

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 8.452, 319.937)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 8.452, 319.937) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 8.533, 320.748)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E2D6E4
RGB	226, 214, 228
RGB Percent	89%, 84%, 89%
CMY	0.1129, 0.1600, 0.1051
CMYK	0.01, 0.06, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	291°, 21%, 87%
HSV	291°, 6%, 89%
XYZ	69.5544, 70.0064, 83.3909
YIQ	219.1840, 2.6580, 6.8980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

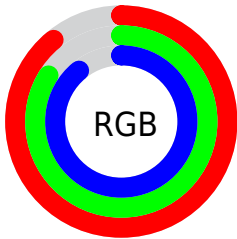
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	226, 214, 228
Decimal	14866148
CIE Lab	87.00, 6.61, -5.40
CIE LCh	87, 8.533, 320.748
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3120, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293056228 (0xFFE2D6E4)
YUV	219.1840, 4.3463, 5.9776
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 1.9641, -0.5235

# Details

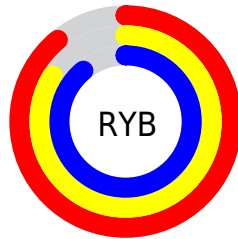
The CIELCh color  $87, 8.533, 320.748$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $89, 8.496, 140.225$ , and the grayscale version is  $88, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $67, 8.997, 320.839$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81, 22.601, 321.234$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $93, 5.303, 140.363$ .

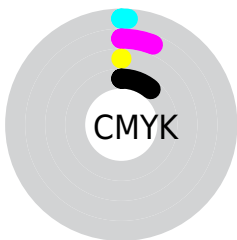
# Distribution



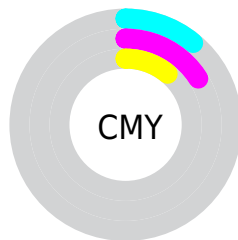
- Red (89%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 8.533, 320.748 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 8.533, 320.748 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 8.533, 320.748

87, 8.533, 320.748

100, 8.533,  
320.748

77, 8.533, 320.748

67, 8.533, 320.748

57, 8.533, 320.748

47, 8.533, 320.748

37, 8.533, 320.748

27, 8.533, 320.748

17, 8.533, 320.748

7, 8.533, 320.748

0, 8.533, 320.748

87, 8.533, 320.748

87, 8.533, 320.748

81, 22.601,  
321.234

93, 5.303, 140.363

75, 36.760,  
321.705

98, 15.847,  
139.245

70, 50.780,  
322.153

98, 15.279,  
135.591

65, 64.319,  
322.558

98, 14.778,  
131.642

60, 76.915,  
322.892

98, 14.352,  
127.407

56, 87.991,  
323.119

99, 14.010,  
122.910

53, 96.926,  
323.204

99, 13.759,  
118.189

51, 103.204,  
323.113

99, 13.608,  
113.301

■ 49,106.632,  
322.828

■ 99,13.561,  
109.153

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 8.533, 320.748



89, 8.496, 140.225

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 8.533, 320.748



87, 8.533, 10.748



87, 8.533, 140.748



87, 8.533, 190.748

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 8.531, 320.747



99, 3.038, 320.496



87, 6.271, 283.961



53, 1.727, 320.487



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 8.531, 320.747



95, 10.659, 320.793



87, 6.964, 336.762



46, 6.354, 320.819



38, 89.429, 322.770



7, 37.208, 323.492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 5.209, 8.125



95, 6.521, 8.224



89, 6.925, 155.993



46, 3.892, 8.279



37, 73.748, 33.266

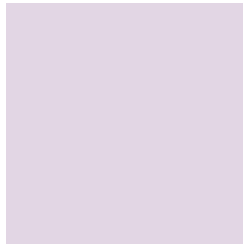


7, 26.738, 15.819



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 8.533, 320.748 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

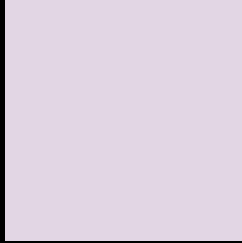
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 8.533, 320.748 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

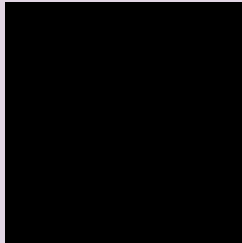
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

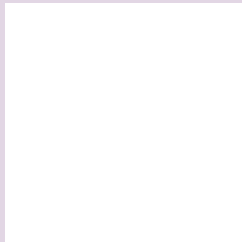
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 87, 8.533, 320.748**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 8.533, 320.748.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 8.533, 320.748.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
87, 10.076, 318.040

# Trichromacy



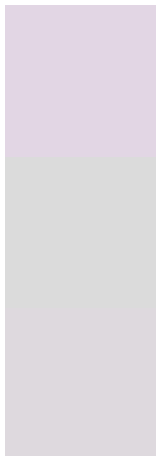
**Original Color**  
87, 8.533, 320.748

**Protanomaly**  
87, 7.063, 305.216

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 11.242, 327.882

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 9.616, 319.470

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 8.533, 320.748

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 3.196, 324.478

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 8.533, 320.748 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 214, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 214, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 214, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 214, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 8.533, 320.748 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

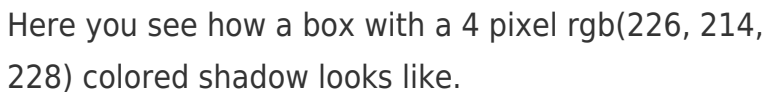
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 214, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 214, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 214, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 214, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 214, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 214, 228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 8.533, 320.748 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 214, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
214, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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