

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 9.330, 198.999)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 9.330, 198.999) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 9.383, 198.814)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4DFDF
RGB	196, 223, 223
RGB Percent	77%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.2305, 0.1246, 0.1246
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	180°, 30%, 82%
HSV	180°, 12%, 88%
XYZ	62.6249, 70.0064, 80.1884
YIQ	214.9270, -16.0920, -5.7240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

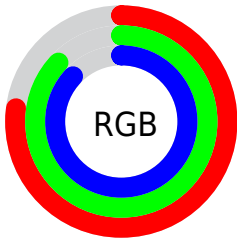
Format	Color
R _Y B	196, 210, 223
Decimal	12902367
CIE Lab	87.00, -8.88, -3.03
CIE LCh	87, 9.383, 198.814
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2943, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291092447 (0xFFC4DFDF)
YUV	214.9270, 3.9800, -16.5990
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -12.8191, 1.7459

Details

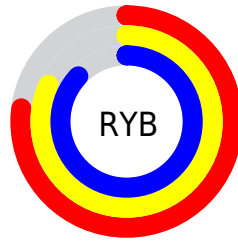
The CIELCh color **87, 9.383, 198.814** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **81, 10.137, 20.136**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.695, 200.315**, and **67, 9.443, 198.644** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 16.628, 198.278**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 1.666, 199.638**.

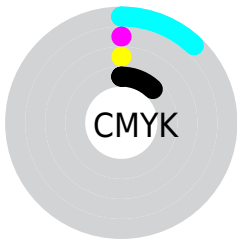
Distribution



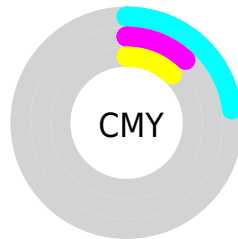
- Red (77%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 9.383, 198.814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 9.383, 198.814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 9.383, 198.814

■ 87, 9.383, 198.814

■ 100, 9.383,
198.814

■ 77, 9.383, 198.814

■ 67, 9.383, 198.814

■ 57, 9.383, 198.814

■ 47, 9.383, 198.814

■ 37, 9.383, 198.814

■ 27, 9.383, 198.814

■ 17, 9.383, 198.814

■ 7, 9.383, 198.814

■ 0, 9.383, 198.814

87, 9.383, 198.814

87, 9.383, 198.814

86, 16.628,
198.278

89, 1.666, 199.638

84, 23.270,
197.819

90, 6.406, 19.756

83, 29.182,
197.421

91, 11.647, 20.170

83, 34.245,
197.085

91, 11.647, 20.163

82, 38.368,
196.816

91, 11.647, 20.156

81, 41.498,
196.614

91, 11.647, 20.149

81, 43.637,
196.477

91, 11.647, 20.142

81, 44.854,
196.398

91, 11.646, 20.135

91, 11.646, 20.128

■ 81, 45.327,
196.367

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 9.383, 198.814



81, 10.137, 20.136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 9.383, 198.814



87, 9.383, 248.814



87, 9.383, 18.814



87, 9.383, 68.814

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 9.384, 198.804



99, 3.526, 199.359



86, 17.208, 143.301



53, 2.501, 199.288



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 9.384, 198.804



97, 12.851, 198.637



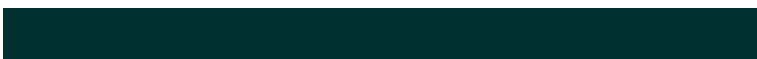
84, 8.330, 255.232



46, 4.454, 198.960



65, 37.943, 196.367



17, 15.586, 196.370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 10.137, 20.136



90, 14.168, 20.386



85, 8.609, 72.092



44, 4.728, 19.923



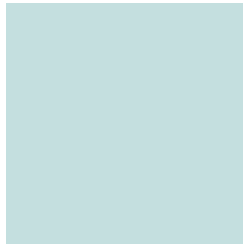
36, 79.108, 39.947



6, 25.541, 20.933

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 9.383, 198.814 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

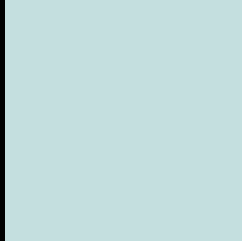
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 9.383, 198.814 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

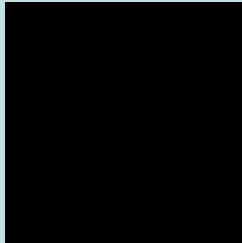
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

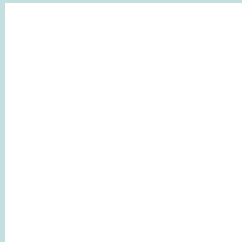
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 9.383, 198.814

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 9.383, 198.814.

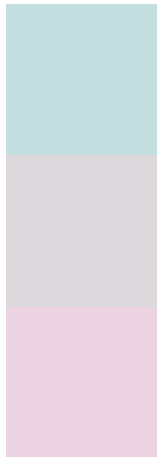


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 9.383, 198.814.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87, 9.383, 198.814

Protanopia

87, 2.409, 338.634

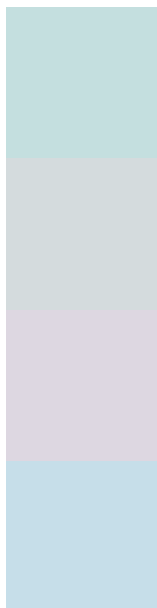
Deuteranopia

87, 11.706, 338.210



Tritanopia
87, 11.445, 250.332

Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 9.383, 198.814

Protanomaly
87, 2.683, 222.442

Deuteranomaly
87, 5.691, 312.638

Tritanomaly
87, 9.891, 234.700

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 9.383, 198.814

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 3.556, 199.317

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 9.383, 198.814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 223, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 223, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 223, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 223, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 9.383, 198.814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

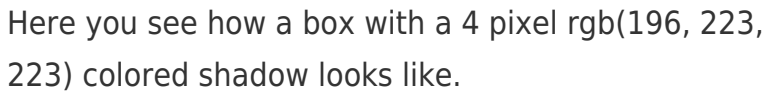
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 223, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 223, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 223, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 223, 223); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 223, 223); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 223, 223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 9.383, 198.814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 223, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
223, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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