

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 68.900, 150.145)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 68.900, 150.145)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(87, 68.900, 150.145)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62F596
RGB	98, 245, 150
RGB Percent	38%, 96%, 59%
CMY	0.6163, 0.0397, 0.4123
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.39, 0.04
HSL	141°, 88%, 67%
HSV	141°, 60%, 96%
XYZ	43.1253, 70.0064, 40.0399
YIQ	190.2170, -57.1170, -60.7090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

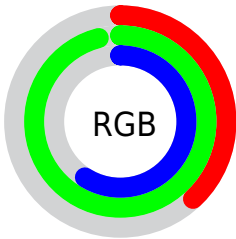
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	98, 207, 245
Decimal	6485398
CIE Lab	87.00, -59.76, 34.30
CIE LCh	87, 68.900, 150.145
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2815, 0.4570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284675478 (0xFF62F596)
YUV	190.2170, -19.8270, -80.8743
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -54.4193, 30.1958

# Details

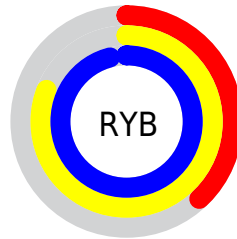
The CIELCh color **87, 68.900, 150.145** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **63, 69.418, 342.037**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 41.560, 158.649**, and **67, 69.107, 150.077** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 78.310, 148.482**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 58.550, 151.608**.

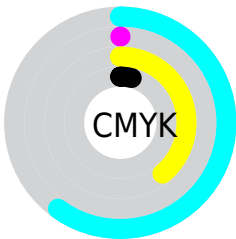
# Distribution



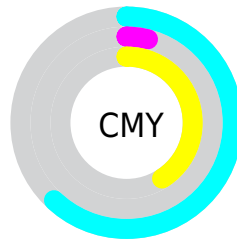
- Red (38%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 68.900, 150.145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 68.900, 150.145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 87, 68.900,  
150.145

 87, 68.900,  
150.145


 100, 68.900,  
150.145


 77, 68.900,  
150.145

 67, 68.900,  
150.145

 57, 68.900,  
150.145

 47, 68.900,  
150.145

 37, 68.900,  
150.145


 27, 68.900,  
150.145

 17, 68.900,


150.145

 7, 68.900, 150.145


 0, 68.900, 150.145

 87, 68.900,  
150.145


 87, 68.900,  
150.145


 86, 78.310,  
148.482


 88, 58.550,  
151.608


 86, 86.613,  
146.623


 89, 47.468,  
152.886

 85, 93.715,  
144.596

 91, 35.877,  
153.998

 85, 99.653,  
142.522

 92, 23.990,  
154.971

 94, 11.993,

155.835

 96, 0.040, 167.091

 98, 6.312, 324.612

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 68.900, 150.145



63, 69.418, 342.037

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 68.900, 150.145



87, 68.900, 200.145



87, 68.900, 330.145



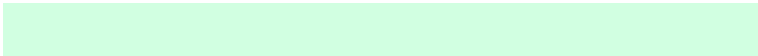
87, 68.900, 20.145

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 68.901, 150.145



96, 22.266, 155.152



91, 74.160, 120.685



51, 15.473, 154.887



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 68.901, 150.145



89, 82.664, 148.105



89, 44.380, 181.438



50, 6.786, 155.881



66, 80.416, 142.908



21, 33.191, 146.283



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 69.418, 342.037



61, 81.339, 343.733



61, 60.608, 16.733



48, 6.831, 337.203



41, 70.572, 349.062

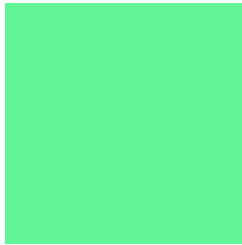


9, 32.250, 345.424



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 68.900, 150.145 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 68.900, 150.145 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 68.900, 150.145

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 68.900, 150.145.

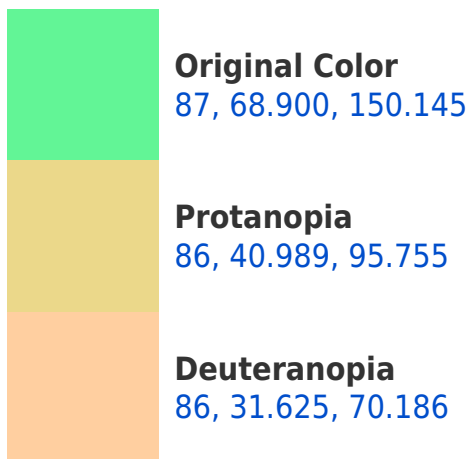


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 68.900, 150.145.


# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





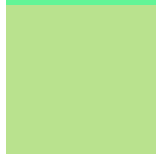


**Tritanopia**  
87, 31.538, 215.116

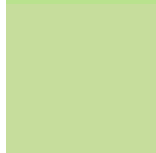
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 68.900, 150.145



**Protanomaly**  
85, 45.993, 126.893



**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 34.815, 122.227

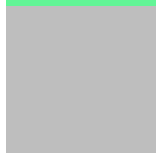


**Tritanomaly**  
87, 39.299, 178.855

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 68.900, 150.145



**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
80, 27.198, 154.372

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 68.900, 150.145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 245, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 245, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 245, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 245, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 68.900, 150.145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 245, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 245, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 245, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 245, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 245, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 245,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 68.900, 150.145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 245, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 245,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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