

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 18.215, 46.829)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 18.215, 46.829) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 18.206, 47.395)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED4C4
RGB	254, 212, 196
RGB Percent	100%, 83%, 77%
CMY	0.0044, 0.1690, 0.2318
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	17°, 96%, 88%
HSV	17°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	74.3021, 72.0653, 62.1567
YIQ	222.7340, 30.1680, 3.9280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

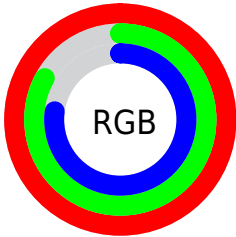
Format	Color
RYB	254, 218, 196
Decimal	16700612
CIELab	88.00, 12.32, 13.40
CIELCh	88, 18.206, 47.395
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3563, 0.3456
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294890692 (0xFF FED4C4)
YUV	222.7340, -13.1799, 27.4203
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 7.6745, 16.0122

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 18.206, 47.395** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 15.813, 230.427**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 1.003, 110.026**, and **68, 18.474, 46.878** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 27.255, 47.057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 9.836, 47.833**.

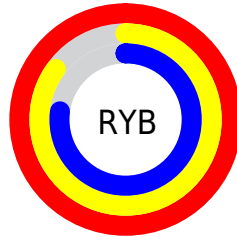
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (83%)

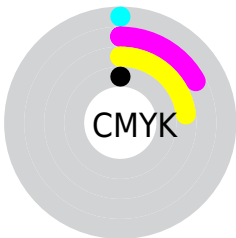
Blue (77%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (77%)

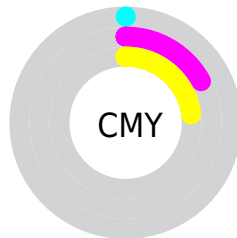


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 18.206, 47.395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 18.206, 47.395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 18.206, 47.395

 88, 18.206, 47.395

 100, 18.206,
47.395

 78, 18.206, 47.395

 68, 18.206, 47.395

 58, 18.206, 47.395

 48, 18.206, 47.395

 38, 18.206, 47.395

 28, 18.206, 47.395

 18, 18.206, 47.395

 8, 18.206, 47.395

 0, 18.206, 47.395

88, 18.206, 47.395

88, 18.206, 47.395

83, 27.255, 47.057

93, 9.836, 47.833

78, 37.021, 46.828

98, 2.091, 48.132

74, 47.497, 46.742

100, 0.385,
201.101

70, 58.595, 46.801

66, 70.060, 46.954

62, 81.275, 47.018

59, 90.913, 46.543

57, 96.124, 45.722

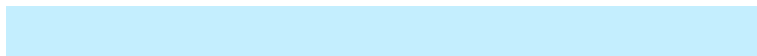
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 18.206, 47.395



92, 15.813, 230.427

Rectangle

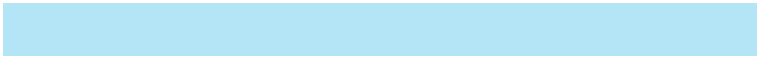
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 18.206, 47.395



88, 18.206, 97.395



88, 18.206, 227.395



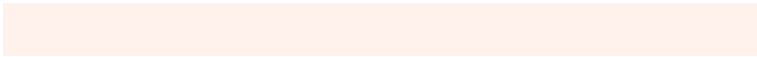
88, 18.206, 277.395

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 18.205, 47.405



96, 5.258, 48.081



85, 30.293, 334.538



51, 3.425, 48.059



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 18.205, 47.405



86, 21.961, 47.247



95, 23.271, 95.576



50, 4.313, 47.981



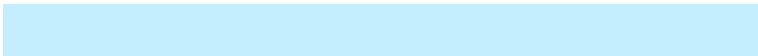
44, 77.190, 46.248



13, 28.882, 42.054

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 15.813, 230.427



91, 18.528, 230.883



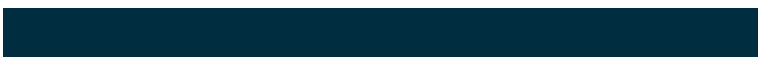
84, 23.721, 281.488



51, 4.086, 229.296



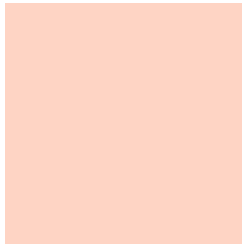
54, 38.095, 251.627



17, 16.832, 244.862

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 18.206, 47.395 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

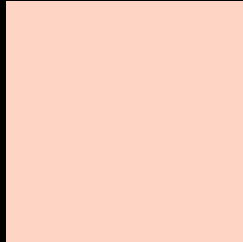
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 18.206, 47.395 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

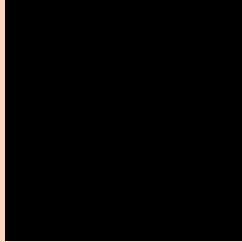
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 18.206, 47.395

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 18.206, 47.395.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 18.206, 47.395.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88, 18.206, 47.395

Protanopia

88, 11.040, 89.467

Deuteranopia

88, 17.093, 51.201



Tritanopia
88, 18.508, 355.975

Trichromacy



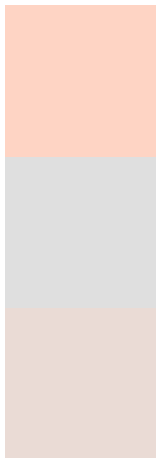
Original Color
88, 18.206, 47.395

Protanomaly
88, 12.536, 67.858

Deuteranomaly
88, 17.431, 50.554

Tritanomaly
88, 16.845, 13.605

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 18.206, 47.395

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 6.321, 49.170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 18.206, 47.395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 212, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 212, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 212, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 212, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 18.206, 47.395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 212, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 212, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 212, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 212, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 212, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 212,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 18.206, 47.395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 212, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
212, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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