

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 40.669, 122.503)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 40.669, 122.503)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 40.496, 122.583)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C8E498
RGB	200, 228, 152
RGB Percent	78%, 89%, 60%
CMY	0.2158, 0.1060, 0.4041
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.33, 0.11
HSL	82°, 58%, 74%
HSV	82°, 33%, 89%
XYZ	57.2074, 70.0064, 40.1880
YIQ	210.9640, 7.7080, -29.5720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

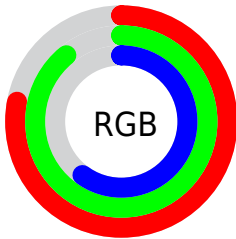
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	152, 228, 180
Decimal	13165720
CIELab	87.00, -21.81, 34.12
CIELCh	87, 40.496, 122.583
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3417, 0.4182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291355800 (0xFFC8E498)
YUV	210.9640, -29.0693, -9.6154
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -24.3768, 30.0909

# Details

The CIELCh color  $87, 40.496, 122.583$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFF99`. A complement of this color would be  $68, 43.073, 306.388$ , and the grayscale version is  $85, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99, 24.233, 108.340$ , and  $67, 40.821, 122.764$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $86, 52.192, 122.080$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88, 28.484, 123.122$ .

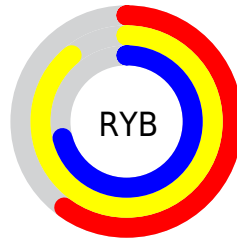
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (89%)

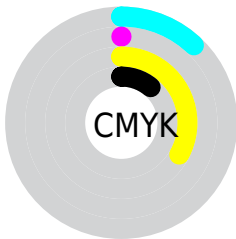
Blue (60%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (71%)

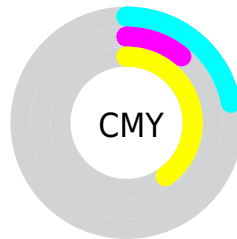


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 40.496, 122.583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 40.496, 122.583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 87, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 87, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 100, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 77, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 67, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 57, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 47, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 37, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 27, 40.496,  
122.583

■ 17, 40.496,


122.583

 7, 40.496, 122.583


 0, 40.496, 122.583

 87, 40.496,  
122.583


 87, 40.496,  
122.583

 86, 52.192,  
122.080

 88, 28.484,  
123.122

 85, 63.333,  
121.653

 89, 16.306,  
123.662


 85, 73.582,  
121.373

 90, 4.073, 124.199

 84, 82.472,  
121.340

 91, 8.143, 304.665

 83, 89.457,

 92, 14.864,  
310.150

121.674

93, 16.055,  
320.124

83, 94.111,  
122.480

93, 16.897,  
325.010

83, 96.130,  
123.234

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 40.496, 122.583



68, 43.073, 306.388

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 40.496, 122.583



87, 40.496, 172.583



87, 40.496, 302.583



87, 40.496, 352.583

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 40.498, 122.585



99, 13.387, 123.837



77, 24.925, 56.886



53, 9.134, 123.762



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



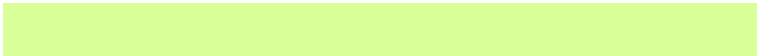


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 40.498, 122.585



95, 52.922, 122.230



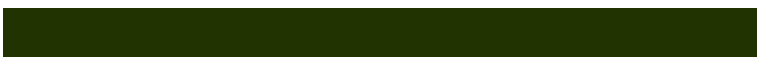
85, 46.536, 138.793



48, 6.980, 123.869



66, 79.903, 122.979



19, 31.054, 122.456



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 43.073, 306.388



70, 57.142, 306.895



72, 46.955, 322.319



44, 7.102, 304.845



25, 98.094, 309.354

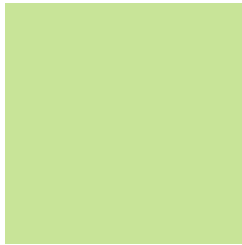


3, 34.834, 306.441



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 40.496, 122.583 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 40.496, 122.583 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

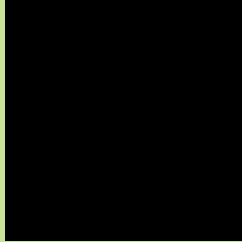
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 87, 40.496, 122.583**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 40.496, 122.583.

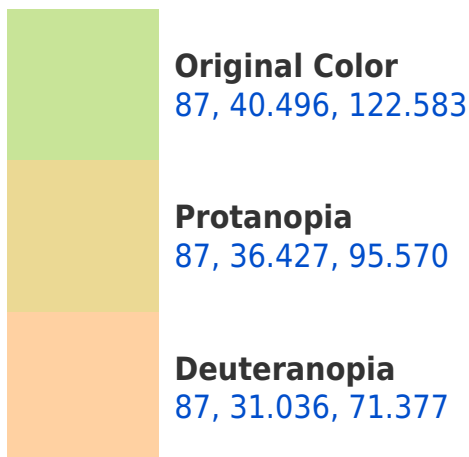


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 40.496, 122.583.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
87, 9.176, 275.658

# Trichromacy



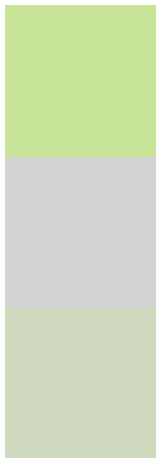
**Original Color**  
87, 40.496, 122.583

**Protanomaly**  
87, 37.048, 106.408

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 31.073, 93.423

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 10.465, 140.856

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 40.496, 122.583

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 14.619, 123.783

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 40.496, 122.583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 228, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 228, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 228, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 228, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 40.496, 122.583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 228, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 228, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 228, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 228, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 228, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 228,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 40.496, 122.583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 228, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
228, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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