

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 33.584, 145.297)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 33.584, 145.297)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 33.611, 145.289)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<code>B0E8B5</code>
RGB	176, 232, 181
RGB Percent	69%, 91%, 71%
CMY	0.3112, 0.0917, 0.2916
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.22, 0.09
HSL	125°, 54%, 80%
HSV	125°, 24%, 91%
XYZ	54.8732, 70.0064, 54.1403
YIQ	209.4420, -17.0050, -27.7330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

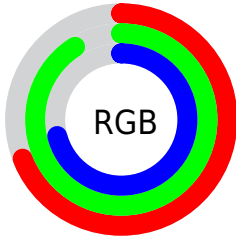
Format	Color
RYB	176, 227, 232
Decimal	11593909
CIELab	87.00, -27.63, 19.14
CIELCh	87, 33.611, 145.289
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3065, 0.3911
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289783989 (0xFFB0E8B5)
YUV	209.4420, -14.0219, -29.3286
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -29.3564, 20.2040

Details

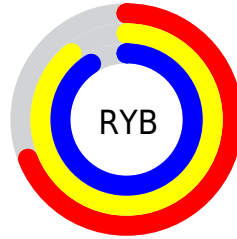
The CIELCh color **87, 33.611, 145.289** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **78, 33.656, 328.348**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 12.306, 150.575**, and **67, 33.578, 145.406** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 47.394, 144.387**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 19.659, 146.067**.

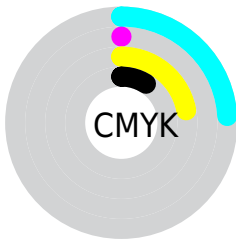
Distribution



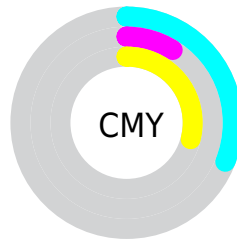
- Red (69%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 33.611, 145.289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 33.611, 145.289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87, 33.611,
145.289

 87, 33.611,
145.289


 100, 33.611,
145.289

 77, 33.611,
145.289

 67, 33.611,
145.289

 57, 33.611,
145.289

 47, 33.611,
145.289

 37, 33.611,
145.289


 27, 33.611,
145.289

 17, 33.611,


145.289


 7, 33.611, 145.289

 0, 33.611, 145.289

 87, 33.611,
145.289


 87, 33.611,
145.289

 85, 47.394,
144.387

 89, 19.659,
146.067


 84, 60.730,
143.347

 91, 5.746, 146.762

 83, 73.288,
142.169

 93, 7.971, 327.229

 82, 84.682,
140.879

 94, 14.601,
324.927

 81, 94.486,

139.533

■ 81, 102.265,
138.235

■ 81, 107.650,
137.121

■ 80, 109.674,
136.650

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 33.611, 145.289



78, 33.656, 328.348

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 33.611, 145.289



87, 33.611, 195.289



87, 33.611, 325.289



87, 33.611, 15.289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 33.613, 145.289



98, 10.449, 146.563



90, 28.785, 111.415



52, 6.793, 146.521



0, 0.000, 0.000



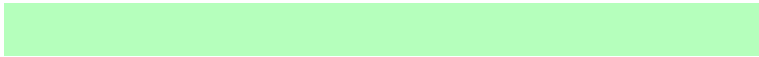
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 33.613, 145.289



94, 43.569, 144.856



88, 23.188, 166.119



47, 7.798, 146.398



63, 89.895, 136.812



17, 35.132, 140.390

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 33.656, 328.348



82, 43.605, 328.640



77, 24.244, 350.770



45, 7.813, 327.473



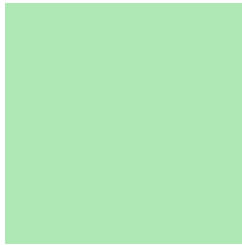
41, 82.454, 332.133



8, 34.976, 331.481

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 33.611, 145.289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

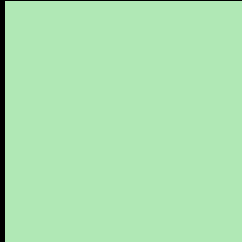
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 33.611, 145.289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

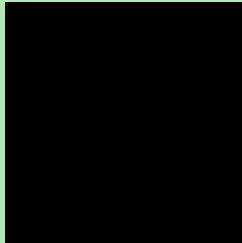
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 33.611, 145.289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 33.611, 145.289.

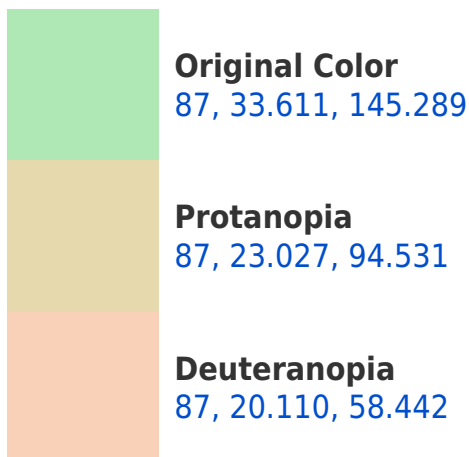


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 33.611, 145.289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



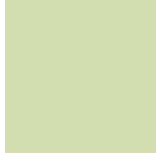


Tritanopia
87, 15.191, 237.318

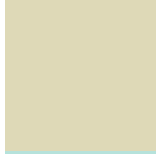
Trichromacy



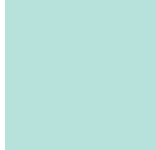
Original Color
87, 33.611, 145.289



Protanomaly
87, 24.239, 118.169



Deuteranomaly
86, 17.807, 102.493

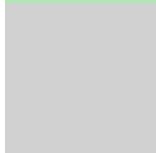


Tritanomaly
87, 15.664, 184.761

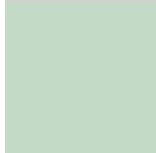
Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 33.611, 145.289



Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
85, 12.000, 146.733

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 33.611, 145.289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 232, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 232, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 232, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 232, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 33.611, 145.289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 232, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 232, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 232, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 232, 181); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 232, 181); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 232, 181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 33.611, 145.289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 232, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
232, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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