.891.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color 87, 32.361, 322.891
Protanopia 87, 19.973, 285.158
Deuteranopia 87, 21.302, 300.995



Tritanopia
87, 16.143, 349.550

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 32.361, 322.891



Protanomaly
87, 23.046, 302.948



Deuteranomaly
87, 25.080, 311.024

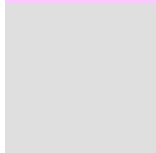


Tritanomaly
87, 21.339, 335.859

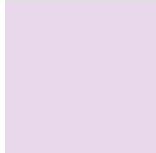
Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 32.361, 322.891



Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 12.298, 322.107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 32.361, 322.891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 202, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 202, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 202, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 202, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 32.361, 322.891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 202, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 202, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 202, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 202, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 202, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 202,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 32.361, 322.891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 202, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
202, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor