

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 1.635, 324.337)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 1.635, 324.337) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 1.282, 324.274)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEDCDE
RGB	222, 220, 222
RGB Percent	87%, 86%, 87%
CMY	0.1290, 0.1368, 0.1290
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	300°, 3%, 87%
HSV	300°, 1%, 87%
XYZ	68.9741, 72.0653, 79.4537
YIQ	220.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

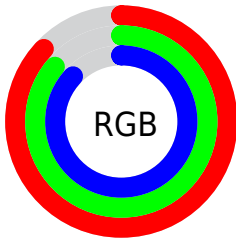
Format	Color
R _Y B	222, 220, 222
Decimal	14605534
CIE Lab	88.00, 1.04, -0.75
CIE LCh	88, 1.282, 324.274
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3128, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292795614 (0xFFDEDCDE)
YUV	220.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -3.5287, 3.9316

Details

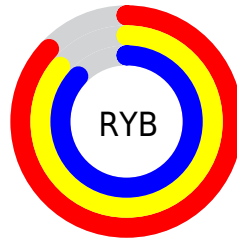
The CIELCh color `88, 1.282, 324.274` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `88, 1.261, 144.612`, and the grayscale version is `88, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `68, 1.350, 324.340` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `82, 15.532, 325.021`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `94, 12.721, 143.974`.

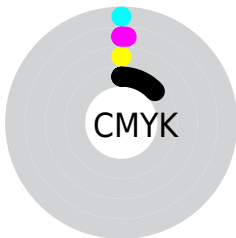
Distribution



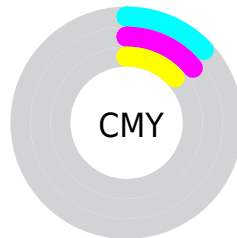
- Red (87%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 1.282, 324.274 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 1.282, 324.274 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88, 1.282, 324.274

■ 88, 1.282, 324.274

100, 1.282,
324.274

■ 78, 1.282, 324.274

■ 68, 1.282, 324.274

■ 58, 1.282, 324.274

■ 48, 1.282, 324.274

■ 38, 1.282, 324.274

■ 28, 1.282, 324.274

■ 18, 1.282, 324.274

■ 8, 1.282, 324.274

■ 0, 1.282, 324.274

88, 1.282, 324.274

88, 1.282, 324.274

82, 15.532,
325.021

94, 12.721,
143.974

77, 29.880,
325.577

97, 20.562,
143.665

72, 44.084,
326.114

97, 20.562,
143.664

67, 57.803,
326.622

97, 20.562,
143.663

63, 70.593,
327.083

97, 20.562,
143.663

60, 81.921,
327.482

97, 20.562,
143.662

57, 91.234,
327.801

97, 20.562,
143.661

55, 98.079,
328.032

97, 20.561,
143.661

■ 53, 102.255,
328.170

■ 97, 20.561,
143.660

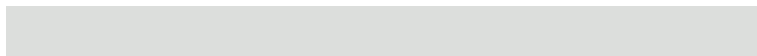
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 1.282, 324.274



88, 1.261, 144.612

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 1.282, 324.274



88, 1.282, 14.274



88, 1.282, 144.274



88, 1.282, 194.274

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 1.280, 324.273

100, 0.012, 296.813



88, 1.034, 289.671



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 1.280, 324.273



99, 1.592, 324.302



88, 0.908, 342.361



47, 0.815, 324.286



42, 87.490, 328.231



8, 35.926, 328.228

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 0.719, 18.628



99, 0.895, 18.725



88, 0.893, 163.176



47, 0.458, 18.672



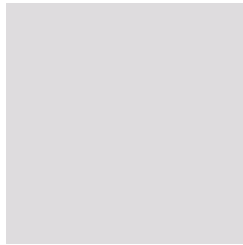
36, 79.112, 39.951



6, 25.541, 20.937

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 1.282, 324.274 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

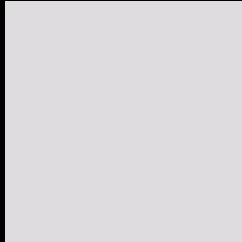
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 1.282, 324.274 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

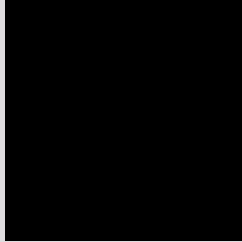
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

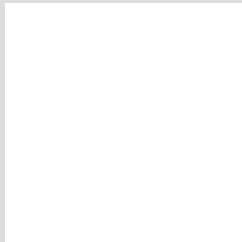
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 1.282, 324.274

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 1.282, 324.274.

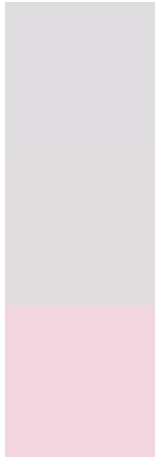


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 1.282, 324.274.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88, 1.282, 324.274

Protanopia

88, 1.791, 343.550

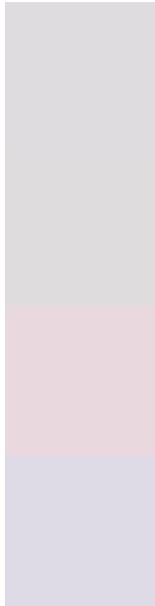
Deuteranopia

88, 10.885, 354.718



Tritanopia
88, 9.166, 304.157

Trichromacy



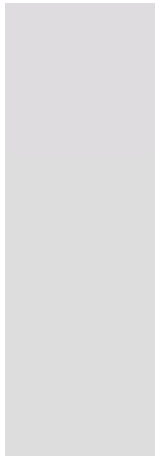
Original Color
88, 1.282, 324.274

Protanomaly
88, 1.516, 335.510

Deuteranomaly
88, 7.484, 350.738

Tritanomaly
88, 5.944, 304.406

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 1.282, 324.274

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 0.010, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 1.282, 324.274 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 220, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 220, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 220, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 220, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 1.282, 324.274 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 220, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 220, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 220, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 220, 222); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 220, 222); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 220, 222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 1.282, 324.274 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 220, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
220, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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