

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 1.932, 152.056)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 1.932, 152.056) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 2.128, 152.388)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DADEDB
RGB	218, 222, 219
RGB Percent	85%, 87%, 86%
CMY	0.1461, 0.1304, 0.1422
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.13
HSL	135°, 6%, 86%
HSV	135°, 2%, 87%
XYZ	67.6351, 72.0653, 77.1791
YIQ	220.4620, -1.4210, -1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

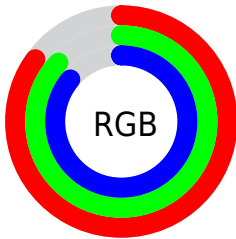
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 221, 222
Decimal	14343899
CIE Lab	88.00, -1.89, 0.99
CIE LCh	88, 2.128, 152.388
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3119, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292533979 (0xFFDADEDB)
YUV	220.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -6.3440, 5.5202

Details

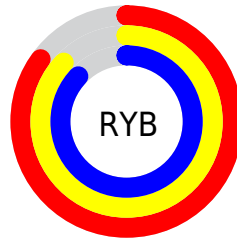
The CIELCh color **88, 2.128, 152.388** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 2.148, 332.286**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 2.247, 152.314** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 14.064, 151.544**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 9.633, 332.787**.

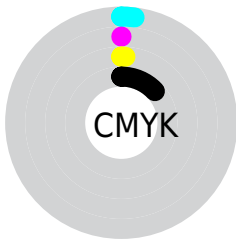
Distribution



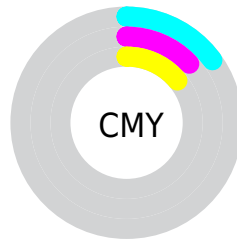
- Red (85%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 2.128, 152.388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 2.128, 152.388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 2.128, 152.388

 88, 2.128, 152.388

 100, 2.128,
152.388

 78, 2.128, 152.388

 68, 2.128, 152.388

 58, 2.128, 152.388

 48, 2.128, 152.388

 38, 2.128, 152.388

 28, 2.128, 152.388

 18, 2.128, 152.388

 8, 2.128, 152.388

 0, 2.128, 152.388

■ 88, 2.128, 152.388

■ 88, 2.128, 152.388

■ 86, 14.064,
151.544

■ 90, 9.633, 332.787

■ 84, 26.050,
150.729

■ 92, 19.575,
327.713

■ 83, 37.931,
149.796

■ 92, 20.816,
325.149


■ 81, 49.510,
148.719

■ 80, 60.560,
147.478

■ 79, 70.836,
146.062

■ 79, 80.094,
144.474

■ 78, 88.120,
142.742

 78, 94.748,
140.930

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 2.128, 152.388



87, 2.148, 332.286

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 2.128, 152.388



88, 2.128, 202.388



88, 2.128, 332.388



88, 2.128, 22.388

Sweetspot

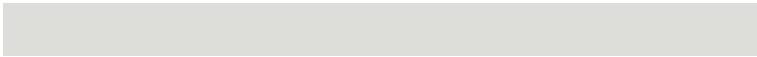
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 2.130, 152.380



100, 1.317, 152.562



88, 2.106, 119.172



53, 0.748, 152.581



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 2.130, 152.380



100, 2.645, 152.349



88, 1.538, 178.491



46, 1.328, 152.368



62, 81.898, 139.823



15, 29.604, 144.841

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 2.148, 332.286



99, 2.666, 332.317



87, 1.556, 358.138



46, 1.339, 332.298



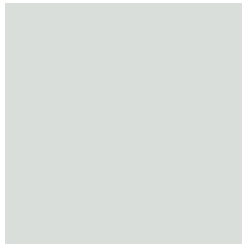
39, 71.552, 341.268



6, 28.995, 338.522

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 2.128, 152.388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

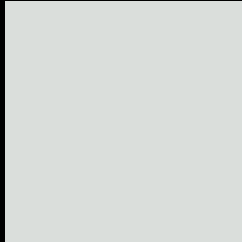
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 2.128, 152.388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

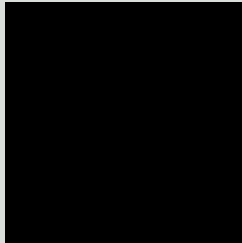
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

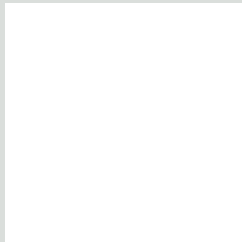
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 2.128, 152.388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 2.128, 152.388.

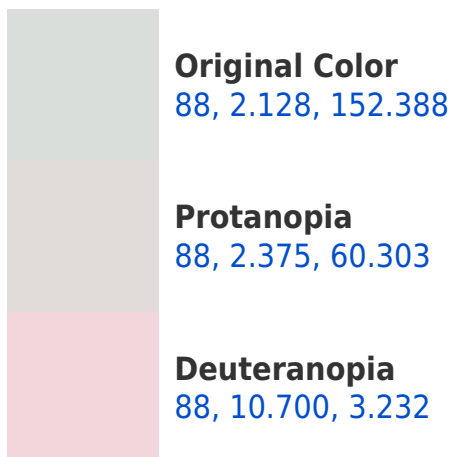


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 2.128, 152.388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

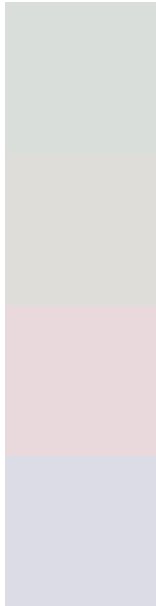
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
88, 8.901, 293.157

Trichromacy



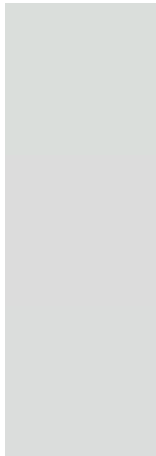
Original Color
88, 2.128, 152.388

Protanomaly
88, 1.590, 96.896

Deuteranomaly
88, 6.025, 4.743

Tritanomaly
88, 5.235, 286.771

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 2.128, 152.388

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 0.885, 164.071

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 2.128, 152.388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 222, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 222, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 222, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 222, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 2.128, 152.388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 222, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 222, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 222, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 222, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 222, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 222,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 2.128, 152.388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 222, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
222, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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