

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 24.474, 187.872)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 24.474, 187.872)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(88, 24.464, 187.883)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1EAE2
RGB	161, 234, 226
RGB Percent	63%, 92%, 89%
CMY	0.3678, 0.0815, 0.1129
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.03, 0.08
HSL	173°, 64%, 78%
HSV	173°, 31%, 92%
XYZ	57.9773, 72.0653, 82.9546
YIQ	211.2610, -40.9400, -17.9640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

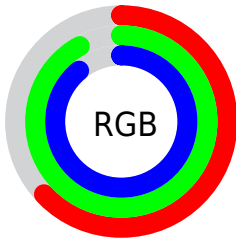
Format	Color
R _Y B	161, 200, 234
Decimal	10611426
CIE Lab	88.00, -24.23, -3.36
CIE LCh	88, 24.464, 187.883
Yxy	72.0653, 0.2722, 0.3383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288801506 (0xFFA1EAE2)
YUV	211.2610, 7.2663, -44.0789
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -26.6514, 1.4865

Details

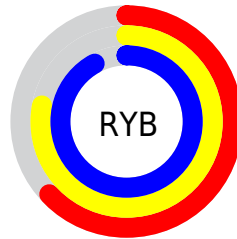
The CIELCh color **88, 24.464, 187.883** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **74, 28.978, 13.688**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 12.449, 198.674**, and **68, 24.484, 188.278** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 31.172, 187.028**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 17.103, 188.713**.

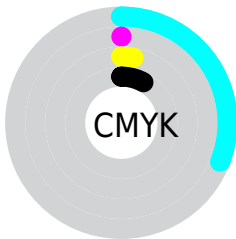
Distribution



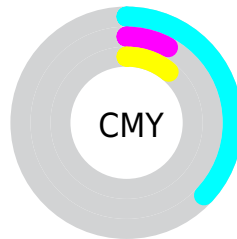
- Red (63%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 24.464, 187.883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 24.464, 187.883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 24.464,
187.883


 88, 24.464,
187.883


 100, 24.464,
187.883

 78, 24.464,
187.883

 68, 24.464,
187.883

 58, 24.464,
187.883

 48, 24.464,
187.883

 38, 24.464,
187.883

 28, 24.464,
187.883

 18, 24.464,

187.883

■ 8, 24.464, 187.883

■ 0, 24.464, 187.883

■ 88, 24.464,
187.883

■ 88, 24.464,
187.883

■ 87, 31.172,
187.028

■ 89, 17.103,
188.713

■ 86, 37.088,
186.143

■ 91, 9.231, 189.548

■ 85, 42.093,
185.213

■ 93, 0.982, 190.885

■ 85, 46.106,
184.219

■ 94, 7.524, 10.972

■ 84, 49.101,

■ 95, 7.854, 1.496

■ 95, 8.349, 352.885

183.142

95, 9.013, 345.401

84, 51.126,
181.962

95, 9.813, 339.053

84, 52.285,
180.845

95, 10.717,
333.734

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 24.464, 187.883



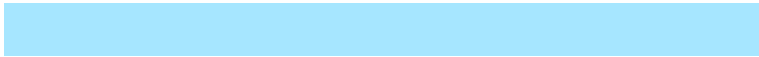
74, 28.978, 13.688

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 24.464, 187.883



88, 24.464, 237.883



88, 24.464, 7.883



88, 24.464, 57.883

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 24.465, 187.880



98, 8.000, 189.732



87, 44.745, 139.379



52, 5.544, 189.605



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 24.465, 187.880



94, 30.476, 187.372



81, 20.322, 246.110



48, 4.716, 189.695



66, 43.027, 181.072



19, 18.096, 183.111

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 28.978, 13.688



76, 37.443, 14.629



80, 23.649, 58.904



46, 4.947, 11.105



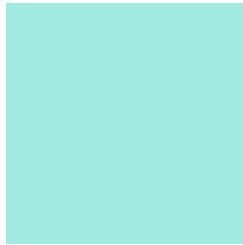
38, 76.174, 35.268



7, 28.123, 18.227

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 24.464, 187.883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

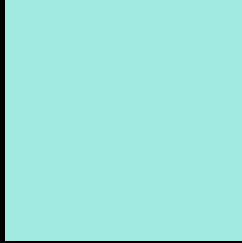
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 24.464, 187.883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

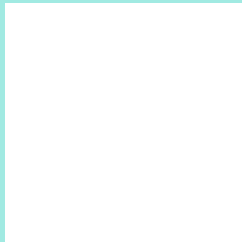
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 24.464, 187.883

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 24.464, 187.883.

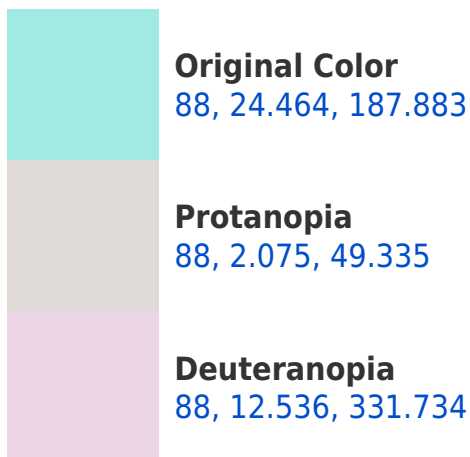


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 24.464, 187.883.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



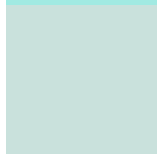


Tritanopia
88, 21.944, 223.772

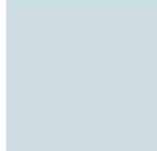
Trichromacy



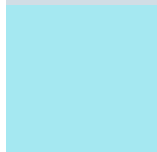
Original Color
88, 24.464, 187.883



Protanomaly
88, 8.882, 181.719



Deuteranomaly
87, 5.857, 244.947



Tritanomaly
88, 21.794, 210.609

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 24.464, 187.883



Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
86, 9.192, 192.232

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 24.464, 187.883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 234, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 234, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 234, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 234, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 24.464, 187.883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 234, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 234, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 234, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 234, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 234, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 234,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 24.464, 187.883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 234, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
234, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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