

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 50.983, 89.188)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 50.983, 89.188) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(87, 50.947, 89.215)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAD778
RGB	250, 215, 120
RGB Percent	98%, 84%, 47%
CMY	0.0212, 0.1583, 0.5308
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.52, 0.02
HSL	44°, 92%, 72%
HSV	44°, 52%, 98%
XYZ	66.8533, 70.0064, 27.6455
YIQ	214.6350, 51.3550, -22.1250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

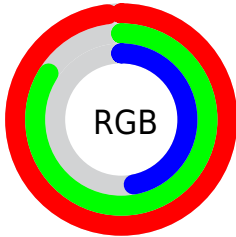
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	168, 250, 120
Decimal	16439160
CIELab	87.00, 0.70, 50.94
CIELCh	87, 50.947, 89.215
Yxy	70.0064, 0.4064, 0.4256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294629240 (0xFFFAD778)
YUV	214.6350, -46.6551, 31.0151
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -3.7983, 38.9788

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 50.947, 89.215** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **65, 53.052, 285.373**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 40.585, 107.080**, and **67, 51.129, 89.534** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 60.321, 87.812**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 41.179, 90.582**.

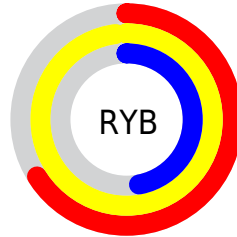
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (84%)

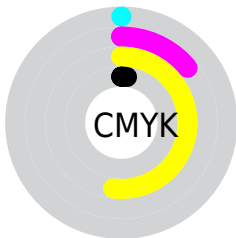
Blue (47%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (47%)

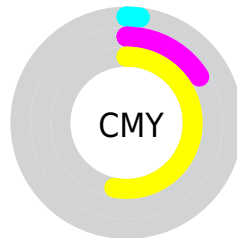


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (16%)

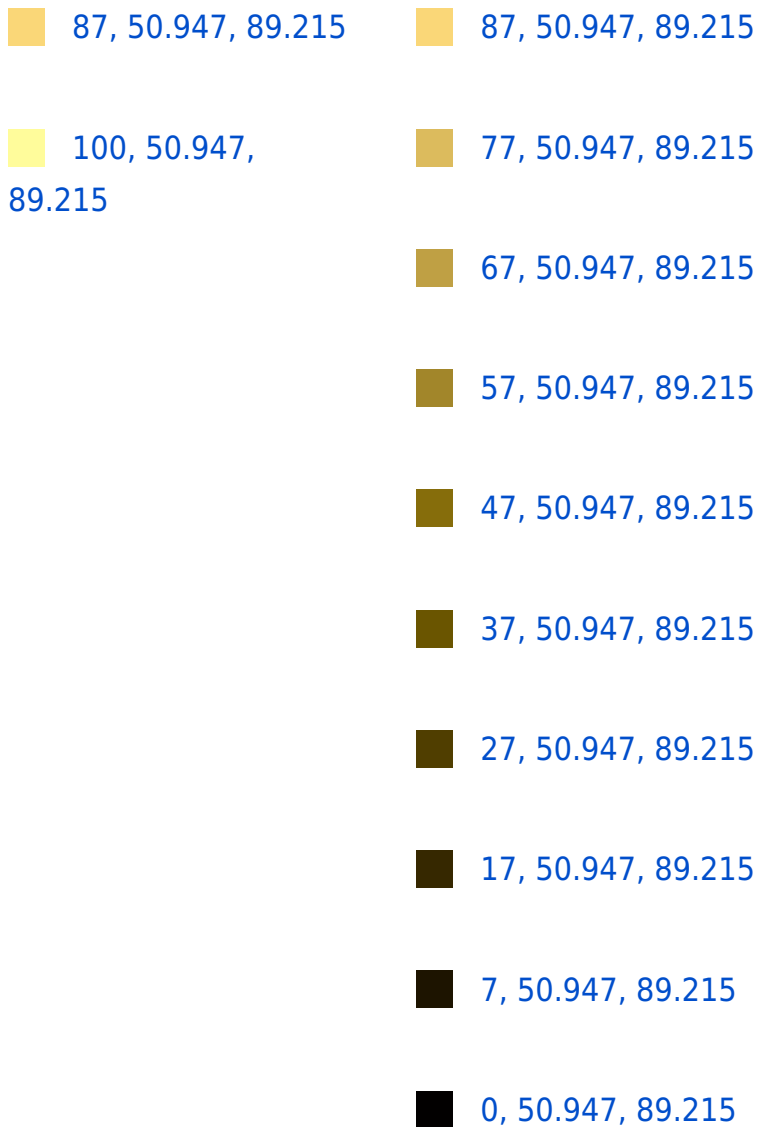
Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 50.947, 89.215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 50.947, 89.215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





