

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 6.606, 15.285)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 6.606, 15.285) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(87, 6.606, 15.285)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8D6D7
RGB	232, 214, 215
RGB Percent	91%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.0910, 0.1616, 0.1577
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.07, 0.09
HSL	357°, 28%, 87%
HSV	357°, 8%, 91%
XYZ	69.4454, 70.0064, 74.0045
YIQ	219.4960, 10.4070, 4.1270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

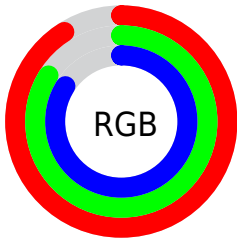
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 214, 215
Decimal	15259351
CIE Lab	87.00, 6.37, 1.74
CIE LCh	87, 6.606, 15.285
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3253, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293449431 (0xFFE8D6D7)
YUV	219.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 1.7317, 6.1279

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 6.606, 15.285** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 6.319, 194.373**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **67, 6.613, 15.181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 15.665, 16.258**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 1.833, 194.995**.

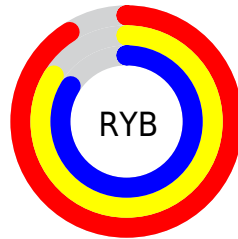
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (84%)

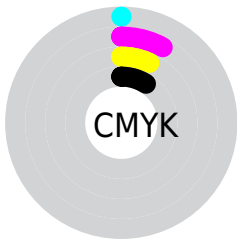
Blue (84%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (84%)

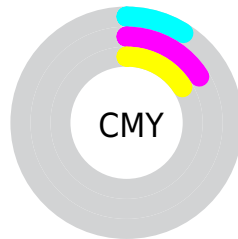


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 6.606, 15.285 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 6.606, 15.285 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





87, 6.606, 15.285

87, 6.606, 15.285

81, 15.665, 16.258

93, 1.833, 194.995

75, 25.346, 17.405

98, 7.924, 198.988

69, 35.587, 18.853

64, 46.242, 20.707

59, 57.065, 23.091

55, 67.718, 26.119

52, 77.811, 29.820

50, 86.856, 33.958

49, 93.895, 37.722

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 6.606, 15.285



91, 6.319, 194.373

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 6.606, 15.285



87, 6.606, 65.285



87, 6.606, 195.285



87, 6.606, 245.285

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 6.604, 15.302



99, 1.802, 14.593



87, 11.198, 323.011



53, 1.024, 14.567



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

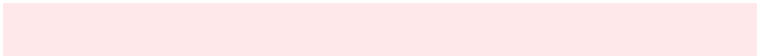


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 6.604, 15.302



94, 8.312, 15.421



89, 5.489, 66.930



45, 4.823, 15.458



37, 77.651, 37.740



6, 26.931, 19.475



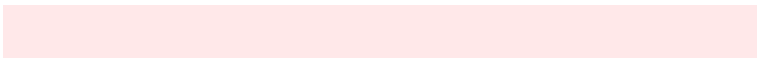


# Inverse Universe

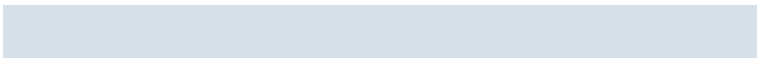
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 6.604, 15.302



94, 8.312, 15.421



89, 5.350, 248.877



45, 4.823, 15.458



37, 77.651, 37.740

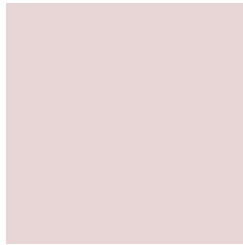


6, 26.931, 19.475



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 6.606, 15.285 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 6.606, 15.285 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

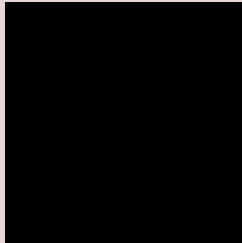
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

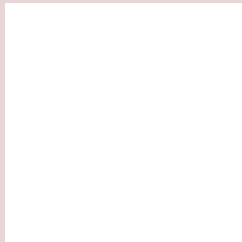
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 6.606, 15.285

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 6.606, 15.285.

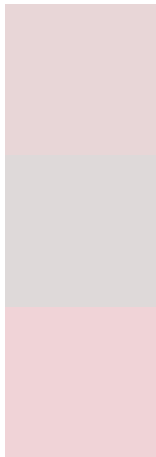


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 6.606, 15.285.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 6.606, 15.285

### Protanopia

87, 1.808, 19.211

### Deuteranopia

87, 10.869, 9.144



**Tritanopia**  
87, 11.543, 333.803



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 6.606, 15.285

**Protanomaly**  
87, 3.633, 19.508

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 9.312, 10.394

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 8.946, 344.319

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 6.606, 15.285

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 2.535, 19.357

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 6.606, 15.285 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 214, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 214, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 214, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 214, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 6.606, 15.285 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 214, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 214, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 214, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 214, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 214, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 214,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 6.606, 15.285 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 214, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
214, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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