

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 6.689, 205.439)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 6.689, 205.439) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 6.667, 203.543)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBDEDF
RGB	203, 222, 223
RGB Percent	80%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.2053, 0.1308, 0.1269
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	183°, 24%, 83%
HSV	183°, 9%, 87%
XYZ	63.8285, 70.0064, 79.7059
YIQ	216.4330, -11.6450, -3.7170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

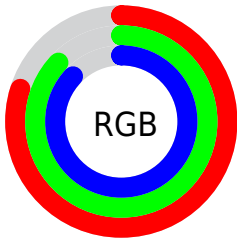
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 213, 223
Decimal	13360863
CIE _{Lab}	87.00, -6.11, -2.66
CIE _{LCh}	87, 6.667, 203.543
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2989, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291550943 (0xFFC _B DEDF)
YUV	216.4330, 3.2375, -11.7807
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -10.2513, 2.0878

Details

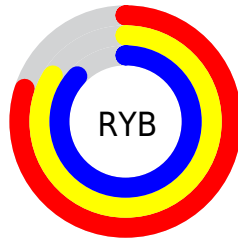
The CIELCh color `87, 6.667, 203.543` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `83, 7.064, 24.102`, and the grayscale version is `86, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `67, 6.623, 203.707` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 13.691, 203.165`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `89, 0.776, 23.036`.

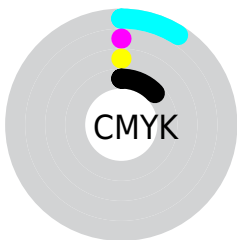
Distribution



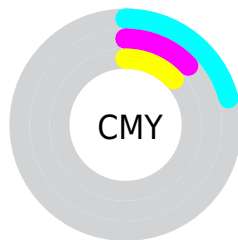
- Red (80%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 6.667, 203.543 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 6.667, 203.543 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 6.667, 203.543

■ 87, 6.667, 203.543

■ 100, 6.667,
203.543

■ 77, 6.667, 203.543

■ 67, 6.667, 203.543

■ 57, 6.667, 203.543

■ 47, 6.667, 203.543

■ 37, 6.667, 203.543

■ 27, 6.667, 203.543

■ 17, 6.667, 203.543

■ 7, 6.667, 203.543

■ 0, 6.667, 203.543

87, 6.667, 203.543

87, 6.667, 203.543

85, 13.691,
203.165

89, 0.776, 23.036

84, 20.174,
202.909

91, 8.534, 24.164

82, 25.993,
202.752

92, 11.089, 26.315

81, 31.027,
202.706

92, 10.764, 29.519

80, 35.173,
202.787

92, 10.476, 32.911

79, 38.357,
203.014

93, 10.227, 36.481

78, 40.556,
203.400

93, 10.020, 40.212

78, 41.806,
203.960

93, 9.858, 44.082

93, 9.743, 48.060

■ 77, 42.268,
204.685

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 6.667, 203.543



83, 7.064, 24.102

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



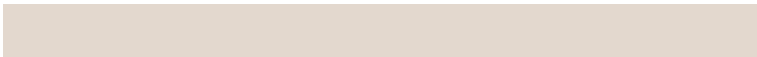
87, 6.667, 203.543



87, 6.667, 253.543



87, 6.667, 23.543



87, 6.667, 73.543

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 6.668, 203.527



99, 2.523, 203.919



87, 12.503, 144.832



53, 1.909, 203.833



0, 0.000, 0.000



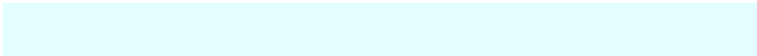
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

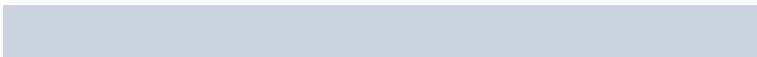
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 6.668, 203.527



98, 9.067, 203.438



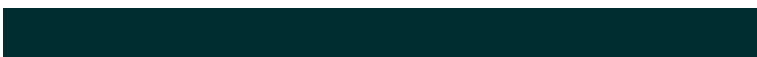
84, 6.442, 260.187



46, 4.238, 203.506



62, 35.512, 204.623



16, 14.732, 203.199

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 12.383, 326.284



93, 16.953, 326.407



86, 6.545, 77.764



44, 7.882, 326.312



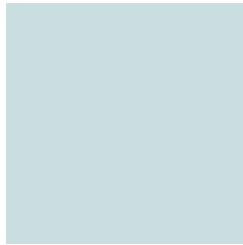
41, 84.149, 330.311



8, 34.749, 329.948

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 6.667, 203.543 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

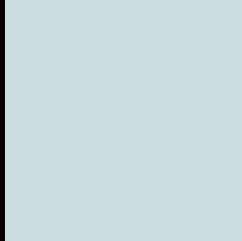
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 6.667, 203.543 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

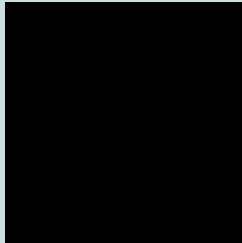
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

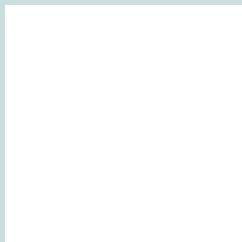
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 6.667, 203.543

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 6.667, 203.543.

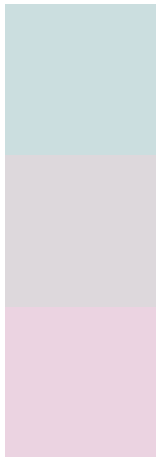


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 6.667, 203.543.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

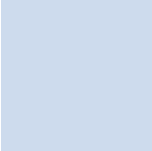
Dichromacy



Original Color
87, 6.667, 203.543

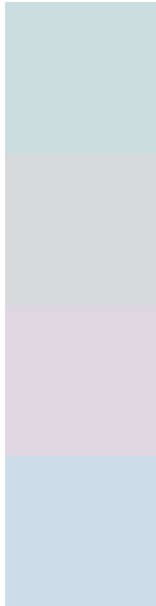
Protanopia
87, 2.782, 330.549

Deuteranopia
87, 11.368, 340.175



Tritanopia
87, 10.465, 263.782

Trichromacy



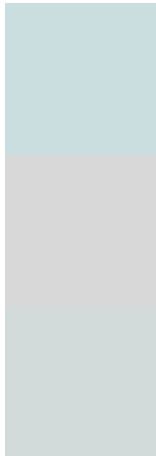
Original Color
87, 6.667, 203.543

Protanomaly
87, 2.108, 247.881

Deuteranomaly
87, 5.548, 321.547

Tritanomaly
87, 8.261, 248.842

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 6.667, 203.543

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 2.497, 199.463

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 6.667, 203.543 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 222, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 222, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 222, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 222, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 6.667, 203.543 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

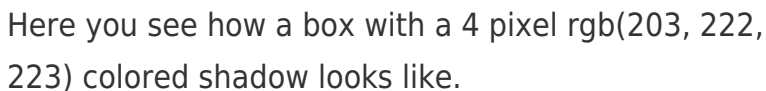
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 222, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 222, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 222, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 222, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 222, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 222,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 6.667, 203.543 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 222, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
222, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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