

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 4.487, 219.788)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 4.487, 219.788) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 4.483, 219.787)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0DCDF
RGB	208, 220, 223
RGB Percent	82%, 86%, 87%
CMY	0.1839, 0.1368, 0.1250
CMYK	0.07, 0.01, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	192°, 19%, 85%
HSV	192°, 7%, 87%
XYZ	65.0021, 70.0064, 79.9792
YIQ	216.7540, -8.1150, -1.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

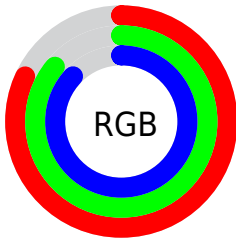
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 215, 223
Decimal	13688031
CIE Lab	87.00, -3.44, -2.87
CIE LCh	87, 4.483, 219.787
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3024, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291878111 (0xFFD0DCDF)
YUV	216.7540, 3.0793, -7.6773
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -7.7477, 1.8941

Details

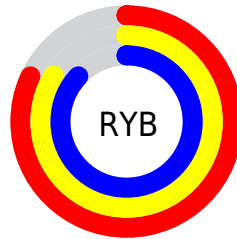
The CIELCh color $87, 4.483, 219.787$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $85, 4.671, 39.192$, and the grayscale version is $87, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $67, 4.365, 221.537$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84, 10.859, 220.070$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90, 2.229, 39.115$.

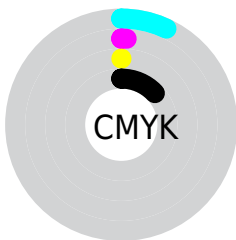
Distribution



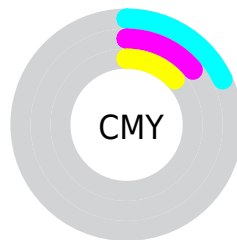
- Red (82%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 4.483, 219.787 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 4.483, 219.787 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 4.483, 219.787

■ 87, 4.483, 219.787

■ 100, 4.483,
219.787

■ 77, 4.483, 219.787

■ 67, 4.483, 219.787

■ 57, 4.483, 219.787

■ 47, 4.483, 219.787

■ 37, 4.483, 219.787

■ 27, 4.483, 219.787

■ 17, 4.483, 219.787

■ 7, 4.483, 219.787

■ 0, 4.483, 219.787

87, 4.483, 219.787

87, 4.483, 219.787

84, 10.859,
220.070

90, 2.229, 39.115

82, 16.806,
220.617

93, 9.199, 39.173

79, 22.223,
221.400

94, 9.516, 53.703

77, 27.008,
222.473

96, 10.862, 84.236

75, 31.067,
223.904

97, 12.433, 95.361

73, 34.332,
225.773

98, 14.361,
103.698

71, 36.778,
228.166

70, 38.448,
231.161

99, 16.129,
108.958

■ 68, 39.477,
234.792

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 4.483, 219.787



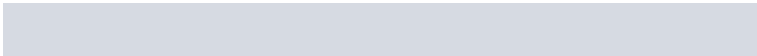
85, 4.671, 39.192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 4.483, 219.787



87, 4.483, 269.787



87, 4.483, 39.787



87, 4.483, 89.787

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 4.483, 219.760



99, 1.504, 219.929



87, 8.422, 149.567



53, 0.855, 219.949



0, 0.000, 0.000



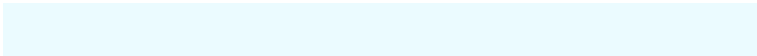
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

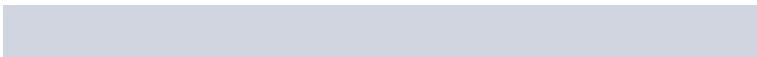
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 4.483, 219.760



98, 5.926, 219.781



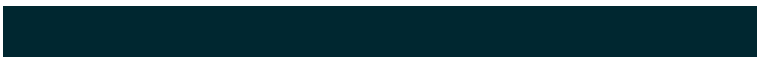
85, 5.618, 273.332



46, 3.779, 219.813



54, 33.247, 235.363



14, 13.541, 228.283

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 8.350, 330.897



95, 11.082, 330.988



87, 5.603, 91.566



44, 7.098, 331.080



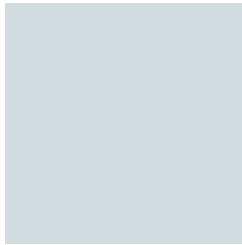
40, 74.971, 338.099



7, 31.384, 336.184

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 4.483, 219.787 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

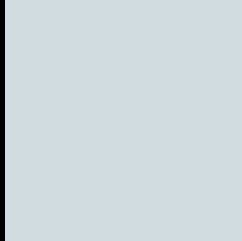
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 4.483, 219.787 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

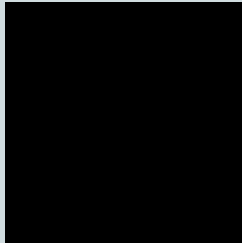
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

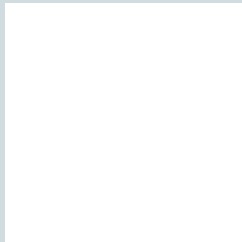
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 4.483, 219.787

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 4.483, 219.787.

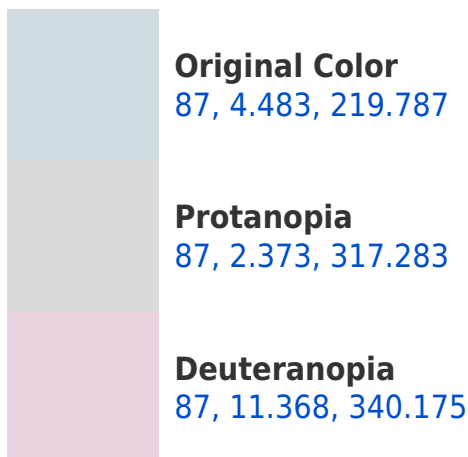


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 4.483, 219.787.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

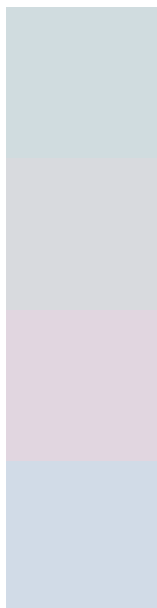
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 9.265, 273.605

Trichromacy



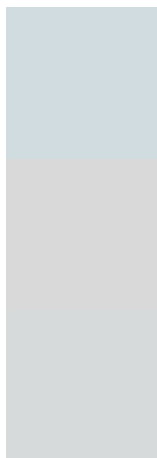
Original Color
87, 4.483, 219.787

Protanomaly
87, 2.208, 271.578

Deuteranomaly
87, 6.593, 327.232

Tritanomaly
87, 7.116, 261.502

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 4.483, 219.787

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 1.516, 219.913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 4.483, 219.787 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 220, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 220, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 220, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 220, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 4.483, 219.787 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 220, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 220, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 220, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 220, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 220, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 220,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 4.483, 219.787 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 220, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
220, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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