

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 4.819, 259.877)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 4.819, 259.877) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 4.819, 259.877)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4DBE3
RGB	212, 219, 227
RGB Percent	83%, 86%, 89%
CMY	0.1697, 0.1422, 0.1109
CMYK	0.07, 0.04, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	212°, 21%, 86%
HSV	212°, 7%, 89%
XYZ	66.1589, 70.0064, 82.4985
YIQ	217.8190, -6.7400, 1.0040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

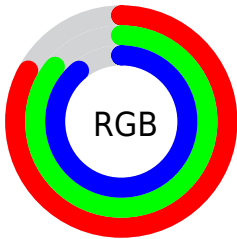
Format	Color
R _Y B	212, 217, 227
Decimal	13949923
CIE Lab	87.00, -0.85, -4.74
CIE LCh	87, 4.819, 259.877
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3026, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292140003 (0xFFD4DBE3)
YUV	217.8190, 4.5262, -5.1033
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -5.2798, 0.1089

Details

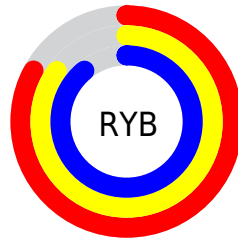
The CIELCh color $87, 4.819, 259.877$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $88, 4.867, 78.017$, and the grayscale version is $87, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $67, 5.072, 260.132$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82, 12.069, 261.298$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $92, 2.454, 78.355$.

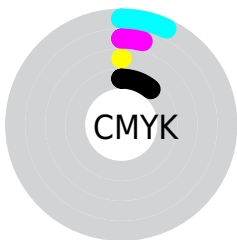
Distribution



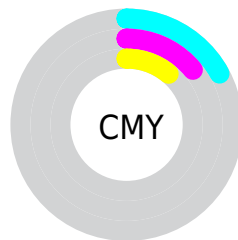
- Red (83%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 4.819, 259.877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 4.819, 259.877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 4.819, 259.877

■ 87, 4.819, 259.877

■ 100, 4.819,
259.877

■ 77, 4.819, 259.877

■ 67, 4.819, 259.877

■ 57, 4.819, 259.877

■ 47, 4.819, 259.877

■ 37, 4.819, 259.877

■ 27, 4.819, 259.877

■ 17, 4.819, 259.877

■ 7, 4.819, 259.877

■ 0, 4.819, 259.877

87, 4.819, 259.877

87, 4.819, 259.877

82, 12.069,
261.298

92, 2.454, 78.355

78, 19.277,
263.049

96, 9.344, 81.351

73, 26.422,
265.133

99, 14.302,
109.081

68, 33.496,
267.603

99, 14.307,
109.096

64, 40.505,
270.512

60, 47.484,
273.891

55, 54.499,
277.727

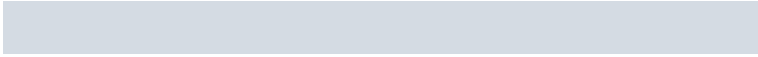
52, 61.636,
281.937

■ 48, 68.974,
286.338

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



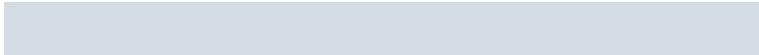
87, 4.819, 259.877



88, 4.867, 78.017

Rectangle

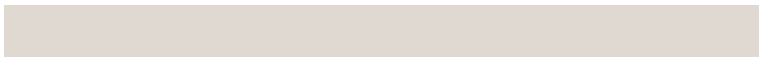
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 4.819, 259.877



87, 4.819, 309.877



87, 4.819, 79.877



87, 4.819, 129.877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 4.818, 259.854



99, 1.609, 259.422



89, 6.582, 164.072



53, 0.915, 259.423



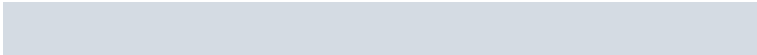
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 4.818, 259.854



96, 6.406, 260.039



85, 7.894, 291.490



45, 4.098, 260.227



36, 58.159, 286.985



7, 20.035, 277.891

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 6.580, 345.968



95, 8.770, 346.108



90, 7.764, 110.208



44, 5.622, 346.241



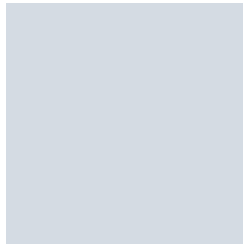
38, 63.942, 4.992



6, 26.129, 357.154

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 4.819, 259.877 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

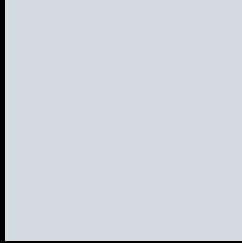
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 4.819, 259.877 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

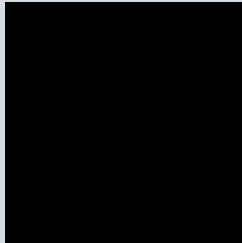
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

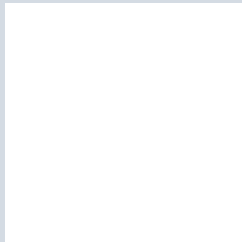
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 4.819, 259.877

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 4.819, 259.877.

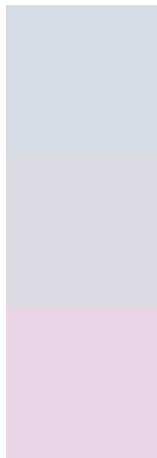


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 4.819, 259.877.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

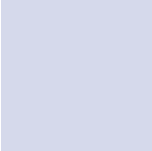
87, 4.819, 259.877

Protanopia

87, 4.265, 300.124

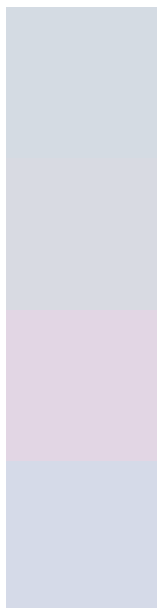
Deuteranopia

87, 12.174, 333.370



Tritanopia
87, 9.505, 282.600

Trichromacy



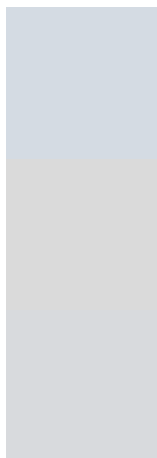
Original Color
87, 4.819, 259.877

Protanomaly
87, 4.240, 280.953

Deuteranomaly
87, 8.533, 320.748

Tritanomaly
87, 7.503, 277.387

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 4.819, 259.877

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 1.722, 265.885

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 4.819, 259.877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 219, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 219, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 219, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 219, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 4.819, 259.877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 219, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 219, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 219, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 219, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 219, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 219,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 4.819, 259.877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 219, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
219, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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