

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 17.348, 30.802)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 17.348, 30.802) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 17.213, 29.231)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | FFD2CD |
| RGB | 255, 210, 205 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 82%, 80% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.1748, 0.1945 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.17, 0.19, 0.00 |
| HSL | 6°, 100%, 90% |
| HSV | 6°, 19%, 100% |
| XYZ | 75.6148, 72.0653, 67.9410 |
| YIQ | 222.8850, 28.4250, 7.9850 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

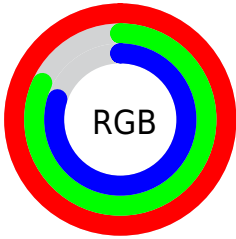
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 211, 205 |
| Decimal | 16765645 |
| CIE Lab | 88.00, 15.02, 8.41 |
| CIE LCh | 88, 17.213, 29.231 |
| Yxy | 72.0653, 0.3507, 0.3342 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294955725 (0xFFFFD2CD) |
| YUV | 222.8850, -8.8173, 28.1649 |
| Hunter-Lab | 84.8913, 10.4347, 11.9723 |

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 17.213, 29.231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95, 14.918, 208.507**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 17.458, 28.113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 26.913, 29.914**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 7.942, 28.869**.

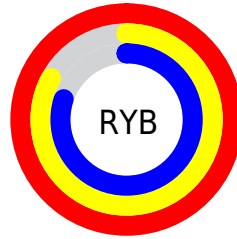
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

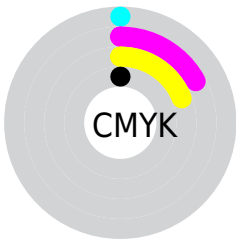
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (80%)

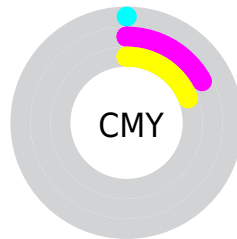


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 17.213, 29.231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 17.213, 29.231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 17.213, 29.231

 88, 17.213, 29.231

 100, 17.213,
29.231

 78, 17.213, 29.231

 68, 17.213, 29.231

 58, 17.213, 29.231

 48, 17.213, 29.231

 38, 17.213, 29.231

 28, 17.213, 29.231

 18, 17.213, 29.231

 8, 17.213, 29.231

 0, 17.213, 29.231

88, 17.213, 29.231

88, 17.213, 29.231

82, 26.913, 29.914

94, 7.942, 28.869

76, 37.546, 30.756

100, 0.012,
296.813

71, 48.891, 31.907

66, 60.805, 33.435

62, 73.004, 35.363

58, 84.954, 37.589

56, 95.514, 39.675

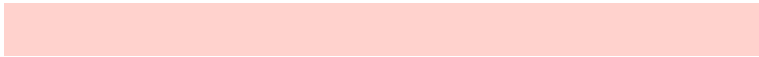
54, 102.704,
40.849

54, 103.038,
40.925

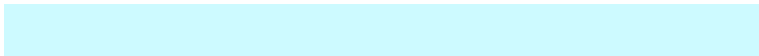
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 17.213, 29.231



95, 14.918, 208.507

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



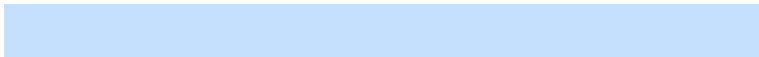
88, 17.213, 29.231



88, 17.213, 79.231



88, 17.213, 209.231



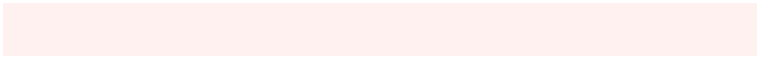
88, 17.213, 259.231

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 17.047, 29.312



96, 4.972, 28.716



88, 29.049, 328.402



51, 3.307, 28.748



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 17.047, 29.312



86, 20.464, 29.503



94, 17.006, 82.874



50, 4.781, 28.871



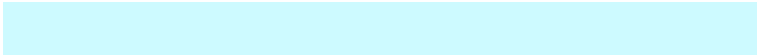
41, 82.689, 41.160



11, 31.472, 32.124

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 14.918, 208.507



95, 17.431, 208.497



89, 16.649, 268.290



52, 4.492, 208.631



64, 35.917, 214.438



21, 16.686, 212.015

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 17.213, 29.231 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

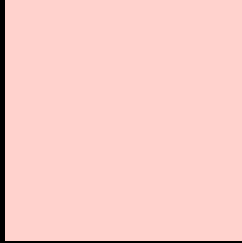
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 17.213, 29.231 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

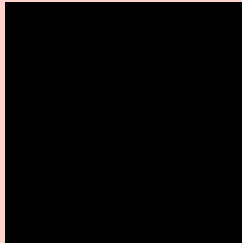
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

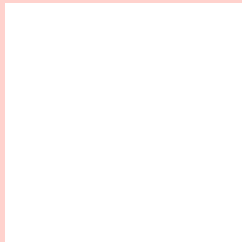
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 17.213, 29.231

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 17.213, 29.231.

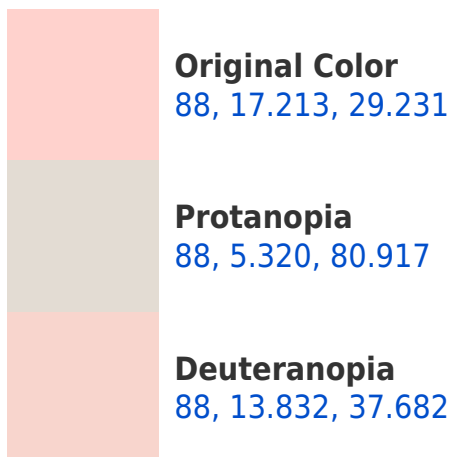


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 17.213, 29.231.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
88, 18.508, 355.975

Trichromacy



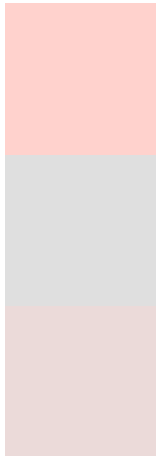
Original Color
88, 17.213, 29.231

Protanomaly
88, 8.500, 49.033

Deuteranomaly
88, 15.167, 34.204

Tritanomaly
88, 17.017, 8.397

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 17.213, 29.231

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 6.229, 24.533

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 17.213, 29.231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 210, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 210, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 210, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 210, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 17.213, 29.231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 210, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 210, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 210, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 210, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 17.213, 29.231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 210, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
210, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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