

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 12.185, 37.378)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 12.185, 37.378) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 12.171, 37.481)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5D6CF
RGB	245, 214, 207
RGB Percent	96%, 84%, 81%
CMY	0.0389, 0.1605, 0.1879
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.16, 0.04
HSL	11°, 66%, 89%
HSV	11°, 16%, 96%
XYZ	73.0193, 72.0653, 69.1402
YIQ	222.4710, 20.7230, 4.3950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

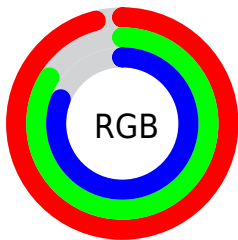
Format	Color
R _Y B	245, 216, 207
Decimal	16111311
CIE Lab	88.00, 9.66, 7.41
CIE LCh	88, 12.171, 37.481
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3409, 0.3364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294301391 (0xFFFF5D6CF)
YUV	222.4710, -7.6272, 19.7579
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 4.9772, 11.1348

Details

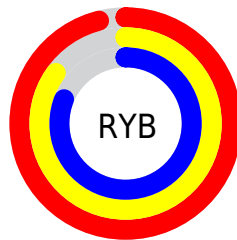
The CIELCh color **88, 12.171, 37.481** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 10.990, 218.127**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 12.021, 36.164** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 20.881, 37.583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 4.145, 37.451**.

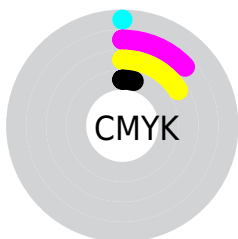
Distribution



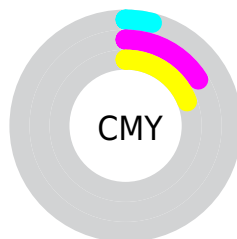
- Red (96%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 12.171, 37.481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 12.171, 37.481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 12.171, 37.481

 88, 12.171, 37.481

 100, 12.171,
37.481

 78, 12.171, 37.481

 68, 12.171, 37.481

 58, 12.171, 37.481

 48, 12.171, 37.481

 38, 12.171, 37.481

 28, 12.171, 37.481

 18, 12.171, 37.481

 8, 12.171, 37.481

 0, 12.171, 37.481

88, 12.171, 37.481

88, 12.171, 37.481

83, 20.881, 37.583

94, 4.145, 37.451

77, 30.321, 37.823

99, 3.136, 208.202

72, 40.501, 38.266

99, 3.431, 199.381

68, 51.376, 38.952

63, 62.799, 39.899

60, 74.429, 41.053

57, 85.503, 42.169

54, 94.375, 42.614

53, 97.450, 42.647

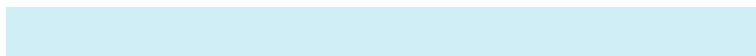
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 12.171, 37.481



92, 10.990, 218.127

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 12.171, 37.481



88, 12.171, 87.481



88, 12.171, 217.481



88, 12.171, 267.481

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 12.170, 37.494



97, 3.879, 37.441



87, 21.136, 330.904



51, 2.654, 37.455



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 12.170, 37.494



89, 15.630, 37.511



93, 14.080, 90.473



48, 4.346, 37.481



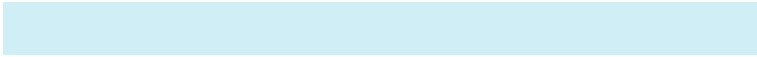
41, 78.851, 43.027



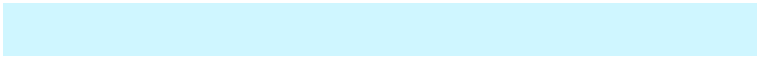
10, 27.702, 34.921

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 10.990, 218.127



94, 13.760, 218.257



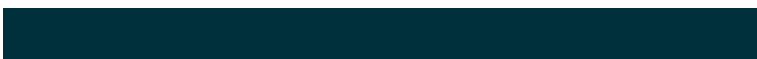
87, 14.081, 274.577



50, 4.092, 217.970



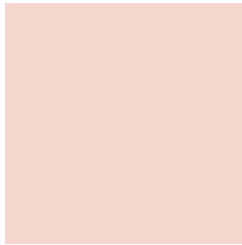
58, 34.474, 232.163



18, 15.282, 226.838

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 12.171, 37.481 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

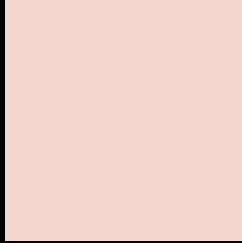
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 12.171, 37.481 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

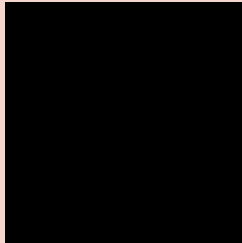
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

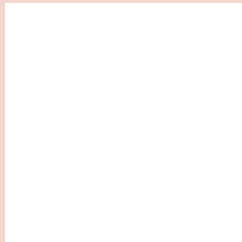
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 12.171, 37.481

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 12.171, 37.481.

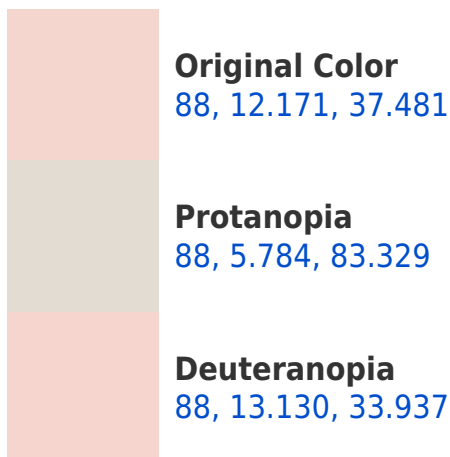



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 12.171, 37.481.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
88, 15.790, 348.806

Trichromacy



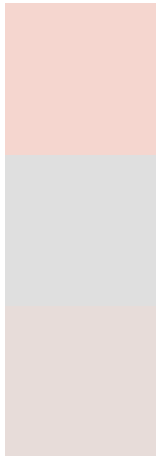
Original Color
88, 12.171, 37.481

Protanomaly
88, 7.537, 57.982

Deuteranomaly
88, 12.757, 34.320

Tritanomaly
88, 13.480, 2.461

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 12.171, 37.481

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 4.286, 40.845

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 12.171, 37.481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 214, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 214, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 214, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 214, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 12.171, 37.481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 214, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 214, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 214, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 214, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 214, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 214,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 12.171, 37.481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 214, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
214, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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