

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 34.055, 180.626)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 34.055, 180.626)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(87, 34.240, 180.153)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86ECD9
RGB	134, 236, 217
RGB Percent	53%, 93%, 85%
CMY	0.4748, 0.0748, 0.1494
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.08, 0.07
HSL	169°, 73%, 73%
HSV	169°, 43%, 93%
XYZ	52.3007, 70.0064, 76.3429
YIQ	203.3360, -54.6930, -27.5330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

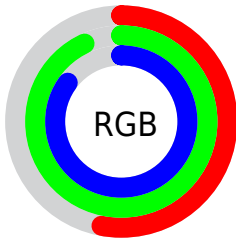
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">134, 190, 236</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8842457</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.00, -34.24, -0.09</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">87, 34.240, 180.153</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">70.0064, 0.2633, 0.3524</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287032537 (0xFF86ECD9)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">203.3360, 6.7364, -60.8077</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6698, -34.8445, 4.4709</a>

# Details

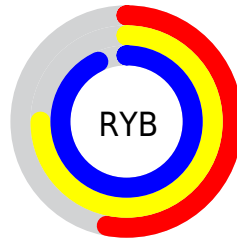
The CIELCh color **87, 34.240, 180.153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **67, 41.635, 9.900**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 20.509, 198.155**, and **67, 34.427, 179.735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 40.562, 179.006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 27.159, 181.214**.

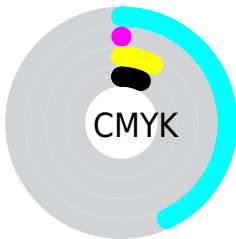
# Distribution



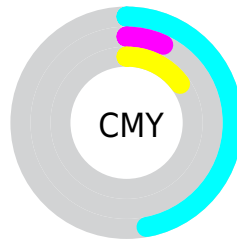
- Red (53%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 34.240, 180.153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 34.240, 180.153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 87, 34.240,  
180.153


 87, 34.240,  
180.153


 100, 34.240,  
180.153


 77, 34.240,  
180.153

 67, 34.240,  
180.153

 57, 34.240,  
180.153

 47, 34.240,  
180.153

 37, 34.240,  
180.153


 27, 34.240,  
180.153


 17, 34.240,

180.153

 7, 34.240, 180.153


 0, 34.240, 180.153


 87, 34.240,  
180.153


 87, 34.240,  
180.153


 86, 40.562,  
179.006

 88, 27.159,  
181.214

 85, 45.999,  
177.758

 90, 19.460,  
182.214

 85, 50.467,  
176.383

 91, 11.293,  
183.175

 84, 53.943,  
174.858

 93, 2.795, 184.227

 84, 56.483,

 95, 5.911, 4.780

173.167

95, 7.791, 350.899

84, 57.816,  
171.956

95, 9.087, 338.390

95, 10.710,  
329.372

95, 11.908,  
324.829

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 34.240, 180.153



67, 41.635, 9.900

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 34.240, 180.153



87, 34.240, 230.153



87, 34.240, 0.153



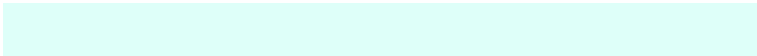
87, 34.240, 50.153

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 34.241, 180.151



98, 11.818, 183.192



86, 60.373, 136.338



52, 8.239, 182.981



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 34.241, 180.151



92, 42.381, 179.127



79, 26.432, 236.724



48, 4.852, 183.537



66, 47.228, 172.286



19, 19.547, 175.229



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 41.635, 9.900



68, 53.839, 11.846



74, 34.928, 49.240



46, 5.045, 5.119



38, 72.456, 30.379

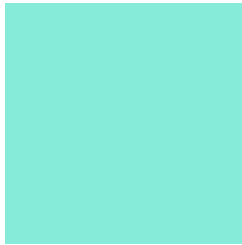


7, 27.933, 15.029



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 34.240, 180.153 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

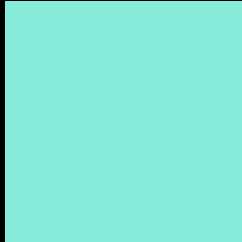
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 34.240, 180.153 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 34.240, 180.153

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 34.240, 180.153.

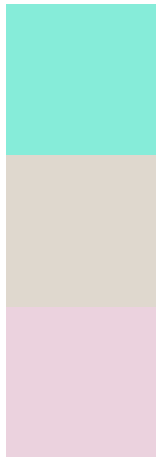


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 34.240, 180.153.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 34.240, 180.153

**Protanopia**  
87, 5.805, 83.313

**Deuteranopia**  
87, 11.045, 345.617





**Tritanopia**  
87, 27.875, 218.915

# Trichromacy



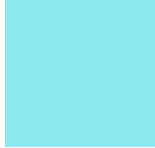
**Original Color**  
87, 34.240, 180.153



**Protanomaly**  
86, 13.333, 167.758



**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 7.365, 203.065

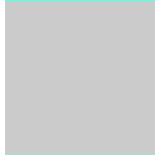


**Tritanomaly**  
87, 28.626, 202.862

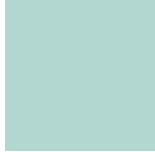
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 34.240, 180.153



**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
83, 13.548, 182.576

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 34.240, 180.153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 236, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 236, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 236, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 236, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 34.240, 180.153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 236, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 236, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 236, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 236, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 236, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 236,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 34.240, 180.153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 236, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
236, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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