

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 49.633, 160.659)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 49.633, 160.659)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 49.333, 160.692)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77F0B9
RGB	119, 240, 185
RGB Percent	47%, 94%, 73%
CMY	0.5318, 0.0573, 0.2731
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.23, 0.06
HSL	153°, 81%, 71%
HSV	153°, 50%, 94%
XYZ	47.7239, 70.0064, 57.0909
YIQ	197.5510, -54.4610, -42.7570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

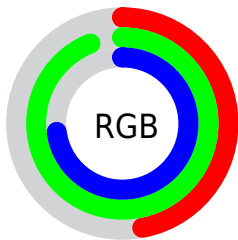
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	119, 197, 240
Decimal	7860409
CIELab	87.00, -46.56, 16.31
CIELCh	87, 49.333, 160.692
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2730, 0.4004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286050489 (0xFF77F0B9)
YUV	197.5510, -6.1876, -68.8892
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -44.6087, 18.1132

# Details

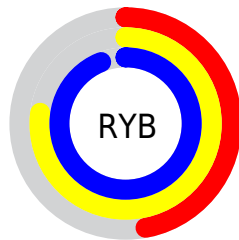
The CIELCh color **87, 49.333, 160.692** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **66, 52.987, 352.005**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 26.420, 181.872**, and **67, 49.132, 160.816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 57.667, 159.164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 40.287, 162.042**.

# Distribution



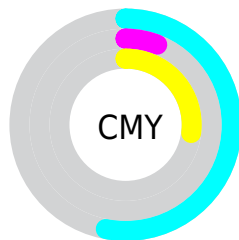
- Red (47%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 49.333, 160.692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 49.333, 160.692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 87, 49.333,  
160.692

 87, 49.333,  
160.692

 100, 49.333,  
160.692

 77, 49.333,  
160.692

 67, 49.333,  
160.692

 57, 49.333,  
160.692

 47, 49.333,  
160.692

 37, 49.333,  
160.692


 27, 49.333,  
160.692

 17, 49.333,


160.692

 7, 49.333, 160.692


 0, 49.333, 160.692


 87, 49.333,  
160.692

 87, 49.333,  
160.692


 86, 57.667,  
159.164

 88, 40.287,  
162.042


 85, 65.139,  
157.436

 90, 30.696,  
163.243

 85, 71.659,  
155.493

 91, 20.738,  
164.320

 84, 77.216,  
153.336

 93, 10.572,  
165.305

 84, 81.825,

 95, 0.336, 167.575

151.120

 96, 7.502, 333.725

 96, 9.115, 324.725

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 49.333, 160.692



66, 52.987, 352.005

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 49.333, 160.692



87, 49.333, 210.692



87, 49.333, 340.692



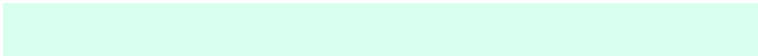
87, 49.333, 30.692

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 49.334, 160.691



97, 16.081, 164.849



88, 65.400, 127.899



51, 10.964, 164.640



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 49.334, 160.691



91, 60.183, 159.187



87, 34.200, 200.798



49, 5.799, 165.388



66, 66.294, 151.547



20, 26.938, 155.321



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 52.987, 352.005



65, 64.911, 353.840



65, 50.058, 27.358



47, 5.889, 346.945



39, 65.964, 6.324

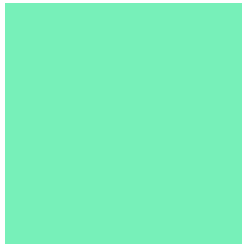


8, 29.090, 359.114



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 49.333, 160.692 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

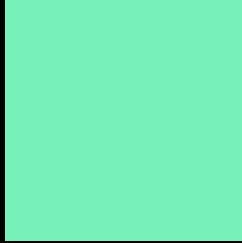
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 49.333, 160.692 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 87, 49.333, 160.692**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 49.333, 160.692.

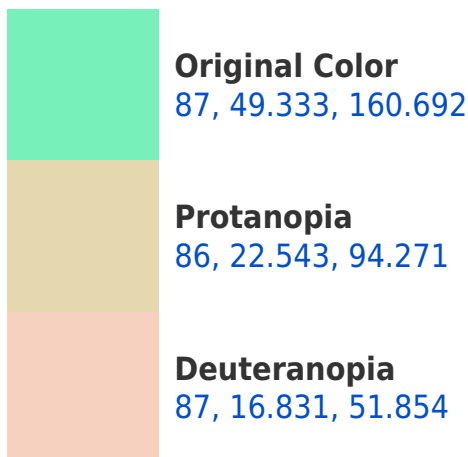


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 49.333, 160.692.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





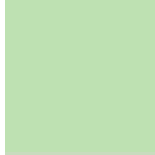


**Tritanopia**  
87, 29.367, 216.592

# Trichromacy



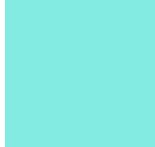
**Original Color**  
87, 49.333, 160.692



**Protanomaly**  
86, 27.809, 136.145



**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 17.394, 134.087

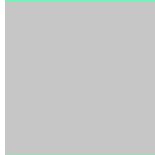


**Tritanomaly**  
87, 32.767, 188.904

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 49.333, 160.692



**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
82, 19.091, 164.314

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 49.333, 160.692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 240, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 240, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 240, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 240, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 49.333, 160.692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 240, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 240, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 240, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 240, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 240, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 240,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 49.333, 160.692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 240, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
240, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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