

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 19.174, 333.897)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 19.174, 333.897)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(88, 19.320, 334.107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D2ED
RGB	247, 210, 237
RGB Percent	97%, 82%, 93%
CMY	0.0309, 0.1760, 0.0701
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.04, 0.03
HSL	316°, 70%, 90%
HSV	316°, 15%, 97%
XYZ	76.7759, 72.0653, 90.0722
YIQ	224.1410, 13.3850, 16.2410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

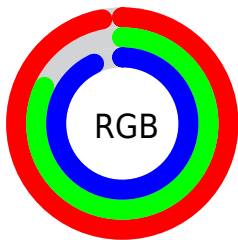
Format	Color
R _Y B	247, 210, 237
Decimal	16241389
CIE Lab	88.00, 17.38, -8.44
CIE LCh	88, 19.320, 334.107
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3214, 0.3016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294431469 (0xFFFF7D2ED)
YUV	224.1410, 6.3395, 20.0473
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 12.8762, -3.4846

Details

The CIELCh color **88, 19.320, 334.107** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **94, 19.210, 152.055**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 19.408, 333.815** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 32.327, 334.841**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 6.371, 333.382**.

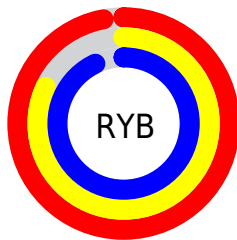
Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (82%)

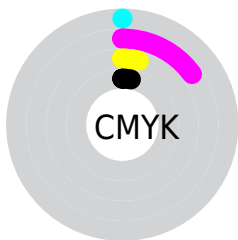
Blue (93%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (93%)

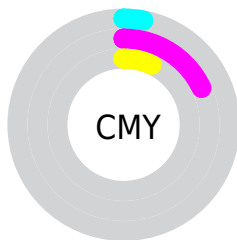


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)


Magenta (18%)


Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 19.320, 334.107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 19.320, 334.107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 19.320,
334.107


 88, 19.320,
334.107


 100, 19.320,
334.107


 78, 19.320,
334.107

 68, 19.320,
334.107

 58, 19.320,
334.107

 48, 19.320,
334.107

 38, 19.320,
334.107

 28, 19.320,
334.107

 18, 19.320,

334.107

■ 8, 19.320, 334.107

■ 0, 19.320, 334.107

■ 88, 19.320,
334.107

■ 88, 19.320,
334.107

■ 82, 32.327,
334.841

■ 94, 6.371, 333.382

■ 76, 45.146,
335.613

■ 99, 3.603, 159.761

■ 99, 2.730, 199.475

■ 71, 57.407,
336.435

■ 66, 68.612,
337.322

■ 62, 78.158,

338.299

■ 59, 85.425,
339.404

■ 57, 89.935,
340.693

■ 56, 91.566,
342.232

■ 55, 91.612,
343.096

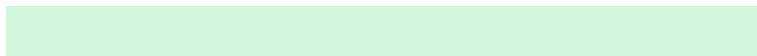
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 19.320, 334.107



94, 19.210, 152.055

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 19.320, 334.107



88, 19.320, 24.107



88, 19.320, 154.107



88, 19.320, 204.107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 19.317, 334.108



97, 5.254, 333.303



86, 19.796, 301.532



52, 3.736, 333.365



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 19.317, 334.108



89, 23.859, 334.329



88, 14.301, 2.201



48, 7.250, 333.715



42, 74.297, 342.761



10, 33.865, 340.345

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 19.317, 334.108



89, 23.859, 334.329



95, 13.546, 179.394



48, 7.250, 333.715



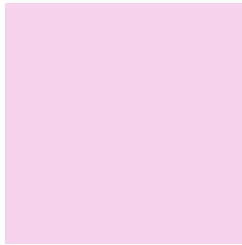
42, 74.297, 342.761



10, 33.865, 340.345

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 19.320, 334.107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

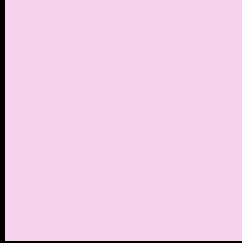
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 19.320, 334.107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

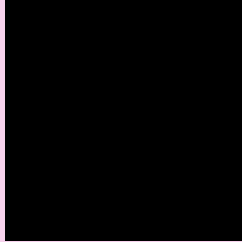
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 19.320, 334.107

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 19.320, 334.107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 19.320, 334.107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
88, 19.320, 334.107

Protanopia
88, 12.543, 289.649

Deuteranopia
88, 13.112, 323.605



Tritanopia
88, 14.861, 346.459

Trichromacy



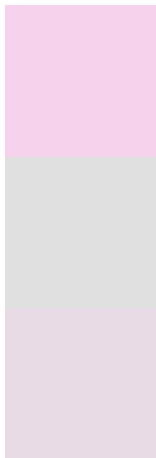
Original Color
88, 19.320, 334.107

Protanomaly
88, 13.896, 310.215

Deuteranomaly
88, 15.202, 328.361

Tritanomaly
88, 16.363, 341.107

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 19.320, 334.107

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 7.021, 331.934

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 19.320, 334.107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 210, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 210, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 210, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 210, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 19.320, 334.107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 210, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 210, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 210, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 210, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 210, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 210,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 19.320, 334.107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 210, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
210, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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