

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 34.270, 143.834)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 34.270, 143.834)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 34.245, 143.832)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1E8B3
RGB	177, 232, 179
RGB Percent	69%, 91%, 70%
CMY	0.3075, 0.0919, 0.2996
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.23, 0.09
HSL	122°, 54%, 80%
HSV	122°, 24%, 91%
XYZ	54.8668, 70.0064, 53.0504
YIQ	209.5130, -15.7670, -28.1430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

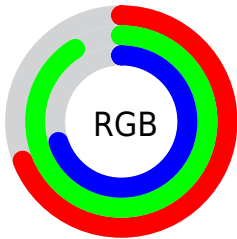
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	177, 230, 232
Decimal	11659443
CIELab	87.00, -27.65, 20.21
CIELCh	87, 34.245, 143.832
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3084, 0.3935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289849523 (0xFFB1E8B3)
YUV	209.5130, -15.0429, -28.5139
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -29.3701, 20.9764

# Details

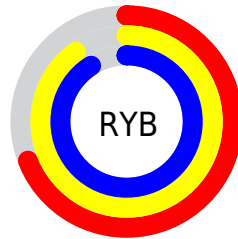
The CIELCh color **87, 34.245, 143.832** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **78, 34.269, 326.750**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 12.881, 146.497**, and **67, 34.242, 143.887** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 48.542, 142.952**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 19.772, 144.591**.

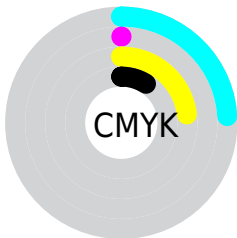
# Distribution



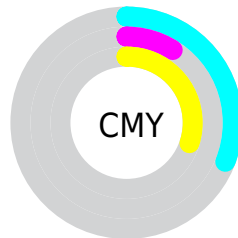
- Red (69%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 34.245, 143.832 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 34.245, 143.832 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 87, 34.245,  
143.832


 87, 34.245,  
143.832


 100, 34.245,  
143.832


 77, 34.245,  
143.832

 67, 34.245,  
143.832

 57, 34.245,  
143.832

 47, 34.245,  
143.832

 37, 34.245,  
143.832


 27, 34.245,  
143.832


 17, 34.245,


143.832


 7, 34.245, 143.832


 0, 34.245, 143.832

 87, 34.245,  
143.832


 87, 34.245,  
143.832

 85, 48.542,  
142.952


 89, 19.772,  
144.591


 84, 62.360,  
141.943

 91, 5.346, 145.271

 83, 75.328,  
140.814

 93, 8.868, 325.724

 82, 86.998,  
139.606

 94, 14.632,  
324.929

 81, 96.857,

138.401

■ 81, 104.374,  
137.325

■ 81, 109.141,  
136.521

■ 80, 110.755,  
136.239

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 34.245, 143.832



78, 34.269, 326.750

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 34.245, 143.832



87, 34.245, 193.832



87, 34.245, 323.832



87, 34.245, 13.832

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 34.247, 143.832



98, 10.840, 145.046



91, 28.223, 109.308



52, 7.047, 145.006



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



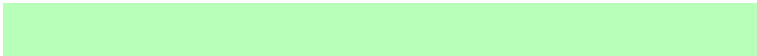


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 34.247, 143.832



94, 43.646, 143.461



88, 23.657, 163.309



47, 8.090, 144.885



63, 90.966, 136.324



17, 36.092, 139.449



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 34.269, 326.750



83, 43.656, 326.995



78, 24.497, 347.698



45, 8.103, 325.935



42, 85.944, 329.732

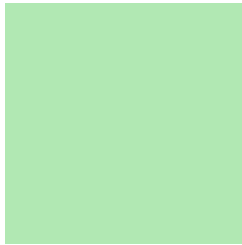


8, 36.224, 329.493



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 34.245, 143.832 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

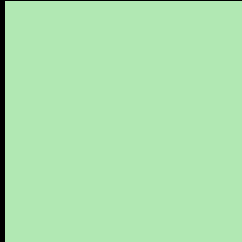
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 34.245, 143.832 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

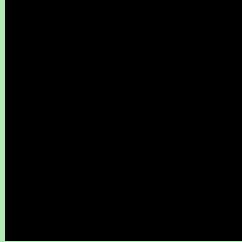
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

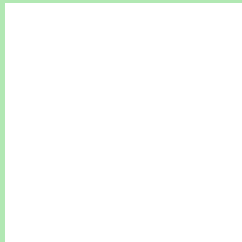
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 87, 34.245, 143.832**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 34.245, 143.832.

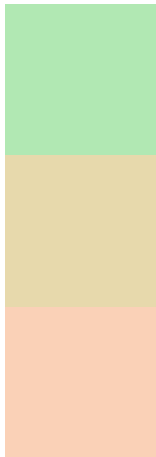


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 34.245, 143.832.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 34.245, 143.832

**Protanopia**  
87, 24.036, 94.990

**Deuteranopia**  
87, 21.137, 59.817



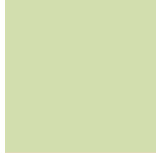


**Tritanopia**  
87, 14.707, 238.857

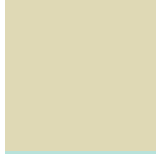
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 34.245, 143.832



**Protanomaly**  
87, 25.250, 117.705



**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 18.881, 101.560

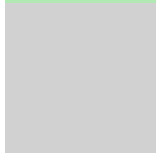


**Tritanomaly**  
87, 15.206, 182.338

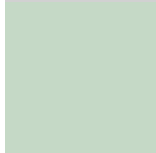
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 34.245, 143.832



**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
85, 12.426, 145.280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 34.245, 143.832 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 232, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 232, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 232, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 232, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 34.245, 143.832 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 232, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 232, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 232, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 232, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 232, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 232,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 34.245, 143.832 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 232, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
232, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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