

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 9.953, 109.093)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 9.953, 109.093) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 9.897, 109.338)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBDBC8
RGB	219, 219, 200
RGB Percent	86%, 86%, 78%
CMY	0.1406, 0.1405, 0.2151
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.14
HSL	60°, 21%, 82%
HSV	60°, 9%, 86%
XYZ	65.0763, 70.0064, 64.8211
YIQ	216.8340, 6.0990, -5.9090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

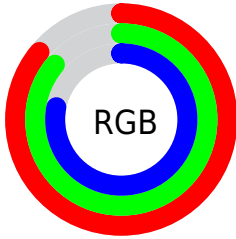
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 219, 200
Decimal	14408648
CIE Lab	87.00, -3.28, 9.34
CIE LCh	87, 9.897, 109.338
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3255, 0.3502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292598728 (0xFFDBDBC8)
YUV	216.8340, -8.2992, 1.8996
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -7.5894, 12.6354

Details

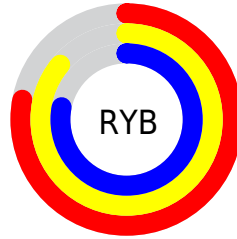
The CIELCh color **87, 9.897, 109.338** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **81, 10.104, 291.081**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **67, 9.893, 109.137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 21.261, 108.380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 1.530, 290.358**.

Distribution



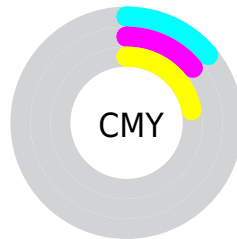
- Red (86%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (22%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 9.897, 109.338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 9.897, 109.338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 87, 9.897, 109.338

 87, 9.897, 109.338

 100, 9.897,
109.338

 77, 9.897, 109.338

 67, 9.897, 109.338

 57, 9.897, 109.338

 47, 9.897, 109.338

 37, 9.897, 109.338

 27, 9.897, 109.338

 17, 9.897, 109.338

 7, 9.897, 109.338

 0, 9.897, 109.338

87, 9.897, 109.338

87, 9.897, 109.338

87, 21.261,
108.380

88, 1.530, 290.358

86, 32.478,
107.412

88, 12.974,
291.255

86, 43.427,
106.464

88, 18.718,
291.715

86, 53.918,
105.561

88, 18.718,
291.720

85, 63.661,
104.732

88, 18.718,
291.725

85, 72.238,
104.015

88, 18.718,
291.730

85, 79.121,
103.451

88, 18.718,
291.735

85, 83.801,
103.075

88, 18.718,
291.740

■ 85, 86.188,
102.886

■ 88, 18.718,
291.745

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 9.897, 109.338



81, 10.104, 291.081

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 9.897, 109.338



87, 9.897, 159.338



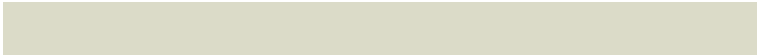
87, 9.897, 289.338



87, 9.897, 339.338

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 9.899, 109.347



100, 3.868, 109.878



82, 7.062, 19.871



53, 2.934, 109.805



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 9.899, 109.347



99, 12.905, 109.211



86, 10.548, 128.698



46, 6.483, 109.274



69, 72.577, 102.866



18, 26.501, 104.174

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 10.104, 291.081



92, 13.211, 291.238



82, 10.685, 309.444



42, 6.628, 291.165



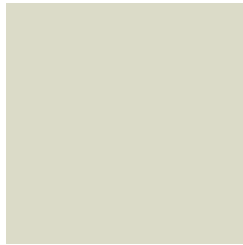
20, 100.214, 306.288



2, 29.602, 294.921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 9.897, 109.338 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

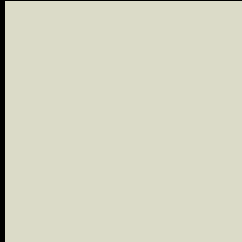
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 9.897, 109.338 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

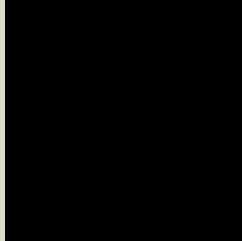
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

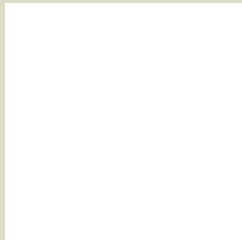
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 9.897, 109.338

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 9.897, 109.338.

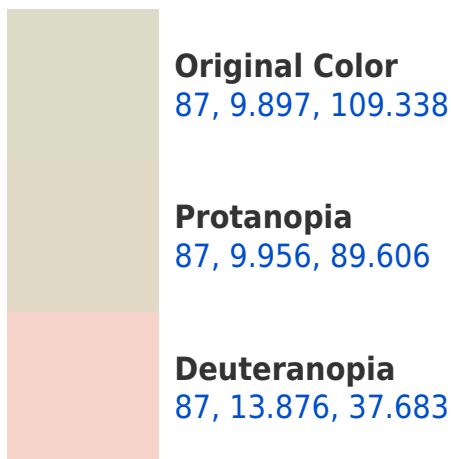


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 9.897, 109.338.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

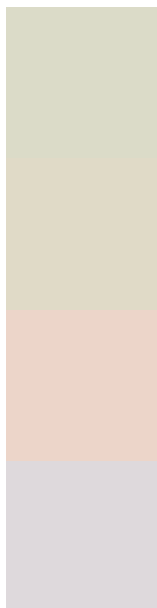
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 9.007, 311.498

Trichromacy



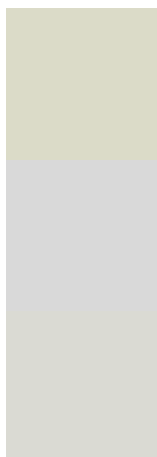
Original Color
87, 9.897, 109.338

Protanomaly
87, 10.138, 96.563

Deuteranomaly
87, 10.681, 55.614

Tritanomaly
87, 2.407, 338.633

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 9.897, 109.338

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 3.646, 109.853

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 9.897, 109.338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 219, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 219, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 219, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 219, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 9.897, 109.338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 219, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 219, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 219, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 219, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 219, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 219,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 9.897, 109.338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 219, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
219, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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