

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 17.196, 251.109)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 17.196, 251.109)
contains.

CIELCh(88, 17.236, 251.226)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(88, 17.236, 251.226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF E1 FB
RGB	191, 225, 251
RGB Percent	75%, 88%, 98%
CMY	0.2501, 0.1167, 0.0147
CMYK	0.24, 0.10, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	206°, 89%, 87%
HSV	206°, 24%, 99%
XYZ	65.9844, 72.0653, 101.8995
YIQ	217.7980, -28.6100, 0.8780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

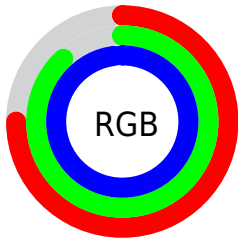
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 213, 251
Decimal	12575227
CIE _{Lab}	88.00, -5.55, -16.32
CIE _{LCh}	88, 17.236, 251.226
Yxy	72.0653, 0.2750, 0.3003
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290765307 (0xFFBFE1FB)
YUV	217.7980, 16.3686, -23.5018
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -9.8150, -11.7450

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 17.236, 251.226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **89, 18.908, 65.189**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 2.426, 199.524**, and **68, 17.104, 249.772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 24.094, 253.116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 10.145, 249.668**.

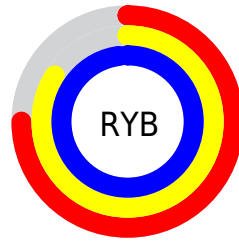
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (88%)

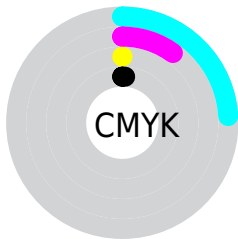
Blue (98%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (98%)

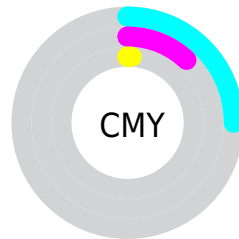


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (12%)


Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 17.236, 251.226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 17.236, 251.226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 17.236,
251.226


 88, 17.236,
251.226


 100, 17.236,
251.226


 78, 17.236,
251.226

 68, 17.236,
251.226

 58, 17.236,
251.226

 48, 17.236,
251.226

 38, 17.236,
251.226

 28, 17.236,
251.226

 18, 17.236,

251.226

■ 8, 17.236, 251.226

■ 0, 17.236, 251.226

■ 88, 17.236,
251.226

■ 88, 17.236,
251.226

■ 84, 24.094,
253.116

■ 92, 10.145,
249.668

■ 79, 30.680,
255.415

■ 97, 2.872, 248.488

■ 75, 36.963,
258.191

■ 100, 1.894,
109.996

■ 71, 42.948,
261.509

■ 67, 48.683,

265.402

■ 64, 54.276,
269.841

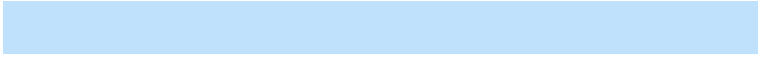
■ 60, 59.884,
274.699

■ 58, 63.413,
277.707

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



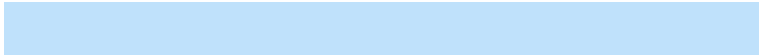
88, 17.236, 251.226



89, 18.908, 65.189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 17.236, 251.226



88, 17.236, 301.226



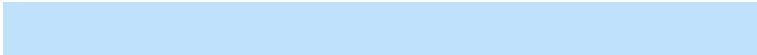
88, 17.236, 71.226



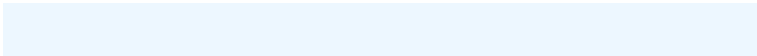
88, 17.236, 121.226

Sweetspot

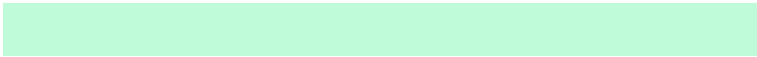
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 17.235, 251.221



