

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 16.509, 14.008)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 16.509, 14.008) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 16.468, 13.410)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED2D6
RGB	254, 210, 214
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.0037, 0.1762, 0.1605
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	355°, 96%, 91%
HSV	355°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	76.1045, 72.0653, 73.5590
YIQ	223.6120, 24.9400, 10.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

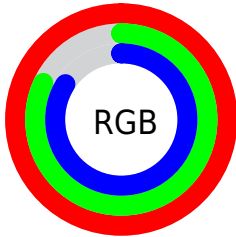
Format	Color
RYB	254, 210, 214
Decimal	16700118
CIELab	88.00, 16.02, 3.82
CIElCh	88, 16.468, 13.410
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3432, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294890198 (0xFF FED2D6)
YUV	223.6120, -4.7387, 26.6503
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 11.4643, 8.0486

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 16.468, 13.410** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 14.988, 190.619**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 16.695, 13.486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 26.822, 14.620**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 6.728, 12.399**.

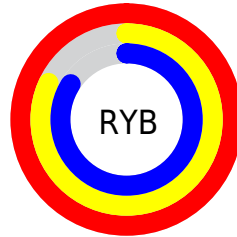
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

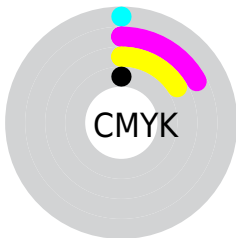
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (84%)

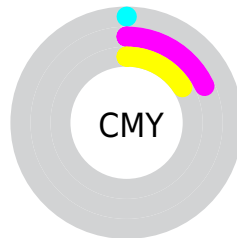


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 16.468, 13.410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 16.468, 13.410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 16.468, 13.410

 88, 16.468, 13.410

 100, 16.468,
13.410

 78, 16.468, 13.410

 68, 16.468, 13.410

 58, 16.468, 13.410

 48, 16.468, 13.410

 38, 16.468, 13.410

 28, 16.468, 13.410

 18, 16.468, 13.410

 8, 16.468, 13.410

 0, 16.468, 13.410

88, 16.468, 13.410

88, 16.468, 13.410

82, 26.822, 14.620

95, 6.728, 12.399

75, 37.717, 16.118

100, 0.324,
201.429

70, 48.979, 18.018

64, 60.325, 20.448

60, 71.383, 23.541

57, 81.758, 27.365

54, 91.070, 31.781

53, 98.711, 36.167

53, 100.418,
37.119

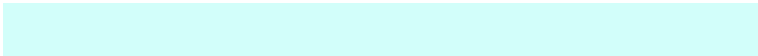
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 16.468, 13.410



97, 14.988, 190.619

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



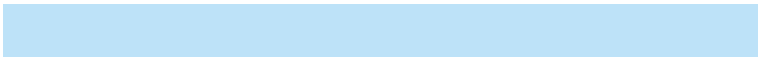
88, 16.468, 13.410



88, 16.468, 63.410



88, 16.468, 193.410



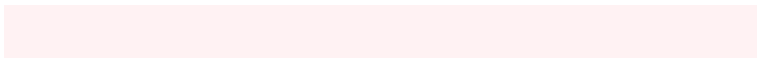
88, 16.468, 243.410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 16.466, 13.417



97, 4.575, 12.157



89, 26.804, 322.554



51, 3.129, 12.233



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 16.466, 13.417



86, 20.271, 13.832



92, 13.439, 62.088



50, 5.282, 12.616



40, 80.408, 36.407



10, 32.665, 23.496

Inverse Universe

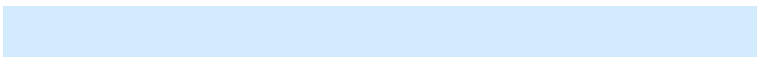
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 16.466, 13.417



86, 20.271, 13.832



92, 12.476, 246.048



50, 5.282, 12.616



40, 80.408, 36.407



10, 32.665, 23.496

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 16.468, 13.410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

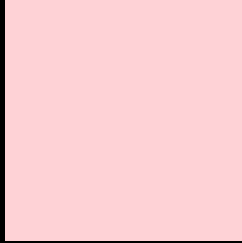
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 16.468, 13.410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

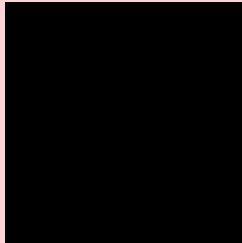
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 16.468, 13.410

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 16.468, 13.410.

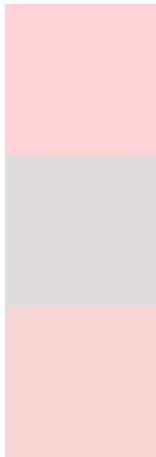


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 16.468, 13.410.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


88, 16.468, 13.410

Protanopia

88, 1.803, 19.205

Deuteranopia

88, 11.494, 22.773



Tritanopia
88, 18.708, 354.511

Trichromacy



Original Color
88, 16.468, 13.410

Protanomaly
88, 7.378, 11.775

Deuteranomaly
88, 12.986, 20.319

Tritanomaly
88, 17.985, 0.553

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 16.468, 13.410

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 5.842, 14.632

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 16.468, 13.410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 210, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 210, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 210, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 210, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 16.468, 13.410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 210, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 210, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 210, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 210, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 210, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 210,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 16.468, 13.410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 210, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
210, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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