

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 12.988, 178.185)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 12.988, 178.185)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 13.180, 177.602)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1E4DB
RGB	193, 228, 219
RGB Percent	76%, 89%, 86%
CMY	0.2425, 0.1052, 0.1405
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.04, 0.11
HSL	165°, 39%, 83%
HSV	165°, 15%, 89%
XYZ	62.6351, 72.0653, 77.7451
YIQ	216.5090, -17.9710, -10.2190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

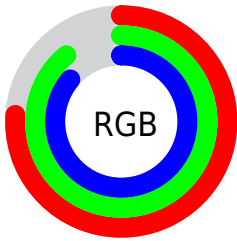
Format	Color
R _{YB}	193, 213, 228
Decimal	12707035
CIE Lab	88.00, -13.17, 0.55
CIE LCh	88, 13.180, 177.602
Yxy	72.0653, 0.2948, 0.3392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290897115 (0xFFC1E4DB)
YUV	216.5090, 1.2281, -20.6174
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -16.8575, 5.1249

Details

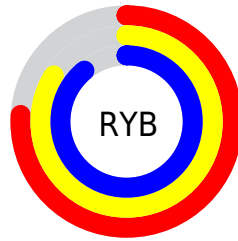
The CIELCh color **88, 13.180, 177.602** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **81, 13.874, 0.490**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 1.735, 199.677**, and **68, 13.470, 176.650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 21.446, 176.566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 4.634, 178.623**.

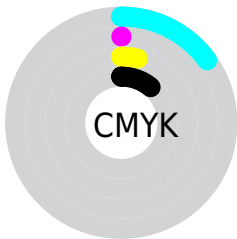
Distribution



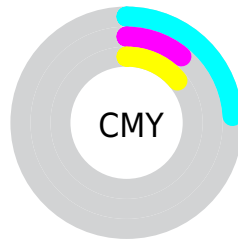
- Red (76%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (14%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 13.180, 177.602 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 13.180, 177.602 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 13.180,
177.602

 88, 13.180,
177.602


 100, 13.180,
177.602

 78, 13.180,
177.602


 68, 13.180,
177.602

 58, 13.180,
177.602

 48, 13.180,
177.602

 38, 13.180,
177.602


 28, 13.180,
177.602

 18, 13.180,


177.602

 8, 13.180, 177.602


 0, 13.180, 177.602

 88, 13.180,
177.602

 88, 13.180,
177.602


 86, 21.446,
176.566


 90, 4.634, 178.623


 85, 29.291,
175.466

 92, 4.075, 359.269

 84, 36.568,
174.272

 93, 10.615,
355.499

 83, 43.134,
172.961

 93, 12.142,
342.400

 82, 48.865,

 93, 14.168,
332.686

171.509

93, 16.508,
325.621

82, 53.679,
169.890

93, 16.765,
325.005

81, 57.557,
168.084

81, 60.565,
166.087

81, 61.784,
165.129

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 13.180, 177.602



81, 13.874, 0.490

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 13.180, 177.602



88, 13.180, 227.602



88, 13.180, 357.602



88, 13.180, 47.602

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 13.182, 177.597



99, 4.747, 178.659



88, 20.563, 136.089



53, 3.238, 178.578



0, 0.000, 0.000



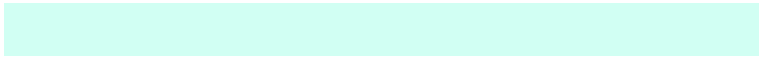
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 13.182, 177.597



97, 16.862, 177.317



86, 10.042, 224.228



47, 4.934, 178.188



65, 51.148, 165.492



18, 20.403, 169.153

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 13.874, 0.490



88, 17.919, 0.812



83, 11.055, 42.860



45, 5.092, 359.835



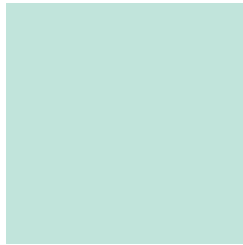
37, 68.559, 24.708



7, 26.640, 10.763

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 13.180, 177.602 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

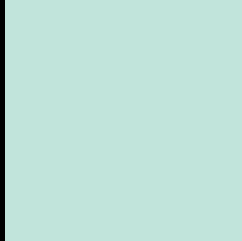
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 13.180, 177.602 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

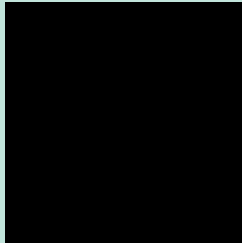
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

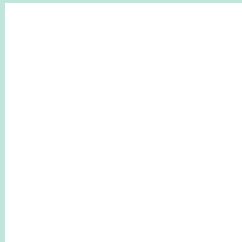
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 13.180, 177.602

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 13.180, 177.602.



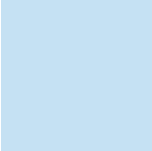
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 13.180, 177.602.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
88, 13.066, 245.170

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 13.180, 177.602 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 228, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 228, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 228, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 228, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 13.180, 177.602 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 228, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 228, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 228, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 228, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 228, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 228,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 13.180, 177.602 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 228, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
228, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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