

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 1.321, 110.016)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 1.321, 110.016) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 1.553, 110.004)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | DDDDDA |
| RGB | 221, 221, 218 |
| RGB Percent | 87%, 87%, 85% |
| CMY | 0.1338, 0.1337, 0.1455 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.13 |
| HSL | 60°, 4%, 86% |
| HSV | 60°, 1%, 87% |
| XYZ | 68.2526, 72.0653, 76.5666 |
| YIQ | 220.6580, 0.9630, -0.9330 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

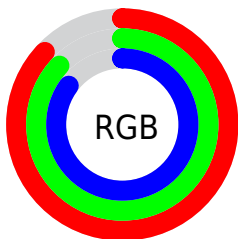
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _{YB} | 218, 221, 218 |
| Decimal | 14540250 |
| CIE Lab | 88.00, -0.53, 1.46 |
| CIE LCh | 88, 1.553, 110.004 |
| Yxy | 72.0653, 0.3147, 0.3323 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292730330 (0xFFDDDDDA) |
| YUV | 220.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999 |
| Hunter-Lab | 84.8913, -5.0456, 5.9480 |

Details

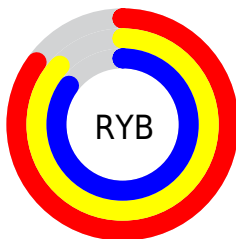
The CIELCh color **88, 1.553, 110.004** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 1.580, 290.403**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 1.641, 109.975** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 13.045, 109.133**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 9.963, 291.049**.

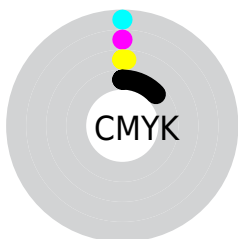
Distribution



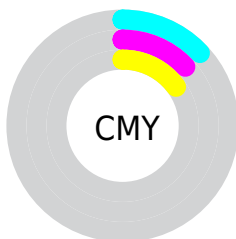
- Red (87%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 1.553, 110.004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 1.553, 110.004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88, 1.553, 110.004

88, 1.553, 110.004

87, 13.045,
109.133

89, 9.963, 291.049

87, 24.450,
108.164

89, 17.789,
291.680

87, 35.681,
107.201

89, 17.789,
291.711

86, 46.598,
106.264

89, 17.789,
291.743

86, 56.986,
105.379

89, 17.789,
291.774

86, 66.519,
104.578

89, 17.790,
291.805

86, 74.744,
103.901

89, 17.790,
291.836

86, 81.112,
103.388

89, 17.790,
291.867

■ 86, 85.159,
103.070

■ 89, 17.790,
291.898

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 1.553, 110.004



87, 1.580, 290.403

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 1.553, 110.004



88, 1.553, 160.004



88, 1.553, 290.004



88, 1.553, 340.004

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 1.555, 110.056

100, 0.012, 296.813



87, 1.084, 18.940



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 1.555, 110.056



100, 2.575, 110.008



88, 1.653, 129.087



46, 1.293, 110.018



69, 72.577, 102.933



18, 26.500, 104.236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 1.580, 290.403



98, 2.609, 290.454



87, 1.676, 309.051



45, 1.311, 290.443



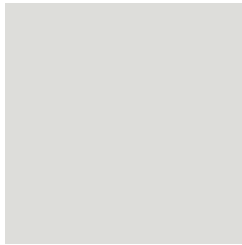
20, 100.209, 306.291



2, 29.603, 294.948

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 1.553, 110.004 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

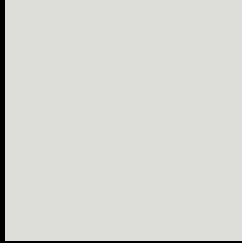
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 1.553, 110.004 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

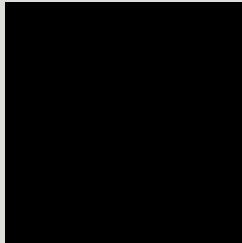
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

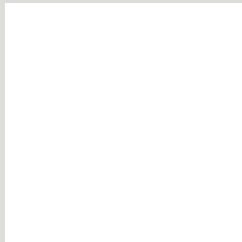
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 1.553, 110.004

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 1.553, 110.004.

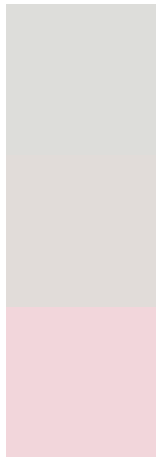


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 1.553, 110.004.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

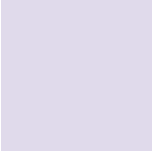
88, 1.553, 110.004

Protanopia

88, 2.375, 60.303

Deuteranopia

88, 10.575, 5.939



Tritanopia
88, 9.166, 304.157

Trichromacy



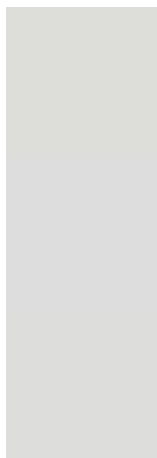
Original Color
88, 1.553, 110.004

Protanomaly
88, 2.113, 66.755

Deuteranomaly
88, 6.279, 10.244

Tritanomaly
88, 5.438, 305.699

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 1.553, 110.004

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 0.511, 109.999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 1.553, 110.004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 221, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 221, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 221, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 221, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 1.553, 110.004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 221, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 221, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 221, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 221, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 221, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 221,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 1.553, 110.004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 221, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
221, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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