

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 116.885, 134.182)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 116.885, 134.182)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 116.600, 134.224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3FFE01
RGB	63, 254, 1
RGB Percent	25%, 100%, 0%
CMY	0.7518, 0.0032, 0.9973
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	105°, 99%, 50%
HSV	105°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	37.5711, 72.0653, 11.9487
YIQ	168.0490, -32.6230, -119.1750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

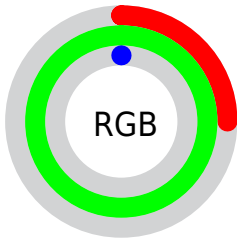
Format	Color
R _Y B	1, 254, 192
Decimal	4193793
CIE Lab	88.00, -81.32, 83.56
CIE LCh	88, 116.600, 134.224
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3090, 0.5927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282383873 (0xFF3FFE01)
YUV	168.0490, -82.3552, -92.1280
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -69.5593, 51.0786

Details

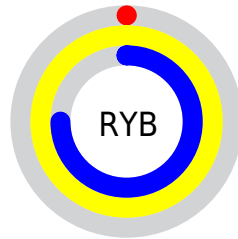
The CIELCh color **88, 116.600, 134.224** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **50, 118.370, 318.947**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 89.023, 132.495**, and **69, 98.257, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 116.688, 134.240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 112.689, 133.647**.

Distribution



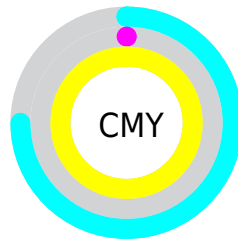
- Red (25%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 116.600, 134.224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 116.600, 134.224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 116.600,
134.224


 88, 116.600,
134.224


 100, 116.600,
134.224


 78, 116.600,
134.224


 68, 116.600,
134.224

 58, 116.600,
134.224

 48, 116.600,
134.224

 38, 116.600,
134.224

 28, 116.600,
134.224

 18, 116.600,

134.224

■ 8, 116.600,
134.224

■ 0, 116.600,
134.224

■ 88, 116.600,
134.224

■ 88, 116.600,
134.224

■ 88, 116.688,
134.240

■ 88, 112.689,
133.647

■ 89, 106.007,
133.444

■ 90, 96.620,
133.628

■ 91, 85.125,
134.073

■ 92, 72.159,
134.652

■ 93, 58.248,
135.274

■ 94, 43.786,
135.883

■ 96, 29.059,
136.451

■ 98, 14.277,
136.968

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 116.600, 134.224



50, 118.370, 318.947

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 116.600, 134.224



88, 116.600, 184.224



88, 116.600, 314.224



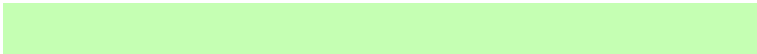
88, 116.600, 4.224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 116.599, 134.225



95, 44.303, 135.867



81, 83.456, 83.021



50, 30.184, 135.613



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 116.599, 134.225



88, 116.974, 134.241



88, 110.115, 139.412



52, 8.367, 136.979



68, 93.991, 134.054



23, 41.836, 133.150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 118.370, 318.947



50, 118.733, 318.929



57, 94.892, 341.648



50, 8.424, 317.782



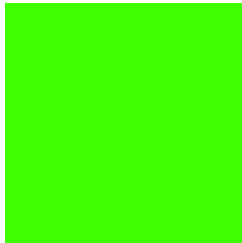
37, 95.564, 319.073



9, 43.755, 320.086

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 116.600, 134.224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

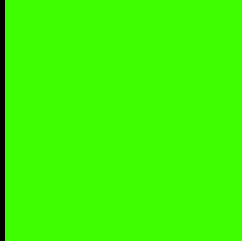
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 116.600, 134.224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

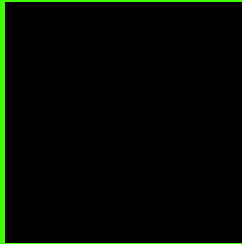
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 116.600, 134.224

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 116.600, 134.224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 116.600, 134.224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88, 116.537, 134.245

Protanopia

87, 87.310, 94.822

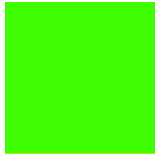
Deuteranopia

87, 38.818, 80.166



Tritanopia
88, 33.261, 215.022

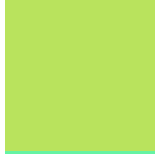
Trichromacy



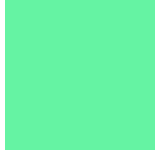
Original Color
88, 116.537, 134.245



Protanomaly
86, 93.223, 116.187

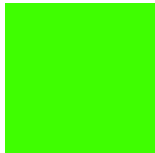


Deuteranomaly
85, 68.212, 119.197

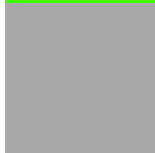


Tritanomaly
87, 62.373, 153.970

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 116.537, 134.245



Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
74, 55.231, 134.825

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 116.600, 134.224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 254, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 254, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 254, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 254, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 116.600, 134.224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 254, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 254, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 254, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 254, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 254, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 254, 1)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 116.600, 134.224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 254, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 254,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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