

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 17.206, 20.655)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 17.206, 20.655) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 16.845, 20.631)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD2D2
RGB	255, 210, 210
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1761, 0.1762
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 91%
HSV	0°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	75.9795, 72.0653, 70.9300
YIQ	223.4550, 26.8200, 9.5400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

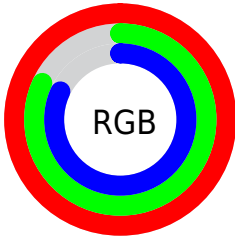
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 210, 210
Decimal	16765650
CIE Lab	88.00, 15.76, 5.94
CIE LCh	88, 16.845, 20.631
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3470, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955730 (0xFFFFD2D2)
YUV	223.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 11.2015, 9.8848

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 16.845, 20.631** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 14.972, 198.518**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 17.096, 19.173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 27.400, 21.668**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 6.984, 19.800**.

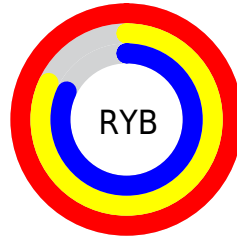
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

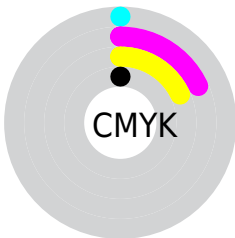
Blue (82%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (82%)

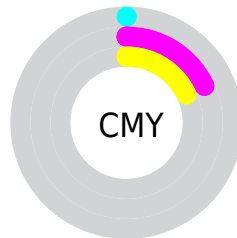


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 16.845, 20.631 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 16.845, 20.631 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 16.845, 20.631

 88, 16.845, 20.631

 100, 16.845,
20.631

 78, 16.845, 20.631

 68, 16.845, 20.631

 58, 16.845, 20.631

 48, 16.845, 20.631

 38, 16.845, 20.631

 28, 16.845, 20.631

 18, 16.845, 20.631

 8, 16.845, 20.631

 0, 16.845, 20.631

88, 16.845, 20.631

88, 16.845, 20.631

81, 27.400, 21.668

95, 6.984, 19.800

75, 38.710, 23.008

100, 0.012,
296.813

69, 50.606, 24.763

64, 62.837, 27.047

60, 75.027, 29.947

57, 86.645, 33.403

54, 96.748, 36.967

53, 103.359,
39.519

53, 104.574,
40.001

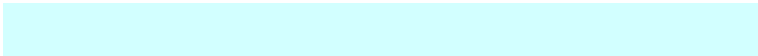
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 16.845, 20.631



97, 14.972, 198.518

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



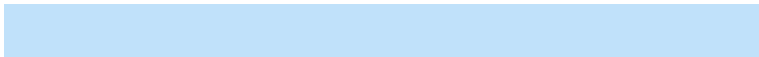
88, 16.845, 20.631



88, 16.845, 70.631



88, 16.845, 200.631



88, 16.845, 250.631

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 16.811, 20.636



97, 4.538, 19.576



89, 28.157, 325.405



51, 3.105, 19.640



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

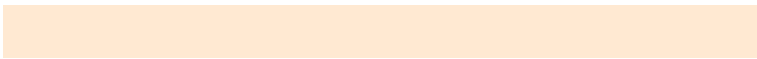
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 16.811, 20.636



86, 20.310, 20.957



93, 14.295, 73.207



49, 5.253, 19.952



40, 84.228, 40.001



10, 33.365, 27.182

Inverse Universe

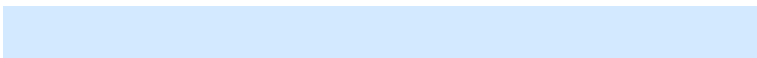
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 14.972, 198.518



96, 17.655, 198.346



91, 13.649, 257.941



52, 4.945, 198.972



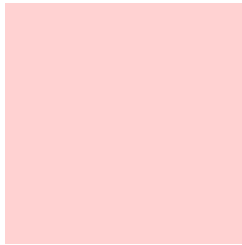
70, 40.359, 196.403



24, 18.567, 196.401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 16.845, 20.631 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

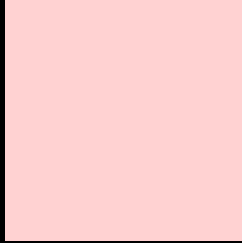
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 16.845, 20.631 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

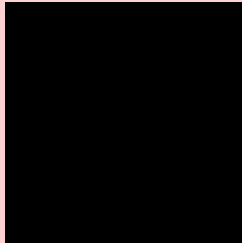
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 16.845, 20.631

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 16.845, 20.631.

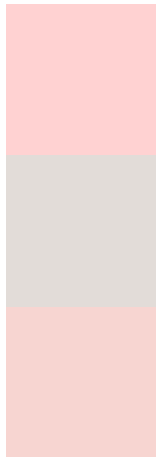


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 16.845, 20.631.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88, 16.845, 20.631

Protanopia

88, 2.995, 63.284

Deuteranopia

88, 12.872, 29.523



Tritanopia
88, 18.508, 355.975

Trichromacy



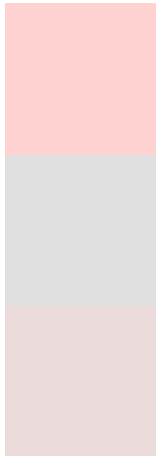
Original Color
88, 16.845, 20.631

Protanomaly
88, 7.789, 27.539

Deuteranomaly
88, 14.307, 26.622

Tritanomaly
88, 17.707, 3.746

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 16.845, 20.631

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 5.825, 19.723

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 16.845, 20.631 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 210, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 210, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 210, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 210, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 16.845, 20.631 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 210, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 210, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 210, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 210, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 16.845, 20.631 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 210, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
210, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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