

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 40.296, 198.020)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 40.296, 198.020)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 40.462, 197.582)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5AEFF0
RGB	90, 239, 240
RGB Percent	35%, 94%, 94%
CMY	0.6483, 0.0638, 0.0599
CMYK	0.63, 0.00, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	180°, 83%, 65%
HSV	180°, 63%, 94%
XYZ	50.6593, 70.0064, 93.0717
YIQ	194.5630, -89.1250, -31.2770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

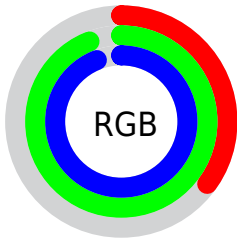
Format	Color
R _Y B	90, 165, 240
Decimal	5959664
CIE Lab	87.00, -38.57, -12.22
CIE LCh	87, 40.462, 197.582
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2370, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284149744 (0xFF5AEFF0)
YUV	194.5630, 22.4004, -91.7018
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -38.3463, -7.3835

Details

The CIELCh color **87, 40.462, 197.582** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **59, 65.278, 28.678**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 30.407, 197.545**, and **67, 38.617, 198.083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 43.655, 197.443**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 36.211, 197.796**.

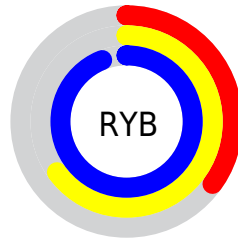
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (94%)

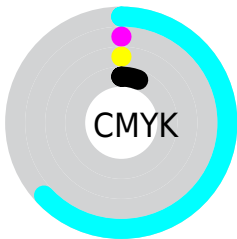
Blue (94%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (94%)

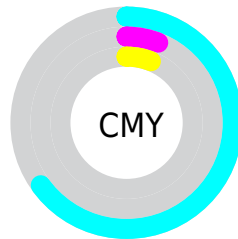


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 40.462, 197.582 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 40.462, 197.582 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 40.462,
197.582

■ 87, 40.462,
197.582

■ 100, 40.462,
197.582

■ 77, 40.462,
197.582

■ 67, 40.462,
197.582

■ 57, 40.462,
197.582

■ 47, 40.462,
197.582

■ 37, 40.462,
197.582

■ 27, 40.462,
197.582

■ 17, 40.462,

197.582

■ 7, 40.462, 197.582

■ 0, 40.462, 197.582

■ 87, 40.462,
197.582

■ 87, 40.462,
197.582

■ 86, 43.655,
197.443

■ 88, 36.211,
197.796

■ 86, 45.798,
197.382

■ 89, 30.957,
198.086

■ 86, 46.968,
197.393

■ 90, 24.796,
198.447

■ 86, 47.364,
197.438

■ 91, 17.853,
198.874

■ 93, 10.265,

199.371

■ 94, 2.167, 200.117

■ 96, 5.413, 20.291

■ 96, 5.357, 21.164

■ 96, 5.302, 22.056

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 40.462, 197.582



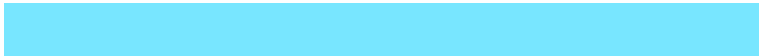
59, 65.278, 28.678

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 40.462, 197.582



87, 40.462, 247.582



87, 40.462, 17.582



87, 40.462, 67.582

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 40.462, 197.581



97, 15.969, 199.041



85, 90.050, 138.876



51, 10.887, 198.905



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 40.462, 197.581



91, 46.446, 197.419



66, 44.530, 269.022



49, 4.669, 199.547



67, 38.784, 197.420



20, 16.953, 197.275

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 88.516, 327.757



63, 104.710, 328.143



74, 53.418, 67.439



47, 8.569, 325.122



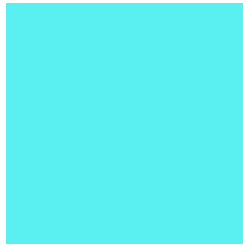
44, 89.828, 328.498



10, 39.242, 328.461

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 40.462, 197.582 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

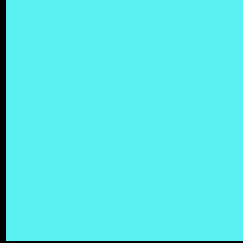
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 40.462, 197.582 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

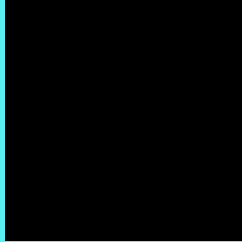
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 40.462, 197.582

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 40.462, 197.582.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 40.462, 197.582.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 37.424, 212.786

Trichromacy



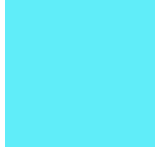
Original Color
87, 40.462, 197.582



Protanomaly
86, 17.709, 208.582



Deuteranomaly
86, 18.782, 238.903

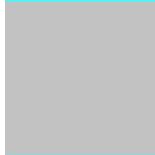


Tritanomaly
87, 38.302, 206.598

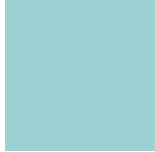
Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 40.462, 197.582



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 18.136, 199.823

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 40.462, 197.582 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 239, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 239, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 239, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 239, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 40.462, 197.582 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 239, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 239, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 239, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 239, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 239, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 239,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 40.462, 197.582 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 239, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 239,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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