

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 19.174, 110.249)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 19.174, 110.249)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 19.182, 109.706)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEDFBA
RGB	222, 223, 186
RGB Percent	87%, 87%, 73%
CMY	0.1283, 0.1243, 0.2695
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.17, 0.12
HSL	62°, 37%, 80%
HSV	62°, 17%, 88%
XYZ	65.5735, 72.0653, 57.0668
YIQ	218.4830, 11.2810, -11.7190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

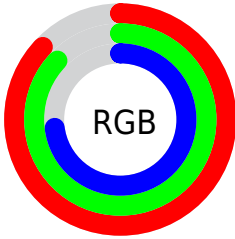
Format	Color
RYB	186, 223, 187
Decimal	14606266
CIELab	88.00, -6.47, 18.06
CIELCh	88, 19.182, 109.706
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3368, 0.3701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292796346 (0xFFDEDFBA)
YUV	218.4830, -16.0141, 3.0844
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -10.6789, 19.5672

Details

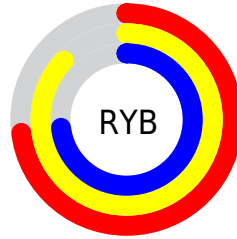
The CIELCh color **88, 19.182, 109.706** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **77, 19.928, 292.981**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 6.580, 109.674**, and **68, 19.102, 109.414** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 30.614, 108.782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 7.624, 110.635**.

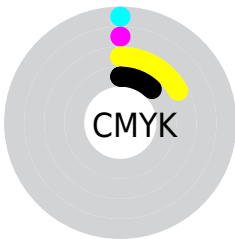
Distribution



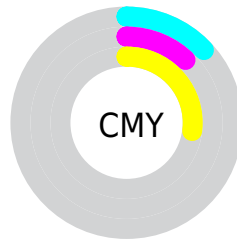
- Red (87%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (27%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 19.182, 109.706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 19.182, 109.706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 19.182,
109.706

 88, 19.182,
109.706


 100, 19.182,
109.706


 78, 19.182,
109.706


 68, 19.182,
109.706

 58, 19.182,
109.706

 48, 19.182,
109.706

 38, 19.182,
109.706

 28, 19.182,
109.706

 18, 19.182,

109.706

■ 8, 19.182, 109.706

■ 0, 19.182, 109.706

■ 88, 19.182,
109.706

■ 88, 19.182,
109.706

■ 88, 30.614,
108.782

■ 89, 7.624, 110.635

■ 87, 41.801,
107.868

■ 89, 3.991, 291.571

■ 87, 52.569,
106.995

■ 90, 15.614,
292.447

■ 87, 62.646,
106.193

■ 90, 16.518,
293.167

■ 86, 71.640,

■ 90, 16.528,
293.875

105.503

90, 16.540,
294.583

86, 79.030,
104.973

90, 16.555,
295.290

86, 84.275,
104.649

90, 16.572,
295.997

86, 87.082,
104.554

90, 16.592,
296.704

86, 87.720,
104.551

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 19.182, 109.706



77, 19.928, 292.981

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 19.182, 109.706



88, 19.182, 159.706



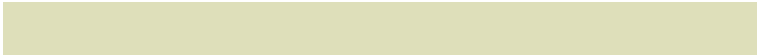
88, 19.182, 289.706



88, 19.182, 339.706

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 19.184, 109.711



100, 6.456, 110.775



79, 13.911, 21.839



53, 4.405, 110.711



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 19.184, 109.711



99, 25.744, 109.379



87, 20.578, 128.912



47, 6.609, 110.372



69, 73.413, 104.524



19, 27.932, 105.413

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 19.928, 292.981



84, 26.977, 293.420



78, 21.033, 310.398



43, 6.757, 292.180



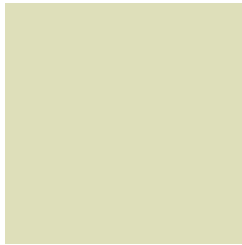
21, 101.164, 306.372



2, 31.672, 296.488

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 19.182, 109.706 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

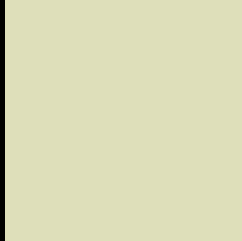
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 19.182, 109.706 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

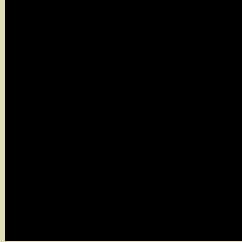
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

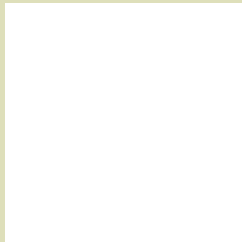
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 19.182, 109.706

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 19.182, 109.706.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 19.182, 109.706.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

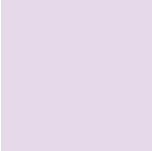
Dichromacy



Original Color
88, 19.182, 109.706

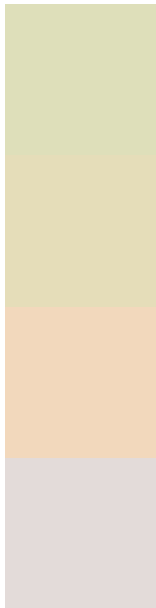
Protanopia
88, 18.850, 93.271

Deuteranopia
88, 20.015, 56.701



Tritanopia
88, 9.892, 316.203

Trichromacy



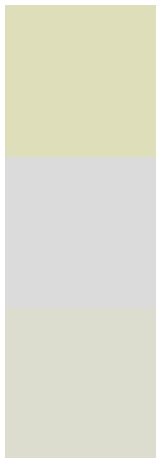
Original Color
88, 19.182, 109.706

Protanomaly
88, 18.926, 99.282

Deuteranomaly
88, 17.736, 74.559

Tritanomaly
88, 3.074, 39.193

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 19.182, 109.706

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 7.295, 112.445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 19.182, 109.706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 223, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 223, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 223, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 223, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 19.182, 109.706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 223, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 223, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 223, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 223, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 223, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 223,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 19.182, 109.706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 223, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
223, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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