

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 70.654, 90.448)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 70.654, 90.448) contains.

<b>CIELCh(87, 70.676, 90.469)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(87, 70.676, 90.469)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED74B
RGB	254, 215, 75
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 29%
CMY	0.0050, 0.1578, 0.7068
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.71, 0.00
HSL	47°, 99%, 64%
HSV	47°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	66.2792, 70.0064, 16.6325
YIQ	210.7010, 68.1840, -35.2720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

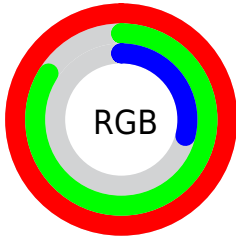
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">125, 254, 75</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16701259</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.00, -0.58, 70.67</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">87, 70.676, 90.469</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">70.0064, 0.4334, 0.4578</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294891339</a> (0xFFFE74B)
YUV	<a href="#">210.7010, -66.9006, 37.9732</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6698, -5.0231, 46.7828</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 70.676, 90.469** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **53, 80.478, 293.617**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 60.873, 105.518**, and **67, 70.442, 90.740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 77.809, 89.076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 61.908, 91.807**.

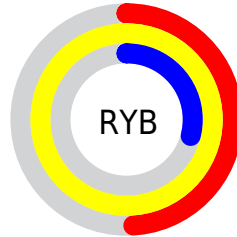
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

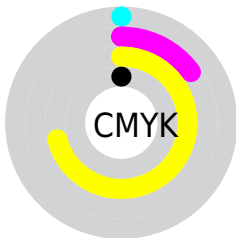
Blue (29%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (29%)

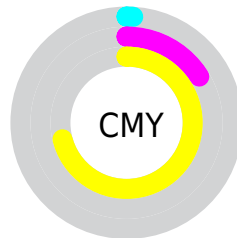


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (71%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 70.676, 90.469 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 70.676, 90.469 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 70.676, 90.469

 87, 70.676, 90.469

 100, 70.676,  
90.469

 77, 70.676, 90.469

 67, 70.676, 90.469

 57, 70.676, 90.469

 47, 70.676, 90.469

 37, 70.676, 90.469

 27, 70.676, 90.469

 17, 70.676, 90.469

 7, 70.676, 90.469

 0, 70.676, 90.469

87, 70.676, 90.469

87, 70.676, 90.469

85, 77.809, 89.076

89, 61.908, 91.807

84, 82.463, 87.554

90, 52.203, 93.110

83, 84.350, 85.939

92, 42.022, 94.392

94, 31.641, 95.652

96, 21.216, 96.884

97, 10.833, 98.076

99, 0.537, 98.884

100, 0.439,  
200.889

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 70.676, 90.469



53, 80.478, 293.617

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 70.676, 90.469



87, 70.676, 140.469



87, 70.676, 270.469



87, 70.676, 320.469

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 70.676, 90.472



96, 21.787, 96.826



59, 71.579, 13.735



51, 14.761, 96.489



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 70.676, 90.472



85, 80.553, 88.413



94, 85.239, 116.929



52, 5.866, 98.195



64, 68.296, 86.271



21, 30.092, 88.483





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 80.478, 293.617



45, 99.261, 298.115



47, 102.315, 306.766



50, 5.926, 280.502



28, 92.615, 301.902



6, 36.978, 297.057



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 70.676, 90.469 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 70.676, 90.469 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 70.676, 90.469

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 70.676, 90.469.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 70.676, 90.469.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 70.676, 90.469

### Protanopia

87, 70.134, 95.082

### Deuteranopia

87, 38.598, 79.332



**Tritanopia**  
87, 19.464, 2.263



# Trichromacy



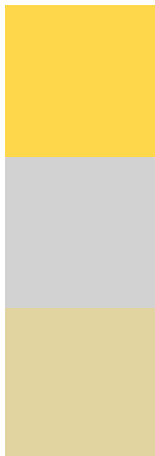
**Original Color**  
87, 70.676, 90.469

**Protanomaly**  
87, 70.192, 93.302

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 50.886, 85.211

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 29.749, 69.829

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 70.676, 90.469

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 27.180, 96.049

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 70.676, 90.469 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 215, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 215, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 215, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 215, 75) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 70.676, 90.469 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 215, 75) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 215, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 215, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 215, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 215, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 215,  
75) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 70.676, 90.469 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 215, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
215, 75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor