

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 119.481, 135.835)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 119.481, 135.835)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 119.271, 135.826)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	16FF04
RGB	22, 255, 4
RGB Percent	9%, 100%, 2%
CMY	0.9153, 0.0000, 0.9836
CMYK	0.92, 0.00, 0.98, 0.00
HSL	116°, 100%, 51%
HSV	116°, 98%, 100%
XYZ	36.2898, 72.0653, 12.1161
YIQ	156.7190, -58.2970, -127.4570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

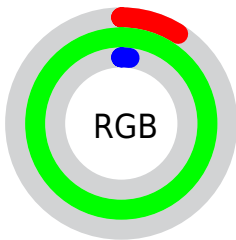
Format	Color
RYB	4, 255, 237
Decimal	1507076
CIELab	88.00, -85.54, 83.11
CIELCh	88, 119.271, 135.826
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3012, 0.5982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279697156 (0xFF16FF04)
YUV	156.7190, -75.2905, -118.1486
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -72.2536, 50.9617

Details

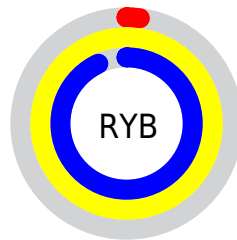
The CIELCh color **88, 119.271, 135.826** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **57, 115.744, 325.497**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 91.328, 135.178**, and **69, 98.257, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 119.430, 135.805**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 115.698, 135.939**.

Distribution



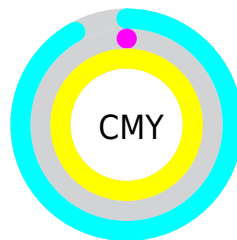
- Red (9%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (2%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 119.271, 135.826 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 119.271, 135.826 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88, 119.271,
135.826

■ 88, 119.271,
135.826

■ 100, 119.271,
135.826

■ 78, 119.271,
135.826

■ 68, 119.271,
135.826

■ 58, 119.271,
135.826

■ 48, 119.271,
135.826

■ 38, 119.271,
135.826

■ 28, 119.271,
135.826

■ 18, 119.271,

135.826

■ 8, 119.271,
135.826

■ 0, 119.271,
135.826

■ 88, 119.271,
135.826

■ 88, 119.271,
135.826

■ 88, 119.430,
135.805

■ 88, 115.698,
135.939

■ 88, 109.181,
136.406

■ 89, 99.690,
137.170

■ 90, 87.843,
138.092

■ 91, 74.302,
139.047

■ 93, 59.640,
139.956

■ 94, 44.313,
140.779

■ 96, 28.675,
141.504

■ 98, 12.994,
142.138

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 119.271, 135.826



57, 115.744, 325.497

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 119.271, 135.826



88, 119.271, 185.826



88, 119.271, 315.826



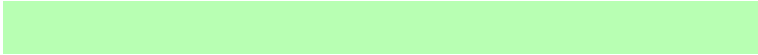
88, 119.271, 5.826

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 119.060, 135.826



94, 46.852, 140.651



92, 90.981, 97.215



49, 31.909, 140.309



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 119.060, 135.826



88, 119.430, 135.805



88, 96.614, 145.210



52, 8.841, 142.070



68, 96.101, 135.734



23, 43.260, 135.818

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 115.744, 325.497



57, 116.048, 325.468



56, 86.453, 354.535



50, 8.865, 323.029



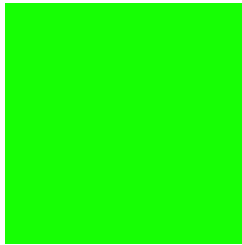
43, 93.461, 325.514



11, 42.969, 325.836

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 119.271, 135.826 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

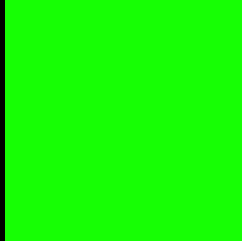
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 119.271, 135.826 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

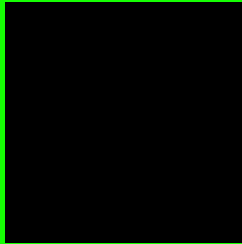
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

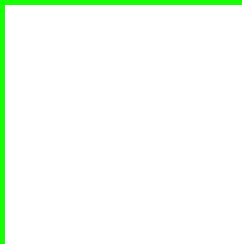
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 119.271, 135.826

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 119.271, 135.826.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 119.271, 135.826.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

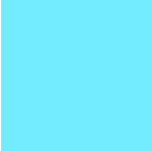
88, 119.058, 135.814

Protanopia

87, 87.019, 94.788

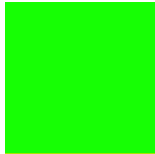
Deuteranopia

87, 39.522, 79.882



Tritanopia
87, 34.802, 214.137

Trichromacy



Original Color
88, 119.058, 135.814



Protanomaly
85, 94.528, 119.635

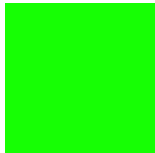


Deuteranomaly
84, 70.054, 123.706



Tritanomaly
86, 65.025, 156.317

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 119.058, 135.814



Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
71, 58.429, 139.040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 119.271, 135.826 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 255, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 255, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 255, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 255, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 119.271, 135.826 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 255, 4) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 255, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 255, 4)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 255, 4); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 255, 4);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 255, 4)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 119.271, 135.826 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 255, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 255,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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