87, 50.947, 89.215

87, 50.947, 89.215

85, 60.321, 87.812

89, 41.179, 90.582

83, 68.838, 86.336

91, 31.283, 91.910

81, 75.777, 84.729

93, 21.405, 93.201

80, 80.249, 82.883

95, 11.620, 94.449

78, 81.934, 81.198

98, 1.964, 95.564

100, 1.849,  
200.804

100, 1.875,  
199.640

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 50.947, 89.215



65, 53.052, 285.373

# Rectangle

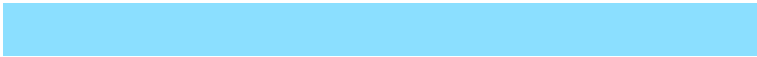
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 50.947, 89.215



87, 50.947, 139.215



87, 50.947, 269.215



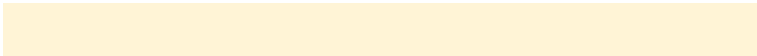
87, 50.947, 319.215

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



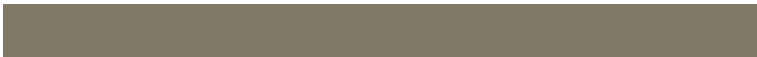
87, 50.948, 89.219



96, 15.729, 93.962



67, 53.351, 4.476



51, 10.635, 93.705



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 50.948, 89.219



87, 61.314, 87.811



94, 64.727, 115.272



51, 5.469, 94.760



61, 66.482, 81.626



19, 27.958, 84.266





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 53.052, 285.373



60, 65.217, 288.168



59, 73.782, 303.516



49, 5.502, 277.158



29, 85.889, 299.845



7, 33.443, 294.487



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 50.947, 89.215 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 50.947, 89.215 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 50.947, 89.215

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 50.947, 89.215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 50.947, 89.215.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

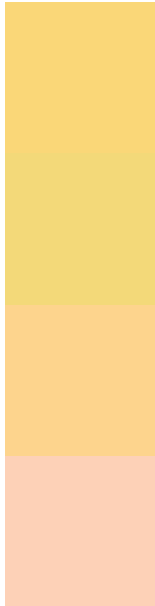




**Tritanopia**  
87, 19.763, 359.371



# Trichromacy



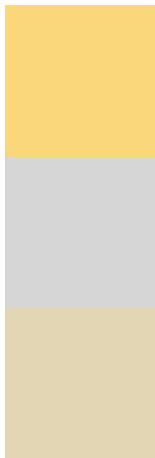
**Original Color**  
87, 50.947, 89.215

**Protanomaly**  
87, 50.278, 93.483

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 40.759, 82.469

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 22.078, 57.868

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 50.947, 89.215

**Achromatopsia**  
86, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
86, 18.446, 92.845

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 50.947, 89.215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 215, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 215, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 215, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 215, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 50.947, 89.215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 215, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 215, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 215, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 215, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 215, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 215,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 50.947, 89.215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 215, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
215, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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