97, 5.217, 248.793



94, 27.807, 157.385



51, 3.388, 248.862



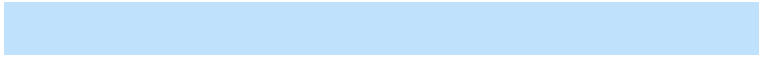
0, 0.000, 0.000



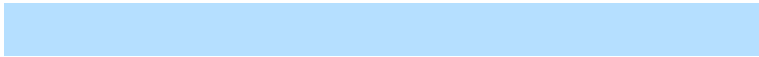
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 17.235, 251.221



87, 21.026, 252.148



81, 29.300, 289.581



50, 4.156, 249.088



44, 50.349, 276.782



13, 20.396, 269.385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 28.041, 342.226



82, 34.513, 342.728



96, 27.970, 104.085



49, 6.570, 340.935



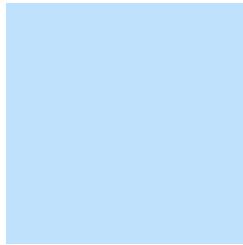
41, 68.749, 355.884



10, 31.837, 351.136

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 17.236, 251.226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

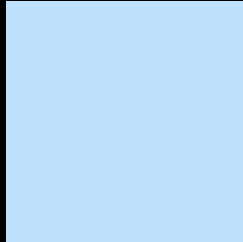
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 17.236, 251.226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

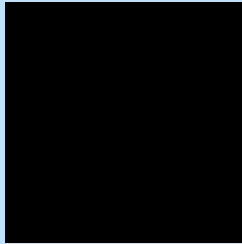
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

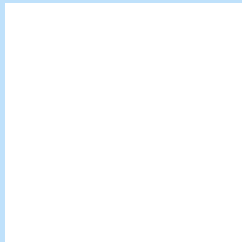
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 17.236, 251.226

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 17.236, 251.226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 17.236, 251.226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
88, 17.236, 251.226

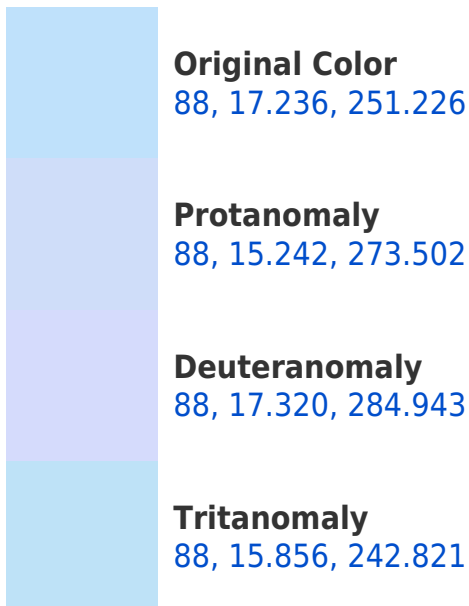
Protanopia
88, 14.650, 287.403

Deuteranopia
88, 20.298, 302.358

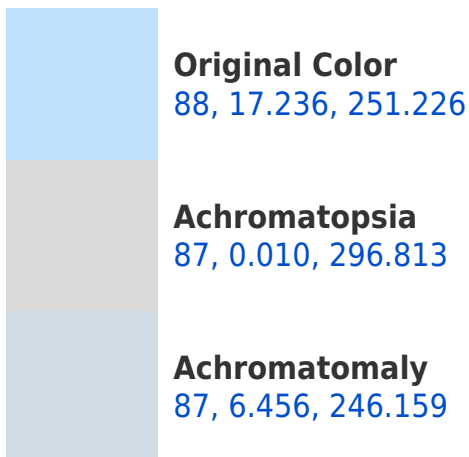


Tritanopia
88, 14.923, 238.040

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 17.236, 251.226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 225, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 225, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 225, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 225, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 17.236, 251.226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 225, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 225, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 225, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 225, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 225, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 225,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 17.236, 251.226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 225, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
225, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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