

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 24.572, 158.328)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 24.572, 158.328)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 24.591, 158.319)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4E9CB
RGB	180, 233, 203
RGB Percent	71%, 91%, 80%
CMY	0.2953, 0.0875, 0.2051
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.13, 0.09
HSL	146°, 54%, 81%
HSV	146°, 23%, 91%
XYZ	58.5458, 72.0653, 67.1342
YIQ	213.7330, -21.9580, -20.5660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

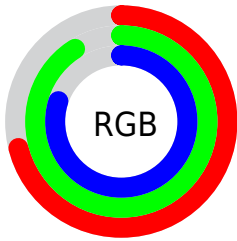
Format	Color
RYB	180, 217, 233
Decimal	11856331
CIELab	88.00, -22.85, 9.08
CIELCh	88, 24.591, 158.319
Yxy	72.0653, 0.2961, 0.3644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290046411 (0xFFB4E9CB)
YUV	213.7330, -5.2914, -29.5838
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -25.4560, 12.5358

Details

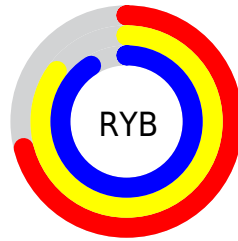
The CIELCh color **88, 24.591, 158.319** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **79, 25.098, 342.146**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 6.515, 199.095**, and **68, 24.523, 158.567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 35.204, 157.269**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.804, 159.254**.

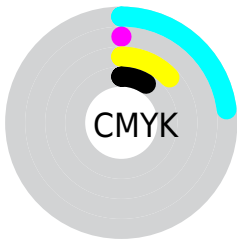
Distribution



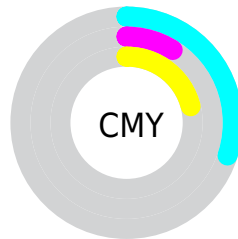
- Red (71%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (21%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 24.591, 158.319 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 24.591, 158.319 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 24.591,
158.319


 88, 24.591,
158.319


 100, 24.591,
158.319


 78, 24.591,
158.319

 68, 24.591,
158.319

 58, 24.591,
158.319

 48, 24.591,
158.319

 38, 24.591,
158.319


 28, 24.591,
158.319


 18, 24.591,


158.319


 8, 24.591, 158.319


 0, 24.591, 158.319

 88, 24.591,
158.319

 88, 24.591,
158.319

 86, 35.204,
157.269


 90, 13.804,
159.254


 85, 45.463,
156.079

 92, 2.983, 160.188

 84, 55.183,
154.722

 94, 7.754, 340.727

 83, 64.175,
153.174

 95, 13.930,
324.903

 82, 72.278,

151.420

■ 82, 79.386,
149.455

■ 81, 85.475,
147.304

■ 81, 89.345,
145.708

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 24.591, 158.319



79, 25.098, 342.146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 24.591, 158.319



88, 24.591, 208.319



88, 24.591, 338.319



88, 24.591, 28.319

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 24.593, 158.318



98, 8.134, 159.762



89, 28.655, 125.598



52, 5.286, 159.708



0, 0.000, 0.000



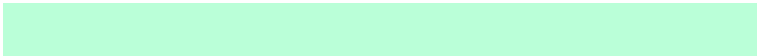
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 24.593, 158.318



95, 31.350, 157.876



89, 17.954, 192.301



48, 6.175, 159.547



65, 73.415, 146.100



19, 28.955, 150.036

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 25.098, 342.146



83, 32.106, 342.564



78, 20.504, 15.917



46, 6.235, 340.962



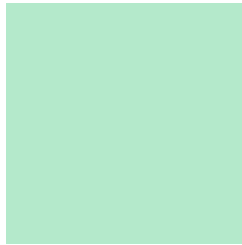
39, 66.680, 355.830



8, 29.350, 350.367

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 24.591, 158.319 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 24.591, 158.319 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

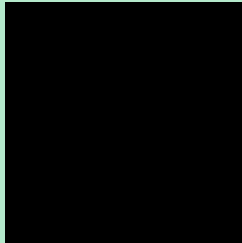
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

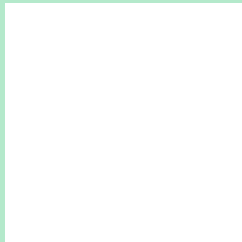
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 24.591, 158.319

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 24.591, 158.319.

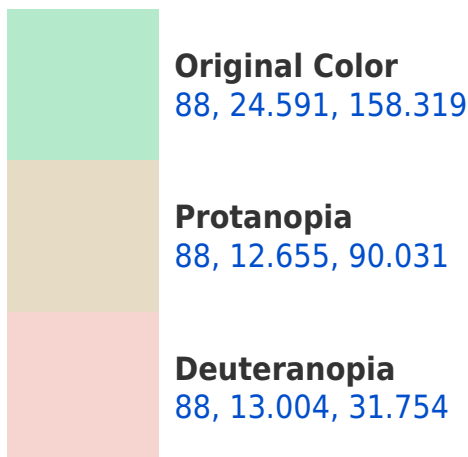


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 24.591, 158.319.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



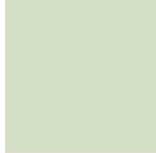


Tritanopia
88, 15.647, 235.835

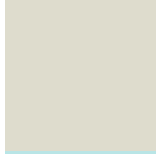
Trichromacy



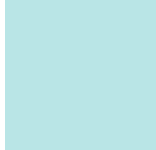
Original Color
88, 24.591, 158.319



Protanomaly
88, 14.256, 127.186

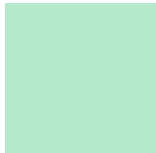


Deuteranomaly
88, 7.835, 104.110

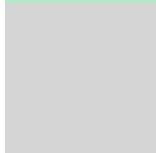


Tritanomaly
88, 14.863, 200.464

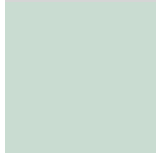
Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 24.591, 158.319



Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
86, 8.993, 159.001

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 24.591, 158.319 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 233, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 233, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 233, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 233, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 24.591, 158.319 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 233, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 233, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 233, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 233, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 233, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 233,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 24.591, 158.319 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 233, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
233, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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