

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(88, 17.568, 27.973)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 17.568, 27.973) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 17.108, 27.545)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD2CE
RGB	255, 210, 206
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 81%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1751, 0.1908
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	5°, 100%, 90%
HSV	5°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	75.6871, 72.0653, 68.5320
YIQ	222.9990, 28.1040, 8.2960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

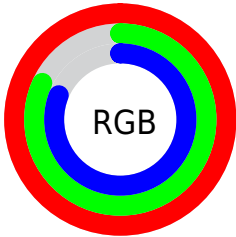
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 210, 206
Decimal	16765646
CIE Lab	88.00, 15.17, 7.91
CIE LCh	88, 17.108, 27.545
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3499, 0.3332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955726 (0xFFFFD2CE)
YUV	222.9990, -8.3805, 28.0649
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 10.5868, 11.5595

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 17.108, 27.545** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 14.894, 206.501**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 17.351, 26.360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 26.952, 28.291**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 7.746, 27.077**.

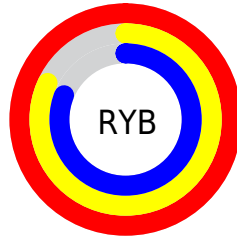
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

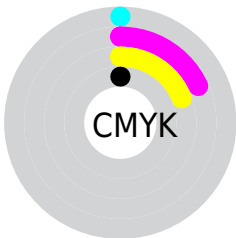
Blue (81%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (81%)

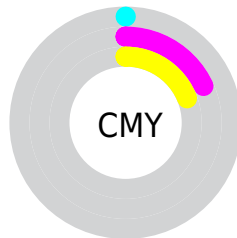


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 17.108, 27.545 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 17.108, 27.545 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 17.108, 27.545

 88, 17.108, 27.545

 100, 17.108,
27.545

 78, 17.108, 27.545

 68, 17.108, 27.545

 58, 17.108, 27.545

 48, 17.108, 27.545

 38, 17.108, 27.545

 28, 17.108, 27.545

 18, 17.108, 27.545

 8, 17.108, 27.545

 0, 17.108, 27.545

88, 17.108, 27.545

88, 17.108, 27.545

82, 26.952, 28.291

94, 7.746, 27.077

76, 37.698, 29.232

100, 0.012,
296.813

71, 49.140, 30.503

66, 61.119, 32.177

61, 73.338, 34.290

58, 85.267, 36.746

55, 95.795, 39.109

54, 102.901,
40.539

54, 103.434,
40.681

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 17.108, 27.545



96, 14.894, 206.501

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



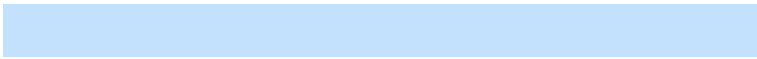
88, 17.108, 27.545



88, 17.108, 77.545



88, 17.108, 207.545



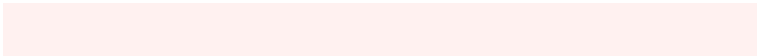
88, 17.108, 257.545

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 16.967, 27.601



96, 5.053, 26.916



88, 29.160, 327.368



51, 3.361, 26.953



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

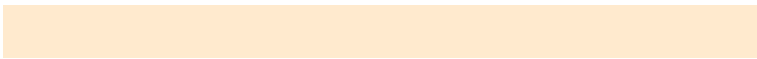
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 16.967, 27.601



86, 20.789, 27.846



94, 16.243, 79.786



50, 4.858, 27.098



40, 83.045, 40.883



11, 31.787, 31.207

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 14.894, 206.501



95, 17.716, 206.452



90, 15.761, 265.096



52, 4.566, 206.708



65, 36.483, 210.746



22, 16.946, 208.845

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 17.108, 27.545 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

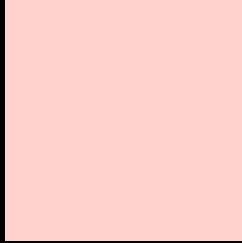
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 17.108, 27.545 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

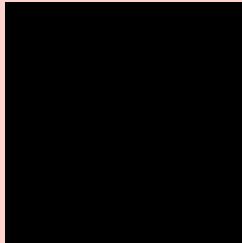
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 17.108, 27.545

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 17.108, 27.545.

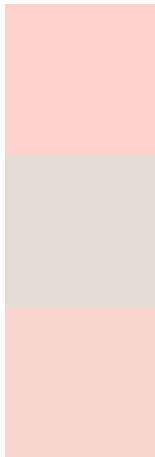


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 17.108, 27.545.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88, 17.108, 27.545

Protanopia

88, 4.867, 78.041

Deuteranopia

88, 13.658, 35.654



Tritanopia
88, 18.508, 355.975

Trichromacy



Original Color
88, 17.108, 27.545

Protanomaly
88, 8.374, 41.686

Deuteranomaly
88, 15.021, 32.324

Tritanomaly
88, 17.590, 5.378

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 17.108, 27.545

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 6.229, 24.533

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 17.108, 27.545 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 210, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 210, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 210, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 210, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 17.108, 27.545 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 210, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 210, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 210, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 210, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 17.108, 27.545 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 210, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
210, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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