

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 111.548, 6.841)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(88, 111.548, 6.841) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(63, 79.174, 340.938)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE54C8
RGB	254, 84, 200
RGB Percent	100%, 33%, 78%
CMY	0.0039, 0.6706, 0.2153
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	319°, 99%, 66%
HSV	319°, 67%, 100%
XYZ	54.4842, 31.5869, 57.9339
YIQ	148.0540, 64.0840, 72.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

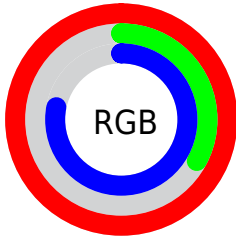
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 84, 200
Decimal	16667848
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.00, 74.83, -25.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 79.174, 340.938
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3783, 0.2193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294857928 (0xFFFE54C8)
YUV	148.0540, 25.6094, 92.9146
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 74.6894, -21.7753

# Details

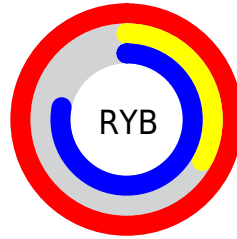
The CIELCh color **63, 79.174, 340.938** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **89, 80.123, 147.575**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 68.506, 326.765**, and **43, 77.718, 340.975** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 85.865, 342.305**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 70.074, 339.771**.

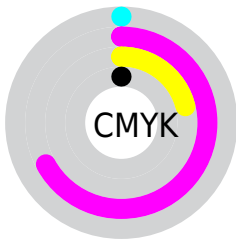
# Distribution



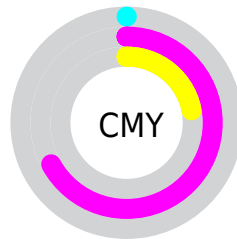
- Red (100%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 79.174, 340.938 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 79.174, 340.938 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63, 79.174,  
340.938


 63, 79.174,  
340.938


 100, 79.174,  
340.938


 53, 79.174,  
340.938


 83, 79.174,  
340.938

 43, 79.174,  
340.938

 93, 79.174,  
340.938

 33, 79.174,  
340.938

 23, 79.174,  
340.938

 13, 79.174,  
340.938

 3, 79.174, 340.938

 0, 79.174, 340.938

63, 79.174,  
340.938

63, 79.174,  
340.938

60, 85.865,  
342.305

67, 70.074,  
339.771

58, 89.721,  
343.951

72, 59.199,  
338.746

56, 90.730,  
345.964

77, 47.172,  
337.821

56, 90.722,  
346.637

83, 34.520,  
336.972

89, 21.637,  
336.180

95, 8.794, 335.420

100, 0.343,  
201.314

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 79.174, 340.938



89, 80.123, 147.575

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 79.174, 340.938



63, 79.174, 30.938



63, 79.174, 160.938



63, 79.174, 210.938

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 79.170, 340.938



87, 25.678, 336.418



51, 97.025, 307.601



45, 17.535, 336.640



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 79.170, 340.938



59, 87.626, 342.779



60, 68.981, 16.400



50, 7.251, 335.617



42, 73.529, 346.220



11, 34.661, 343.408





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 79.170, 340.938



59, 87.626, 342.779



91, 50.509, 177.497



50, 7.251, 335.617



42, 73.529, 346.220



11, 34.661, 343.408



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 79.174, 340.938 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

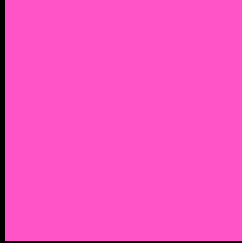
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 79.174, 340.938 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

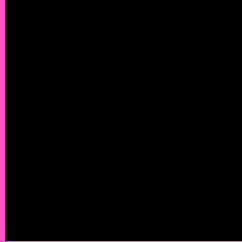
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 63, 79.174, 340.938

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 79.174, 340.938.

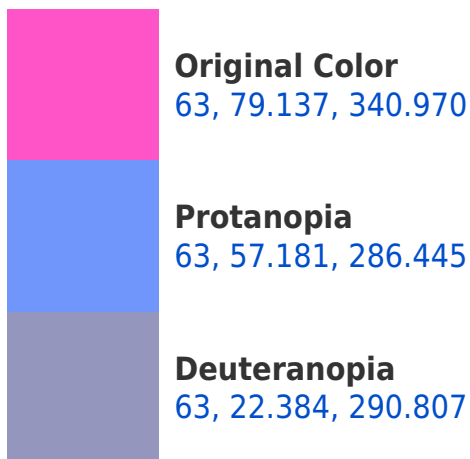


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 79.174, 340.938.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
63, 58.436, 22.646



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 79.137, 340.970



**Protanomaly**  
60, 61.441, 307.222



**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 43.588, 323.293



**Tritanomaly**  
63, 61.411, 4.205

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 79.137, 340.970



**Achromatopsia**  
61, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
60, 32.983, 337.688

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 79.174, 340.938 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 84, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 84, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 84, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 84, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 79.174, 340.938 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 84, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 84, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 84, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 84, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 84, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 84,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 79.174, 340.938 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 84, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 84,  
200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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